

City of South Pasadena

7047 SUNSET DRIVE SOUTH SOUTH PASADENA, FLORIDA 33707 PH: (727) 347-4171 FAX: (727) 345-0518 WWW.MYSOUTHPASADENA.COM

AGENDA

ADMINISTRATIVE WORKSHOP SOUTH PASADENA, FLORIDA

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 7, 2025 FOLLOWING THE AGENDA MEETING (APPROXIMATELY 9:05 A.M.)

CALL TO ORDER ROLL CALL

DISCUSSION ITEMS

- City Audit Presentation with CBIZ CPAs P.C.
- Suncoast League of Cities Voting Member
- Duke Outlet Rentals for Holiday Decorations
- Budget Updates

ADJOURN

Carley Lewis, City Clerk

Carley Lewis

This meeting is open to the public. Ordinances may be inspected by the public in the office of the City Clerk at City Hall from 8:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. Monday through Friday with the exception of holidays. Any person who decides to appeal any decision of the City Commission with respect to any matter considered at this meeting will need a record of the proceedings, and for such purpose may need to ensure that a verbatim record of the proceedings is made, which record includes the testimony and evidence upon which the appeal is to be based.

The City of South Pasadena is committed to providing reasonable accommodation for access for the disabled. In accordance with the Americans with Disabilities Act and F.S. 286.26, anyone needing assistance with regard to this meeting should contact the City Clerk's Office in writing at least 48 hours prior to the meeting. For more information or assistance please contact the City Clerk's office at 727-347-4171.

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE

CITY OF SOUTH PASADENA, FLORIDA FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024





TABLE OF CONTENTS

Table of Contents	i-iii
Letter of Transmittal	iv-x
Elected and City Officials	xi
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	xii
Organization Chart	
Financial Section	
Independent Auditors' Report	1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-17
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Activities	20
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet	21
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	
to the Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	23
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Act	ivities24
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	
Statement of Cash Flows	27
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	29
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	30-75

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Required	Supp	lementary	In	forma	tion
----------	------	-----------	----	-------	------

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund	76-79
Firefighters' Retirement Fund and Retiree Health Care Plan Schedules	
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability	80
Schedule of City Contributions	
Florida Retirement System	
Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	82
Schedule of City Contributions	
Retiree Health Care Plan – Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability	
Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Capital Improvements Fund	85-87
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Sewer Fund	88
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Reclaimed Water Fund	89
Schedule of Revenues and Expenses – Deepwater Horizon – BP Oil Spill Settlement.	90
Comparative Balance Sheet – General Fund	91
Comparative Balance Sheet – Capital Improvements Fund	92
Statistical Section	
Schedules of Financial Trends Information	
Schedule 1 – Net Position by Component	93
Schedule 2 – Changes in Net Position	94-95
Schedule 3 – Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	96
Schedule 4 – Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	97
Schedule 5 – Program Revenue by Function / Program	
Schedule 6 – Tax Revenues by Source, General Fund	99
Schedules of Revenue Capacity Information	
Schedule 7 – Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property	100
Schedule 8 – Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	101
Schedule 9 – Principal Property Tax Payers	102
Schedule 10 – Property Tax Levies and Collections	103

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Statistical Section (continued)

Schedules of Debt Capacity Information	
Schedule 11 – Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	104
Schedule 12 – Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	105
Schedule 13 – Pledged Revenue Coverage	
Schedules of Demographic and Economic Information	
Schedule 14 – Demographic and Economic Statistics	107
Schedule 15 – Principal Employers	
Schedules of Operating Information	
Schedule 16 – Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by	100
Function / Program	
Schedule 17 – Operating Indicators by Function / Program	
Schedule 18 – Capital Asset Statistics by Function / Program	111
Reporting Section	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	112-113
Schedule of Findings and Responses	114-116
Management Letter in Accordance with the Rules of the	
Auditor General of the State of Florida	117-119
Independent Accountants' Deport on Compliance Discount to	
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance Pursuant to	120
Section 218.415, Florida Statutes	120



7047 SUNSET DRIVE SOUTH SOUTH PASADENA, FLORIDA 33707 PH: (727) 347-4171 FAX: (727) 345-0518 WWW.MYSOUTHPASADENA.COM

August 29, 2025

The Honorable Mayor, City Commission and Citizens City of South Pasadena South Pasadena, Florida 33707

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of South Pasadena, Florida, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, is submitted herewith pursuant to Florida State Statutes Chapter 218.39 and Chapter 10.550 of the rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. This Annual Report was prepared by the Finance Department and represents the official report of the City's financial condition and results of operations to the citizens, City Commission, City administrative personnel, investment firms, rating agencies, and other interested persons.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rest with the City. We believe the data presented is accurate in all material aspects and are reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City on a Government-Wide and on a Fund-Level basis. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial activity have been included.

The State of Florida requires an annual audit of all the books of account, financial records, and transactions of any municipality chartered in the state, by independent certified public accountants. This requirement has been fulfilled and the auditor's report from the certified public accounting firm CBIZ has been included in this report.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of South Pasadena's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is presented in three sections: Introductory, Financial and Statistical.

The Introductory section includes the table of contents, this transmittal letter and the City's organizational chart. The Financial section includes the Independent Auditor's opinion, Management Discussion and Analysis, Basic Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information, and Budgetary Comparison Schedules and Other Supplementary Schedules. The Statistical section includes selected financial and general information presented on a multi-year comparative basis.

THE REPORTING ENTITY

The funds and entities related to the City of South Pasadena are included in our Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The criteria used in determining the reporting entity are consistent with the principles of Section 2100, "Defining the Reporting Entity" of the GASB "Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards". Based on these criteria, all of the funds of the City shown in the Table of Contents are included in this report.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City was chartered in 1955. The City operates under the Commission form of government.

The City Commission is comprised of a mayor and four commission members and as a group is responsible for enacting ordinances, resolutions, and regulations governing the City, as well as appointing members to various statutory and advisory boards, the City Attorney and the City Clerk\Administrator. The Commissioner of each department shall have the right to appoint or dismiss the head of the department, subject to the approval of a majority of the entire commission.

The individual department heads are responsible for the enforcement of law and ordinances relating to their respective departments.

Services Provided

The City provides the full range of municipal services normally associated with a municipality, including fire protection, street construction and maintenance, planning and zoning, recreation and parks, library, as well as general administrative services. Police protection is provided through an annual contract with the Pinellas County Sheriff's Department. In addition, sewer services and reclaimed water are provided under an enterprise fund concept with user charges set by the City Commission to ensure adequate coverage of operating expenses and payments of any outstanding debt.

Accounting Systems and Budgetary Control

The City's accounting records for general governmental operations are maintained on a modified accrual basis with the revenues recorded when available and measurable, and expenditures recorded when the services or goods are received and the liabilities are incurred. Accounting records for the City's utilities, which are Enterprise Funds, are maintained on the accrual basis.

In developing the City's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding:

The safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and

The reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that:

The cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and

The evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments of management.

All internal control evaluations occur within this framework. We believe the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Budgetary control is maintained at the department level. By authorization, the departmental commissioner and department head may authorize the transfer of funds within their respective department. The budget is adopted and passed at a fund level, so any increase or decrease of any fund's total budget has to be approved by the City Commission.

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK, LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING AND MAJOR INITIATIVES

Local Economy and Outlook

The City of South Pasadena covers approximately 0.6 of a square mile, most of which is developed. The City's population of 5,389 consists primarily of retirees, most of whom live in multi-unit condominiums and/or assisted living communities. The City has approximately 300 single-family residences located primarily on Pasadena Isle. The City also has a 220-unit mobile home community. The City's commercial district extends primarily along Pasadena Avenue (SR693), which connects mainland St. Petersburg with St. Petersburg along Gulfport Boulevard near the intersection of Pasadena Avenue.

Businesses within the City are primarily restaurants, banks, medical offices, retail, grocery, gas, and merchandising outlets that serve the immediate residents of the City or traffic that is passing through to the Gulf Beaches. The City is also the home of HCA Florida Pasadena Hospital.

Hurricanes Helene and Milton greatly impacted South Pasadena and the broader Pinellas County area during the 2024 hurricane season. Hurricane Helene made landfall on September 26, 2024 causing extensive flooding in South Pasadena and neighboring areas. Residents reported up to four feet of water inundating homes, most businesses and South Pasadena City Hall. Less than two weeks later, Hurricane Milton struck the area with even greater intensity. While South Pasadena avoided the worst of the storm surge, the area experienced significant wind damage. In the aftermath, recovery efforts in South Pasadena and surrounding communities have been ongoing. Debris removal was a significant challenge, with Pinellas County dealing with millions of tons of debris. State and Federal agencies, including FEMA, have been involved in the cleanup and recovery process, providing assistance to affected residents.

South Pasadena lost quite a few businesses due to the hurricanes, including Dunkin Donuts, The Executive Building, Bank of America, Wells Fargo Bank, the Gateway Christian Center and Assisted Living Facilities The Barclay, The Springs and Aspire at the Sea. However, there are two

newly constructed businesses in South Pasadena. They are Scooter's Coffee, which opened in December 2023, and Take 5 Oil Change, which is expected to open during summer 2025.

After a five-year period of dramatic reduction in property values, the City is in the eleventh year of upward-trending property values. Beginning in 2014 there has been positive growth in the commercial and secondary home market that had been particularly hard hit by the real estate downturn. Property values within the City for fiscal 2024 have increased approximately 11.2% or \$91.5 million compared to the taxable values in 2023. More people are seeking to relocate to Florida due to positive economic and post-pandemic political factors. This has resulted in a booming real estate market which has driven up housing prices as inventory is not able to meet demand. Due to new development and increased building activity, taxable values have continued to rise subsequent to fiscal 2023. The fiscal 2025 values increased 7.2% or about \$65.7 million and projections for fiscal 2026 are showing about a -3.9% or \$38.3 million decrease in taxable values due to extensive storm surge and damage from Hurricanes Helene and Milton.

State lawmakers established property tax reduction as a major goal in years 2007 through 2009. State lawmakers passed legislation that required cities and counties to lower the property tax to less than the prior year. These rules are still in effect and had a tax stabilization effect from 2010 through 2014. Under the current rules, millage can be raised up to the State-mandated 10 mill cap with a unanimous vote from the City Commission. In 2016, the City's millage was raised to 3.25 mills where it remained through fiscal 2018. The millage rate was increased to 3.5 mills for 2019 and 2020. In 2021, the millage rate increased to 3.7806, to 4.2474 in 2022, to 4.9650 in 2023, to 5.0638 in 2024 and to 5.1750 in 2025. This rate is the millage rate that is required to maintain the City's General Fund reserves at approximately one half of a year's operating expenses.

The amendment passed by the legislature in 2008, referred to as Amendment 1, increases the current \$25,000 homestead exemption by another \$25,000 (for property values between \$50,000 and \$75,000), except for school district taxes. Amendment 1 also allows a transfer of up to \$500,000 of the "Save Our Homes" benefit to a resident's next homestead upon moving into a new home. Save Our Homes became effective in 1995 and caps the annual increase in assessed value for homestead property to three percent (3%) or the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index, whichever is less. With respect to non-homesteaded property, Amendment 1 limits the annual increase in assessed value to ten percent (10%), except for school district taxes, and provides for a \$25,000 exemption for tangible personal property. Amendment 1 was effective October 1, 2008, with the exception of the ten percent (10%) assessment cap on non-homestead property, which became effective January 1, 2009.

Florida is dependent on sales tax dollars. The "Penny for Pinellas" sales tax is a 1-percent sales tax paid by everyone who spends money in the County that has been in effect since 1990. The revenue is shared between the County and 24 cities to fund long-term capital investments such as improved roads, bridges and trails, water quality and flood prevention, public safety equipment and vehicles, fire stations, parks and environmental land acquisition. Pinellas County voters chose to renew this surtax for the years 2020 to 2030 in November 2017. The City's

infrastructure tax collections remained flat from fiscal 2023 (\$764,697) to fiscal 2024 (\$764,583). Fiscal 2025 projections are trending to approximately \$785,000.

Financial Condition

As in the past, a general evaluation of the City's financial position indicates excellent fund balances and cash balances in the General and Capital Improvement Funds, adequate cash coverage of year-end operating liabilities and excellent operating and infrastructure reserves. The City continues to have sufficient annual revenue flows which, coupled with reserves, will cover expected expenditures. Capital Improvements Fund short-term cash and investment balances are adequate to cover normal anticipated expenditures for fiscal year 2025 and 2026 capital expenditures. The new Fire Station was completed in July 2024. The total cost of the project with land purchase, architectural fees and construction costs was \$11,415,060. A Revenue Bond in the amount of \$9,900,000 was approved by the City Commission in April of 2023 to help finance the project. Additionally, the City received ARPA funding of \$2,531,599 which was used to fund the new Fire Station.

Cash Management Policies and Practices

The City's cash and investment management program involves a theory of keeping principal and interest earnings free from risk and maintaining reasonable liquidity to meet obligations. The cash investments are held at Truist (formerly BB&T), Florida Municipal Investment Trust, Florida Surplus Asset Trust Fund (Florida SAFE), State Board of Administration Local Government Surplus Trust Fund (Florida PRIME), and Wells Fargo Securities.

The city's cash, pooled cash and cash equivalents balance on September 30, 2024, totaled \$17,038,648.

Long Term Financial Planning

As part of the regular budgeting process, the City of South Pasadena prepares a five-year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP), which is updated on an annual basis. The CIP is an important component of the City's financial management process and should be considered when formulating the annual operating budget.

Annually, City Department Heads review any infrastructure and capital asset requirements to determine which items need to be replaced due to obsolescence or if any new additions are necessary. During the process, the Department Heads consider Commission initiatives and goals, both formal and informal, which are established throughout the year in both the budget and non-budgetary workshop process. Consideration is given to local economic trends as well as other outside influences on the City's operations and financial condition.

The five-year plan schedules potential acquisitions with emphasis on monitoring fund balance and cash reserves and is an important planning tool in determining the proper timing of asset purchases.

The CIP is presented to the City Commission during the regular budget process. Once adopted, the initial year in the plan becomes the current appropriation for the Capital Improvement Funds and any capital assets in the City's Enterprise Funds. The latest CIP adopted by the City Commission covers fiscal year 2025 through fiscal year 2029. A summary of anticipated expenditures is as follows:

Expenditures	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	FY 2029
Capital Improvement Fund	\$3,676,925	\$3,444,105	\$8,458,525	\$6,495,405	\$4,025,525
Sewer Fund	150,000	290,000	225,000	150,000	150,000
Reclaimed Water Fund	-	-	-	-	-

The five-year plan makes provision for design and construction of a new City Hall in fiscal years 2027 and 2028 after the first floor was inundated with five feet of storm surge from Hurricane Helene in September 2024. The new Fire Station was completed in July 2024 with total construction costs of \$11,415,060. The debt service for the fire station will be about \$906,000 per year through fiscal 2028 and thereafter over a fifteen-year term. Also budgeted in fiscal 2026 and fiscal 2028 are two emergency generators totaling \$1,031,600 but will be offset by 75% in grant funding (\$773,700). The City has also budgeted a new Pavilion for \$900,000 in fiscal 2025 to be offset by a \$250,000 grant. The Pavilion is expected to be completed during summer 2025.

Major Initiatives

City beautification and creating a more pedestrian-friendly community are high on the City Commission's priority list for future initiatives, as well as building a new Pavilion and updating the playground at Bay View Park, which are expected to be completed during the summer of 2025.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of South Pasadena for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. This was the thirty-second consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of this report could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the staff of the Finance Department. I would like to express appreciation to city administrative staff, whose efforts throughout the year contributed to its preparation. The City would especially like to thank the accounting firm CBIZ for their professional assistance.

Respectfully submitted,

James A. Graham, C.P.A.

Finance Director

ELECTED AND CITY OFFICIALS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

CITY COMMISSION

Arthur Penny, Mayor

Thomas Reid Ben Thomas Vice-Mayor Commissioner

Gail Neidinger Lynda Thompson Commissioner Commissioner

CITY OFFICIALS

City Clerk/Administrator City Attorney
Carley Lewis Julia Mandell

Finance Director Fire Chief, Public James Graham, CPA Safety Director David Mixson

Director of Public Works Director of Community Improvement

Shawn Shimko Terri Sullivan



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

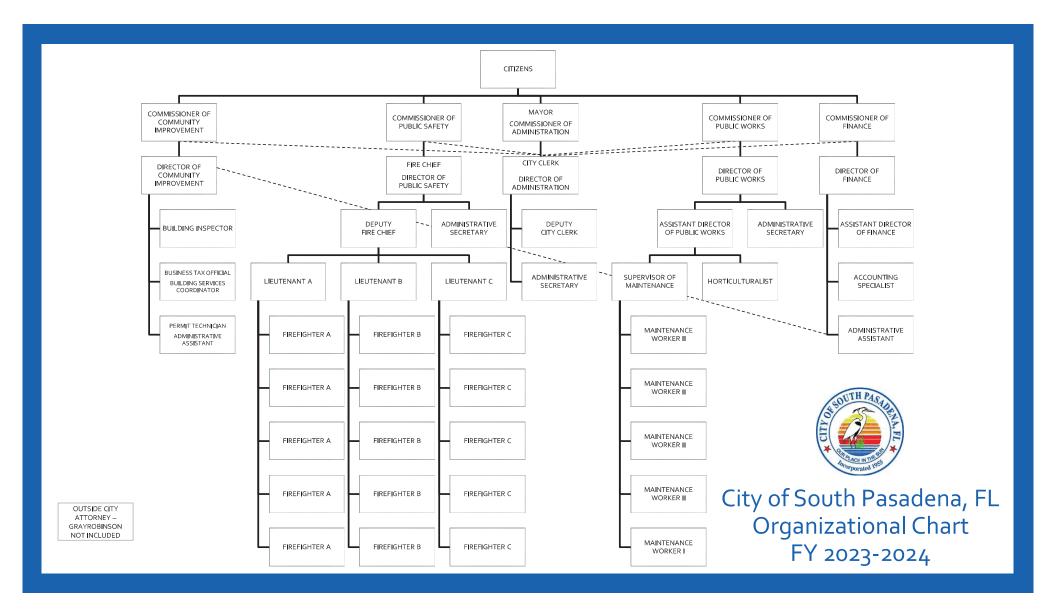
City of South Pasadena Florida

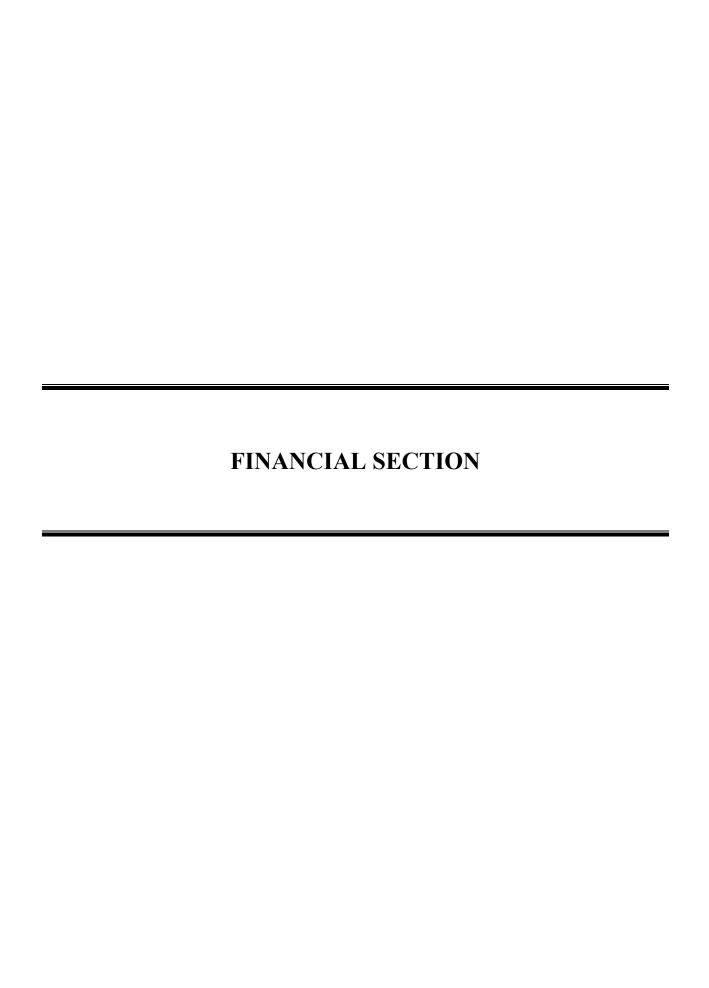
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2023

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO











201 East Kennedy Boulevard Suite 1500 Tampa, FL 33602

P: 813.397.4800

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor, City Commission and City Clerk, Director of Administration City of South Pasadena, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of South Pasadena, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS") and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States ("*Government Auditing Standards*"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4-17, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund on pages 76-79, the pension information on pages 80-83, and the OPEB information on page 84, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Budgetary Comparison Schedules; Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Deepwater Horizon BP Oil Spill Settlement, and Comparative Balance Sheet – General Fund and Capital Improvement Fund, as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and the statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Matter – Summarized 2023 Comparative Information

The financial statements of the City as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, were audited by other auditors, whose report dated August 6, 2024, expressed unmodified opinions on those financial statements. The summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023 was derived from the 2023 financial statements.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 29, 2025 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CBIZ CPAs P.C.

Tampa, FL August 29, 2025



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The City of South Pasadena's (the "City") discussion and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the City's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the City's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), (d) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the Transmittal Letter (beginning on page iv) and the City's financial statements (beginning on page 18).

HIGHLIGHTS

Financial Highlights

- For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, City-wide assets and deferred outflows of resources, totaling \$40,863,533, exceeded City-wide liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, totaling \$17,460,804, by \$23,402,729. The excess of City-wide assets over liabilities represents the net position of the City. The City's \$23,402,729 of net position consists of \$11,936,218 that is invested in capital assets (buildings, equipment, vehicles, sewer and reclaimed water systems, etc.), net of related debt, \$5,733,143 that is restricted for future infrastructure improvements and other capital projects (Penny for Pinellas and unexpended revenue bond proceeds), and unrestricted net position of \$5,733,368 within the unrestricted for general use component of net position. The City's net position increased \$967,228 from the prior year. (Please see pages 18-19 for more detail.)
- For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, City-wide program revenues and general revenues, totaling \$12,590,715, exceeded expenses, totaling \$11,623,487, resulting in an increase in net position of \$967,228. This amount compares to an increase in net position of \$3,476,316 for fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. (Please see page 20 for more detail.)
- The increase in net position for Governmental Activities (police, fire, public works, administration, etc.) for 2024 was \$901,178. There was an increase in net position for the Business-type activities (sewer and reclaimed water operations) of \$66,050 in 2024. (Please see page 20 for more detail.)
- General Fund revenues increased \$765,148 (9.1%) in fiscal year 2024 and were \$353,679 greater than the amount budgeted. The increase in revenues is primarily attributable to increases in the following: ad valorem taxes \$570,515 and interest income \$128,832. General Fund expenditures increased by \$633,051 (9.2%) in fiscal year 2024 and were \$1,055,716 less than the amount budgeted. The 2024 expenditures increased primarily as a result of increased personal services costs in the amount of \$453,536. The General Fund revenues of \$9,145,074 were in excess of expenditures and transfers of \$7,776,234 by \$1,368,840 compared to fiscal year 2023 when revenues exceeded expenditures and transfers by \$1,270,094. The General Fund had a balanced budget, which included a budgeted transfer of \$205,980 to the Capital Improvement Fund, in 2024. The actual excess of revenues over expenditures and transfers of \$1,368,840 resulted in a favorable budget to actual variance of \$1,368,840. (Please see pages 76-79 for more detail.)
- Cash and investments totaled \$17,038,648 for fiscal year 2024, which represents a decrease of \$4,789,608 compared to fiscal year 2023. When evaluating the availability of the City's cash and investments, the amount of restricted net position totaling \$5,733,143 that is restricted for infrastructure and other capital improvements needs to be considered.

• The net pension liabilities for the Firefighters' Retirement Fund and the City's share of the Florida Retirement System that are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position as of September 30, 2024 were \$3,545,481 and \$2,343,201, respectively. The net pension liability for the Firefighters' Retirement Fund decreased \$420,441 in fiscal year 2024, and the City's share of the Florida Retirement System net pension liability decreased \$221,365 from the prior year.

City Highlights

- The governmental funds' revenue decreased \$1,425,005 (12.0%) from \$11,835,247 in 2023 to \$10,410,242 in 2024 (please see page 23 for more detail). As previously noted, this decrease was due, in part, to ad valorem taxes increasing by \$570,515 offset by a decrease attributable to \$1,984,074 of American Rescue Plan Act funds recognized as revenue in fiscal year 2023 that was not applicable for fiscal year 2024.
- The total expenditures for the governmental funds of the City increased \$802,744 (5.5%) from \$14,693,851 in 2023 to \$15,496,595 in 2024. This increase is comprised of an increase in current expenditures of \$1,079,952 and a decrease in capital outlay expenditures of \$277,208. The increase was due primarily to personnel costs, insurance and debt service for the new fire station.
- In addition to the General Fund having a favorable budget-to-actual variance as discussed on the previous page, the Capital Improvements Fund had a favorable budget variance of \$403,138, while the Sewer and Reclaimed Water Funds achieved favorable budget-to-actual results of \$128,819 and \$195,734, respectively. The aforementioned favorable budget variance of \$403,138 in the Capital Improvements Fund is the result of a negative revenue and source of funds variance of \$1,616,656 netted against a \$2,019,794 positive expenditure variance. The revenue variance is due primarily to budgeting \$1,095,000 for the sale of the old fire station located at 911 Oleander Way, which did not happen during the fiscal year. In addition, \$769,795 in grant revenue was budgeted for emergency generators that were not purchased in FY 2024. Investment earnings resulted in a positive variance of \$226,994 due to higher interest rates during the year. Expenditures were under budget primarily due to fire station construction and equipment costs coming in \$303,655 under budget. Under Public Works - Transportation, there are expenditures under budget for building improvements by \$685,275 due to emergency generators that were not purchased but were budgeted for \$687,725. In addition, \$137,000 was not spent for Bayview Park Playground Equipment and for Hoffman Dock rehabilitation. Finally, there is a positive expenditure variance of \$694,819 under Visioning primarily due to progress payments on Bayview Pavilion totaling \$157,181 against a budgeted total of \$800,000. Also, \$52,000 of \$100,000 Visioning budget was unspent. The Sewer Fund favorable budget variance is primarily the result of capital outlay expenditures and repairs and maintenance expenses being less than anticipated in the amounts of \$180,000 and \$156,158, respectively. The favorable budget variance in the Reclaimed Water Fund can be attributed to interest income being \$22,503 more than budgeted, and repairs and maintenance expenses and other contingencies being less than anticipated amounts of \$24,342 and \$120,805, respectively. It should be noted that depreciation expense is not budgeted for in the Sewer and Reclaimed Water Funds.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The financial statements' focus is on both the City as a whole (government-wide) and on the major individual funds. Both perspectives (government-wide and major fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year-to-year or government-to-government) and enhance the City's accountability.

For the City of South Pasadena, both the General Fund and Capital Improvement Fund are considered major governmental funds and the Sewer Fund and Reclaim Water Fund are considered major enterprise funds.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (see pages 18-19) are designed to be corporate-like in that all governmental and business-type activities are consolidated into columns which add to a total for the Primary Government. The focus of the Statement of Net Position (the "Unrestricted Net Position") is designed to be similar to a bottom line for the City and its governmental and business-type activities. This statement combines and consolidates governmental fund's current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations.

The Statement of Activities (see page 20) is focused on both the gross and net cost of various activities (including governmental and business-type) which are provided by the government's general tax and other revenues. This is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of cost of various governmental services and/or subsidy to various business-type activities.

The Governmental Activities reflects the City's basic services, including general government, police, fire, community improvement and public works. Property, sales, and utility services taxes, along with franchise fees, fund the majority of these services. The Business-type Activities reflect private sector-type operations (Sewer and Reclaimed Water management), where the fee for service typically covers all or most of the cost of operation, including depreciation.

Fund Financial Statements

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the Fund Financial Statements presentation more familiar. The focus is now on Major Funds, rather than (the previous model's) fund types. However, since all of the government-type funds of the City of South Pasadena are considered major funds, the presentation will not be significantly different than that of previous years.

The Governmental Major Fund (see pages 21-24) presentation is presented on a sources and uses of liquid resources basis. This is the manner in which the financial plan (the budget) is typically developed. The flow and availability of liquid resources is a clear and appropriate focus of any analysis of a government. Funds are established for various purposes and the Fund Financial Statements allow the demonstration of sources and uses and/or budgeting compliance associated therewith (beginning on page 76).

While the Total column on the Business-type Fund Financial Statements (see pages 25-27) is the same as the Business-type column in the Government-Wide Financial Statement, the Governmental Major Funds Total column requires a reconciliation because of the different measurement focus (current financial resources versus total economic resources) which is reflected on the page following each statement (see pages 22 & 24). The flow of current financial resources will reflect capital expenditures and debt proceeds and debt repayment. The reconciliation will eliminate these transactions and incorporate the capital assets and long-term obligations such as accrued compensated absences, revenue bonds payable, right-to-use subscription liability, net pension liability, and net Other Post Employment obligation into the Governmental Activities column (in the Government-wide statements).

Infrastructure Assets

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, the City includes infrastructure capital assets in the Statement of Net Position for the governmental activities. The infrastructure assets represent the City's largest group of assets – buildings, roads, bridges, traffic signals, and underground pipes unless associated with a utility. The infrastructure assets for utilities are reported in the business-type activities – enterprise funds. The infrastructure assets for both the governmental and business-type activities are depreciated over their useful lives.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Summary of Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position for the current year.

Summary of Net Position As of Fiscal Year End

	Governmental Activities		Business-tyj	pe Activities	Total		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Current and other assets	\$ 13,152,609	\$ 18,005,319	\$ 4,271,345	\$ 4,057,612	\$ 17,423,954	\$ 22,062,931	
Capital assets, net	19,782,778	13,991,381	1,277,440	1,381,231	21,060,218	15,372,612	
Total Assets	32,935,387	31,996,700	5,548,785	5,438,843	38,484,172	37,435,543	
Deferred outflows of resources	2,379,361	3,046,212			2,379,361	3,046,212	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	35,314,748	35,042,912	5,548,785	5,438,843	40,863,533	40,481,755	
Current liabilities	1,849,398	1,570,335	148,540	104,648	1,997,938	1,674,983	
Non-current liabilities	14,956,760	16,099,141			14,956,760	16,099,141	
Total Liabilities	16,806,158	17,669,476	148,540	104,648	16,954,698	17,774,124	
Deferred inflows of resources	506,106	272,130			506,106	272,130	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	17,312,264	17,941,606	148,540	104,648	17,460,804	18,046,254	
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets	10,658,778	10,774,691	1,277,440	1,381,231	11,936,218	12,155,922	
Restricted	5,733,143	12,188,205			5,733,143	12,188,205	
Unrestricted (deficit)	1,610,563	(5,861,590)	4,122,805	3,952,964	5,733,368	(1,908,626)	
Total Net Position	\$ 18,002,484	\$ 17,101,306	\$ 5,400,245	\$ 5,334,195	\$ 23,402,729	\$ 22,435,501	

(For more detailed information please see the Statement of Net Position (pages 20-21).

At the end of fiscal 2024, the City-wide net position reflects an increase of \$967,118 to \$23,402,729. Net position for Governmental Activities is \$18,002,484 (increase of \$901,178) and net position from Enterprise or Business Activities is \$5,400,245 (increase of \$66,050). Of the total net position, \$11,936,218 represents the City's net investment in capital assets and \$5,733,143 represents current and other assets restricted for specific purposes.

The Statement of Net Position on page 20 shows the specific restrictions to net position. The more significant restriction under the City's Governmental Activities includes \$5,733,143, comprised of infrastructure taxes ("Penny for Pinellas" funds). These restricted amounts must be used to fund municipal infrastructure or certain capital assets.

An analysis of all City-wide assets reveals that current cash and investments of \$17,038,648 in 2024 and \$21,828,256 in 2023 represent 41.6% and 53.9% of the total assets and deferred outflows, respectively. At the end of 2024, current cash and investments available for governmental activities totaled \$12,926,778, (a \$4,996,566, or 27.9% decrease from 2023), and funds available in the business activity accounts totaled \$4,111,870 (a \$206,958, or 5.3% increase from 2023). The large decrease in cash and investments available for governmental activities is attributable primarily to the payments of construction costs for the new fire building.

Capital assets and intangible right-to-use subscription assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, totaling \$21,060,218 represent 51.5% of the City-wide total assets and deferred outflows of resources at September 30, 2024.

Normal Impacts

There are six basic (normal) transactions that will affect the comparability of the Statement of Net Position summary presentation.

Net Results of Activities – will impact (increase/decrease) current assets and unrestricted net position.

Borrowing for Capital – will increase current assets and long-term debt.

<u>Spending Borrowed Proceeds on New Capital Assets</u> – will reduce current assets and increase capital assets. There is a second impact, an increase in investment in capital assets and an increase in related net debt will not change the investment in capital assets, net of debt.

<u>Spending of Non-Borrowed Current Assets on New Capital Assets</u> – will (a) reduce current assets and increase capital assets and (b) will reduce unrestricted net position and increase investment in capital assets, net of debt.

<u>Principal Payment on Debt</u> – will (a) reduce current assets and reduce long-term debt and (b) reduce unrestricted net position and increase investment in capital assets, net of debt.

<u>Reduction of Capital Assets through Depreciation</u> – will reduce capital assets and investment in capital assets, net of debt and increase unrestricted net position.

Current Year Impacts

The basic transactions directly/indirectly affect the unrestricted net position as indicated in the following schedule. The adjusted results of operations and current assets used for capital clearly demonstrate the change in unrestricted net position.

At the end of fiscal 2024, as reported on page 19 there was a City-wide unrestricted net position in the amount of \$5,733,368, an increase of \$7,641,966 compared to the prior year. In governmental activities, unrestricted net position increased by \$7,472,153 to a balance of \$1,610,563. In business-type activities, unrestricted net position increased by \$199,415 to \$4,122,805. Table 2, shown below, explains the significant decrease in unrestricted net position in governmental activities.

Change in Unrestricted Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			Total					
	 2024		2023		2024		2023		2024		2023
Unrestricted Net Position -											
Beginning of Year	\$ (5,861,590)	\$	(14,368)	\$	4,271,345	\$	3,889,471	\$	(1,590,245)	\$	3,875,103
Results of Operations	901,178		3,383,251		66,050		93,065		967,228		3,476,316
Adjustments											
Infrastructure	6,455,062		(5,808,577)						6,455,062		(5,808,577)
Impact Fees			27,475				-				27,475
Books Value of Assets Disposed	44,609		74,485						44,609		74,485
Depreciation	 1,190,810	_	645,195	_	257,803	_	255,357	_	1,448,613	_	900,552
Total Adjustments	7,690,481		(5,061,422)		257,803		255,357		7,948,284		(4,806,065)
Adjusted Results of Operations	8,591,659		(1,678,171)		323,853		348,422		8,915,512		(1,329,749)
Capital Expenditures	(7,026,816)		(7,314,219)		(472,393)		(284,930)		(7,499,209)		(7,599,149)
Proceeds from Revenue Bonds Expended	6,476,351		3,423,651						6,476,351		3,423,651
Principal Repayment											
Revenue Bonds	(533,000)		(243,000)						(533,000)		(243,000)
Right-to-use Subscription Liability	 (36,041)		(35,483)	_		_		_	(36,041)	_	(35,483)
Unrestricted Net Position -											
End of Year	\$ 1,610,563	\$	(5,861,590)	\$	4,122,805	\$	3,952,963	\$	5,733,368	\$	(1,908,627)

Statement of Activities

The Statement of Activities is presented below with a comparison of the current year and prior year revenues and expenses as reported on the Statement of Activities on page 20.

Statement of Activities As of September 30,

	Government	al Activities	ies Business-type Activities		Total Primary Government			
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023		
		2023	2024					
Revenues								
Program revenues								
Charges for services	\$	\$	\$ 1,708,915	\$ 1,498,424	\$ 1,708,915	\$ 1,498,424		
Sewer Fees			277,173	251,997	277,173	251,997		
Reclaim Water Fees		581				581		
Police Fines & Forfeitures	3,500	3,380			3,500	3,380		
Building Inspections / Permits	563,732	588,995			563,732	588,995		
Impact Fees		15,470				15,470		
Local Business Tax	123,982	118,052			123,982	118,052		
Hibiscus Hall Rents	14,200	10,236			14,200	10,236		
Operating Grants and Contributions								
Pinellas County EMS Contract	1,212,467	1,302,283			1,212,467	1,302,283		
Grant - General Government	3,891	1,984,074			3,891	1,984,074		
Grant - Environmental Recycle		3,550				3,550		
Contributions - Physical Environment		800				800		
General revenues								
Property taxes	4,438,935	3,868,420			4,438,935	3,868,420		
Franchise taxes	610,459	586,210			610,459	586,210		
Communications Service Tax	128,516	178,071			128,516	178,071		
Other Utility Tax	833,028	828,575			833,028	828,575		
Sales Tax Infrastructure	764,583	764,697			764,583	764,697		
State Revenue Sharing	222,542	229,843			222,542	229,843		
Half-Cent Sales Tax	439,287	453,437			439,287	453,437		
Local Option Gas Tax	67,533	68,723			67,533	68,723		
Other Taxes	94,644	82,877			94,644	82,877		
Investment income	739,766	638,930	194,385	153,091	934,151	792,021		
Gain (Loss) Fair Value of Investments	74,495	42,761			74,495	42,761		
Miscellaneous	74,682	65,282			74,682	65,282		
Total Revenues	10,410,242	11,835,247	2,180,473	1,903,512	12,590,715	13,738,759		
Expenses								
Program Activities								
Government Activities:								
General government	1,400,327	1,295,451			1,400,327	1,295,451		
Public Safety - Police	1,028,001	924,072			1,028,001	924,072		
Public Safety - Fire	4,251,247	3,791,779			4,251,247	3,791,779		
Protective Services	707,785	721,895			707,785	721,895		
Public Works and Parks	1,305,248	1,242,097			1,305,248	1,242,097		
Culture and Recreation	112,088	74,843			112,088	74,843		
Physical Environment	322,494	177,210			322,494	177,210		
Human Services	9,114	9,448			9,114	9,448		
Interest on Long-Term Debt	372,760	178,393			372,760	178,393		
Issuance Costs on Long-Term Debt		36,808				36,808		
Business-Type Activities:								
Sewer			1,826,970	1,518,990	1,826,970	1,518,990		
Reclaim Water			287,453	291,457	287,453	291,457		
Total Expenses	9,509,064	8,451,996	2,114,423	1,810,447	11,623,487	10,262,443		
Change in Net Position	901,178	3,383,251	66,050	93,065	967,228	3,476,316		
Net Position - Beginning of Year	17,101,306	13,718,055	5,334,195	5,241,130	22,435,501	18,959,185		
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 18,002,484	\$ 17,101,306	\$ 5,400,245	\$ 5,334,195	\$ 23,402,729	\$ 22,435,501		

Normal Impacts

There are nine basic impacts on revenues and expenses as reflected below.

Revenues

Economic Condition – which can reflect a declining, stable or growing economic environment and has a substantial impact on property, sales, infrastructure, gas or other tax revenue as well as public spending habits for building permits, elective user fees and volumes of consumption for electric or water usage for which the City collects taxes or franchise fees.

Increase/Decrease in Commission approved rates – while certain tax rates are set by statute, the City Commission has significant authority to impose and periodically increase/decrease rates (Sewer, reclaimed water, permitting, impact fee, property taxes, etc.)

Changing Patterns in Intergovernmental and Grant Revenue (both recurring and non-recurring) – certain recurring revenues, such as state revenue sharing, may experience significant changes periodically while non-recurring (or one-time) grants are less predictable and often distorting in their impact on year-to-year comparisons.

Contribution from the Reclaimed Water and Sewer Funds – the City owns and operates certain Sewer and Reclaimed Water Utility systems. The City provides administrative support services for the utilities. The billing for each utility system is contracted with the City of St. Petersburg. Beginning in fiscal year 2012 the City started charging an administrative service charge to each utility for accounting and legal overhead.

Historically, the Sewer and Reclaimed Water Utility systems have been managed on a self-supporting basis using user fees. However, at the legislative body's discretion, any excess fees over expenses could be transferred to the City's other funds for use. As with all business-type activities, the ongoing competitiveness and vitality of the utility funds is an important factor in evaluating the City's funding policies.

Market Impacts on Investment income – due to the type of investment portfolio and the varying nature of the market in general, City investment income may fluctuate from year to year.

Expenses

Introduction of New Programs – within the functional expense categories (General Government, Law Enforcement, Fire Protection, Public Works / Transportation, Community Improvement, etc.) individual programs may be added or deleted to meet changing community needs.

Increase in Authorized Personnel – changes in service demand may cause the Commission to increase or decrease authorized staffing. Staffing costs (salary and related benefits) in the General Fund represented 64.1% of the City's 2024 operating budget compared to 68.5% of the City's 2023 operating budget.

Salary Increases (cost of living, merit and market adjustment) – the ability to attract and retain human and intellectual resources requires the City to strive to approach a competitive salary range position in the marketplace.

Inflation – the City is a major consumer of certain commodities and services such as chemicals, supplies, fuels and group health insurance. Some functions may experience unusual commodity specific increases. In past years, costs of fuel, general insurance, employee health benefits and pension costs have tended to have large increases. Contract services for items such as law enforcement that have these personnel costs factored in can fluctuate based on these inflationary pressures.

Current Year Impacts

Governmental Funds

The ending fund balance for the General Fund increased \$1,368,840 to \$6,194,894 as of September 30, 2024. The Capital Improvements Fund ending fund balance decreased \$6,455,062 to \$5,733,143, all of which is restricted for infrastructure and other capital improvements (Penny for Pinellas funds).

Revenues

Governmental Funds Revenues

	2024			2023		Decrease)	Percentage
Revenues						_	
Taxes (Property, Franchise & Utility)	\$	6,018,589	\$	5,476,746	\$	541,843	9.9%
Licenses and Permits		687,714		707,047		(19,333)	-2.7%
Intergovernmental Revenues		2,797,296		4,889,484		(2,092,188)	-42.8%
Fines and Forfeitures		3,500		3,961		(461)	-11.6%
Interest Income		739,766		638,930		100,836	15.8%
Change in Fair Value of Investments		74,495		42,761		31,734	74.2%
Rental Hibiscus Hall		14,200		10,236		3,964	38.7%
Contributions				800		(800)	-100.0%
Miscellaneous Revenues		74,682	_	65,282		9,400	14.4%
Total Revenues	\$	10,410,242	\$	11,835,247	\$	(1,425,005)	- <u>12.04</u> %

The breakdown of the net change in revenue by fund was an increase of \$765,148 for the General Fund and a decrease of \$2,190,153 for the Capital Improvements Fund. (Please see page 23 for more detail.)

As previously discussed, the increase in revenues is primarily attributable to an increase in ad valorem taxes for the General Fund and a decrease related to the recognition of American Rescue Plan Act revenue in the Capital Improvement Fund in the prior fiscal year. (See page 76 and page 85 for additional detail.)

For fiscal year 2024, the City had a millage rate of 5.0638, which represents an increase of 0.0988 from 2023. The total taxable value of property located within the City in fiscal year 2024 was \$906,819,396 compared to the 2023 final taxable value of \$815,362,497. The increase in the millage rate and property values resulted in property tax collections increasing \$570,515.

Within the Capital Improvements Fund, infrastructure taxes decreased \$114 to \$764,583, while interest income decreased \$27,996 to \$410,223.

Expenditures

Governmental Funds Expenditures

	Increase						
	2024		2023	(Decrease)		Percentage	
Expenditures		_					
General Government	\$	1,179,577	\$ 1,058,651	\$	120,926	11.4%	
Public Safety		5,205,016	4,778,315		426,701	8.9%	
Transportation & Public Works		1,135,175	1,006,384		128,791	12.8%	
Culture, Recreation, Environment		41,501	36,598		4,903	13.4%	
Human Services		2,750	6,000		(3,250)	-54.2%	
Capital Outlay		7,026,816	7,314,219		(287,403)	-3.9%	
Debt Service		905,760	493,684		412,076	83.5%	
Total Expenditures	\$	15,496,595	\$ 14,693,851	\$	802,744	5.50%	

The construction of Fire Station 20 was completed in July 2024. Expenditures in fiscal year 2024 were \$6,342,140.

Although the Capital Improvements Fund is typically used for capital asset acquisitions, the City may use a portion of those funds for repairs and other non-capital asset items which are operating in nature. Under the law, Infrastructure Taxes and any interest earned is restricted for use on capital assets. For fiscal year 2024, the Capital Improvements Fund incurred \$34,325 of non-capital operating expenses and \$396,066 of capital outlay expenditures not eligible for the use of infrastructure taxes, impact fees, American Rescue Plan Act funds, or revenue bond proceeds. As a result of current year non-infrastructure tax and non-impact fee revenues being insufficient to cover the combined amount of expenditures of \$246,535 not eligible for restricted funds use, a transfer of funds from the General Fund to the Capital Improvement Fund was made in that amount.

The following table provides a reconciliation of the expenditures reported under the governmental funds approach totaling \$15,496,595 to the total expenses reported in the Statement of Activities for the same governmental activities totaling \$9,315,974.

The main differences will be for adjustments to governmental activities expenses for non-cash depreciation and amortization of \$1,163,596 and the removal of capital expenditures totaling \$7,037,012 and repayment of debt principal totaling \$569,041 that are not included in the Statement of Activities.

Reconciliation to Statement of Activities

	 2024	 2023
Expenditures Governmental Fund Approach	\$ 15,496,595	\$ 14,693,851
Less: Cash Outlay for Capital Asset Purchases	(7,026,816)	(7,314,219)
Add: Depreciation / Amortization Capital Assets	1,190,810	645,195
Add: Un-depreciated Cost of Disposed Assets		74,486
Less: Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	(131)	(9,800)
Less: Repayment of Debt Principal	(533,000)	(278,483)
Cash in non-cash expense - Compensated Absences	42,622	(747)
Change in non-cash Oher Post Employment Benefits	18,305	(34,350)
Change in non-cash Pension Benefits	 320,679	676,063
Expenditures - Statements of Activities	\$ 9,509,064	\$ 8,451,996

General Fund – Change in Fund Balance

	 2024	2023		
Nonspendable	\$ 71,110	\$	54,639	
Inventories and Prepaids				
Unassigned	 6,123,784		4,771,415	
Total General Fund Balance	\$ 6,194,894	\$	4,826,054	

Capital Improvements Fund – Change in Fund Balance

				Increase	
	 2024	2023	(Decrease)		
Restricted for: Infrastructure	\$ 5,733,143	\$ 12,188,205	\$	(6,455,062)	
Total Fund Balance	\$ 5,733,143	\$ 12,188,205	\$	(6,455,062)	

Business Type Funds

The net position of the Sewer and Reclaimed Water enterprise funds increased \$66,050 in fiscal year 2024 compared to a \$93,065 increase in fiscal year 2023. The change in net position, or net income or loss, for the proprietary funds, which includes investment earnings, was a loss of \$17,473 for the sewer operations and income of \$83,523 for reclaimed water operations. The net position for the Sewer Fund decreased 0.6% to \$3,085,883 at September 30, 2024, and the net position for the Reclaimed Water Fund increased 3.7% to \$2,314,364. (Please see page 26 for more detailed information.)

Net Income from Operations is a measure of profit before interest earnings and measures only the revenues and costs associated with the operation of the business activity. For fiscal year 2024, the Sewer Fund showed a net operating loss of \$118,055, compared to operating loss of \$20,566 for 2023. For 2024 the Reclaimed Water fund showed a net operating loss of \$10,280, compared to 2023 when the fund had a net operating loss of \$39,460.

The Sewer and Reclaimed Water Funds were allocated an administrative service charge from the General Fund in the amounts of \$29,313 and \$14,421, respectively. This is the thirteenth year in which the enterprise funds have been allocated their proportionate share of administrative costs. The administrative burden of operating the enterprise funds is now being allocated from the General Fund in order to arrive at a more accurate cost of operating these funds.

The largest operating expense for the Sewer Fund is the processing fees paid to the City of St. Petersburg for sewage processing. These processing charges for 2024 were \$1,494,614, which is an increase of 25.5% from the 2023 charges of \$1,190,734. The time spent by Public Works personnel in sewer and reclaimed water operations is allocated to each enterprise fund. The salary allocation to the Sewer Fund in 2024 was \$65,121, a decrease of 6.4% from the allocation in 2023, which was \$69,600. The amount of 2024 non-cash depreciation charges in the Sewer Fund was \$145,592.

The amount of salary allocations to the Reclaimed Water Fund from the General Fund was \$50,175, a 6.8% decrease from the \$53,830 allocated in 2023. The cost of acquiring reclaimed water from Pinellas County was \$98,345 in 2024 compared to \$106,032 in 2023, a decrease of 7.2%. The Reclaimed Water operating expenses for 2024 include non-cash depreciation charges of \$145,592.

Budgetary Highlights – General Fund

The General Fund budget was not amended during fiscal year 2024. The amount of budgeted revenues (amounts available for appropriation) was \$8,791,395. Actual revenues for fiscal year 2024 were \$9,145,074, which resulted in a favorable variance of \$353,679. The amount of budgeted expenditures (charges to appropriations) and transfers to other funds for 2024 was \$8,791,395. The amount of actual expenditures and transfers to other funds was \$7,776,234, which represents a favorable variance of \$1,015,161. The overall favorable budget variance for fiscal year 2024 is \$1,368,840. (Please see pages 76 - 79 for more information.)

Revenues

Revenue budgets are based on projections using historic trend analysis. Typically, only the first seven months of the previous year's actual revenues are known at the time of budget preparation. Considering the current economic conditions, these initial months are conservatively trended to estimate the upcoming year's budget. Actual amounts collected may vary significantly depending on changing economic conditions and consumer spending habits.

General Fund budget-to-actual variances include the following:

- Building permit revenues were \$113,732 higher than anticipated.
- Emergency medical service revenues were \$45,203 higher than anticipated.
- Utility tax revenues were \$44,978 higher than anticipated.
- Interest earnings were \$176,543 higher than anticipated.

Expenditures

The total amount of expenditures was \$7,529,699 (excluding transfers of \$246,535), which represents 87.7% of the amount budgeted.

The following is an overview of General Fund variances from the final budget for fiscal 2024:

- The activities of the Legislative Department utilized 100% of its operating budget and had a negative variance of \$11,780 that is primarily attributable to other services and charges being \$13,687 over budget.
- The Finance and Administration Department utilized 97.8% of its operating budget and had a positive variance of \$22,478. The positive variance included other services and charges being \$27,517 below the budgeted amount.

- The Fire Department utilized 99.5% of its operating budget and had a positive variance of \$17,476 that is primarily attributable to other services and charges being \$55,150 under budget.
- The Community Improvement Department (Protective Inspections) utilized 91.2% of its operating budget and had a positive variance of \$61,699. The positive variance was due, in large part, to personal services being \$40,786 and other services and charges being \$18,957 under budget.
- Public Works / Transportation Department utilized 98.9% of its operating budget and had a positive variance of \$12,596 that is primarily attributable to maintenance expenses being \$13,715 under budget.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of September 30, 2024, the City had \$37,150,407 (total cost) invested in a variety of capital assets as compared to \$30,052,152 as September 30, 2023. This represents a net increase (at cost) of \$5,687,606, or 37.0%, from the end of last year. Capital additions in fiscal year 2024 purchased in the governmental funds totaled \$7,026,816. Sewer Fund capital additions totaled \$154,012.

Capital Assets at September 30, (Net of Depreciation and Amortization)

	Governmental Activities		Business-typ	e Activities	Total Primary Government		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Land and Land Rights	\$ 4,609,087	\$ 2,770,293	\$ -	\$	\$ 4,609,087	\$ 2,770,293	
Construction and Projects in Progress	109,606	5,294,191			109,606	5,294,191	
Structures and Improvements	14,120,519	4,533,098			14,120,519	4,533,098	
Infrastructure	5,420,997	5,215,252	7,790,137	7,636,125	13,211,134	12,851,377	
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	4,744,316	4,278,130			4,744,316	4,278,130	
Intangible Right-to-Use Subscription Assets	355,745	325,063			355,745	325,063	
Total Cost of Assets	29,360,270	22,416,027	7,790,137	7,636,125	37,150,407	30,052,152	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation / Amortization	(9,577,492)	(8,424,646)	(6,512,697)	(6,254,894)	(16,090,189)	(14,679,540)	
Total	\$ 19,782,778	\$ 13,991,381	\$ 1,277,440	\$ 1,381,231	\$ 21,060,218	\$ 15,372,612	

The following reconciliation summarizes the change in Capital Assets, which is presented in detail in the financial statement notes (See Note 4 to the financial statements – Capital Assets on pages 49-50.)

Change in Capital Assets – (Net)

	 Activities	iness-Type Activities	Total	
Beginning Balance reported last year Additions / Transfers	\$ 13,991,381 12,211,401	\$ 1,381,231 154,012	\$	15,372,612 12,365,413
Deletions / Transfers Depreciation / Amortization	 (5,267,158) (1,152,846)	(257,803)		(5,267,158) (1,410,649)
Ending Balance	\$ 19,782,778	\$ 1,277,440	\$	21,060,218

This year's major additions are:

Governmental Activities:

New Fire Station	\$ 7,737,608
Land improvements	1,647,292
South Pasadena Habitat Extension	157,161
Mach Alert Fire Station Alerting System	83,507
	 _
	\$ 9,625,568

Long-term Debt

As of September 30, 2024, the City had total debt outstanding of \$9,124,000, a decrease of \$533,000 in the current fiscal year due to principal repayments.

Long-Term Debt at September 30,

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total Primary Government		
		2024	2023	2024		2023		2024	2023	
Revenue bond payable	\$	9,124,000	\$ 9,657,000	\$		\$		\$ 9,124,000	\$ 9,657,000	
Total	\$	9,124,000	\$ 9,657,000	\$		\$		\$ 9,124,000	\$ 9,657,000	

ECONOMIC FACTORS

Fiscal year 2024 demonstrated continued economic stability as some tax and certain intergovernmental revenues showed modest increases. Increased real estate values helped generate tax revenue which offset the general effects of inflation. Real estate values maintained an upward trend for the eleventh year after several years of decreasing values. For the current 2024 fiscal year, taxable values increased 11.2%, or approximately \$91.5 million, to \$906,819,396. While the year-over-year valuation increases have generated higher property taxes, this growth will likely moderate due to the current high interest rates.

Inflation that started rising in 2021 has slowed in recent months. For the Tampa Bay area, the annual CPI (Consumer Price Index) increase in September 2021 was 6.1%, 10.5% in September 2022, 6.7% in September 2023 and 1.2% in September 2024. There seems to be some easing of the inflation rate as the CPI was 2.1% for the Bay area in March 2025. These increased costs in prior years have had an effect on capital purchase items and the City's Fire Station construction project, which was completed in July 2024. The high inflation rates also had an impact on cost-of-living adjustments necessary to keep City employees at competitive pay rates.

Hurricanes Helene and Milton greatly impacted South Pasadena and the broader Pinellas County area during the 2024 hurricane season. These back-to-back storms brought severe flooding, widespread power outages, and significant infrastructure damage, challenging local communities and emergency responders.

Hurricane Helene made landfall in late September, causing extensive flooding in South Pasadena and neighboring areas. Residents reported up to four feet of water inundating homes. Fortunately, no fatalities were reported, thanks to proactive evacuation efforts. However, the storm left behind a trail of debris and disrupted essential services, including water and electricity.

Less than two weeks later, Hurricane Milton made landfall as a Category 3 hurricane near Siesta Key, just south of Pinellas County. While South Pasadena avoided the worst of the storm surge, the area experienced significant wind damage and localized flooding. Approximately 70% of Pinellas County lost power, and many residents faced challenges with downed power lines and impassable roads. St. Petersburg reported over 18 inches of rain and wind gusts up to 101 mph, leading to widespread damage and infrastructure disruptions.

In the aftermath, recovery efforts in South Pasadena and surrounding communities have been ongoing. Debris removal has been a significant challenge, with Pinellas County dealing with millions of tons of debris. State and federal agencies, including FEMA, have been involved in the cleanup and recovery process, providing assistance to affected residents.

While South Pasadena has made strides in recovery, the combined impact of Hurricanes Helene and Milton has left lasting effects on the community. Residents continue to rebuild their homes and lives, supported by ongoing recovery efforts and assistance programs.

South Pasadena also lost quite a few businesses due to the hurricanes, including Dunkin Donuts, The Executive Building, Bank of America, Wells Fargo Bank, the Gateway Christian Center and Assisted Living Facilities The Barclay, The Springs and Aspire at the Sea. There are two newly constructed businesses in fiscal 2024. They are Scooter's Coffee, which opened in December 2023, and Take 5 Oil Change, which is expected to open during summer 2025.

Florida continues to attract new residents due to its climate and favorable income tax policies although the housing market showed signs of cooling in 2024. The increasing inventory is shifting the market to a more balanced state where buyers have more negotiating power, but housing costs remain high overall. High mortgage interest rates and skyrocketing insurance costs have also contributed to a reduction in demand for housing in recent months.

The City does not have a formal fund balance policy. The September 30, 2024 unassigned General Fund balance totaling \$6,123,784 equates to 9.8 months of expenditure coverage.

FINANCIAL CONTACT

The City's financial statements are designed to present users (citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors) with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, contact the City's Finance Director at City Hall at 7047 Sunset Drive South, South Pasadena, Florida 33707, telephone (727) 347-4171.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2023)

		2023		
	Governmental	Business-type		
	Activities	Activities	Total	Total
Assets				
Current Assets				
Cash, cash equivalents and				
pooled cash and investments	\$ 12,926,778	\$ 4,111,870	\$ 17,038,648	\$ 21,828,256
Receivables - other	11,836	517	12,353	4,134
Due from other governments	144,194	156,047	300,241	173,566
Inventory of supplies	14,800		14,800	11,403
Prepaid expense	55,001	2,911	57,912	45,572
Total Current Assets	13,152,609	4,271,345	17,423,954	22,062,931
Non-Current Assets				
Land and land rights	4,609,087		4,609,087	2,770,293
Construction and projects in process	109,606		109,606	5,294,191
Structures and improvements	14,120,519		14,120,519	4,533,098
Infrastructure	5,420,997	7,790,137	13,211,134	12,851,377
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	4,744,316		4,744,316	4,278,130
Intangible right-to-use subscription assets	355,745		355,745	325,063
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(9,577,492)	(6,512,697)	(16,090,189)	(14,679,540)
Total Non-Current Assets	19,782,778	1,277,440	21,060,218	15,372,612
Total Assets	32,935,387	5,548,785	38,484,172	37,435,543
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Other post employment benefits	5,533		5,533	7,624
Defined benefit pension plans:	1 500 (50		1.500.650	2 100 107
Firefighters' Retirement Fund	1,599,658		1,599,658	2,190,197
Florida Retirement System	774,170		774,170	848,391
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,379,361		2,379,361	3,046,212
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 35,314,748	\$ 5,548,785	\$ 40,863,533	\$ 40,481,755

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2023)

		2023		
	Governmental Business-type			
	Activities	Activities	Total	Total
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 802,886	\$ 148,540	\$ 951,426	\$ 649,408
Retainage payable	7,320		7,320	170,536
Accrued liabilities	303,338		303,338	220,583
Due to Firefighters' Pension	67,202		67,202	
Unearned revenue	43,826		43,826	55,181
Current portion of:				
Compensated absences	70,826		70,826	65,415
Right-to-use subscription liability				36,041
Revenue bonds payable	554,000		554,000	533,000
Total Current Liabilities	1,849,398	148,540	1,997,938	1,730,164
Non-Current Liabilities				
Total OPEB liability	214,776		214,776	198,562
Compensated absences	283,302		283,302	246,091
Revenue bonds payable	8,570,000		8,570,000	9,124,000
Net pension liability:				
Firefighters' Retirement Fund	3,545,481		3,545,481	3,965,922
Florida Retirement System	2,343,201		2,343,201	2,564,566
Total Non-Current Liabilities	14,956,760		14,956,760	16,099,141
Total Liabilities	16,806,158	148,540	16,954,698	17,829,305
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Defined benefit pension plans:				
Firefighters' Retirement Fund	203,866		203,866	116,715
Florida Retirement System	302,240		302,240	100,234
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	506,106		506,106	216,949
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	17,312,264	148,540	17,460,804	18,046,254
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	10,658,778	1,277,440	11,936,218	12,155,922
Restricted:	10,030,770	1,277,110	11,750,210	12,133,722
Infrastructure	5,733,143		5,733,143	12,188,205
Unrestricted (deficit)	1,610,563	4,122,805	5,733,368	(1,908,626)
,				
Total Net Position	18,002,484	5,400,245	23,402,729	22,435,501
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources and Net Position	\$ 35,314,748	\$ 5,548,785	\$ 40,863,533	\$ 40,481,755

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023)

				2024				2023
						et (Expense) Revenue a		
			Program Revenues			Changes in Net Position	n	
			Operating	Capital				
T (P	-	Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Total
Governmental Activities								
General government	\$ 1,400,327	\$ 123,982	\$ 3,891	\$	\$ (1,272,454)	\$	\$ (1,272,454)	\$ 806,675
Public safety - Police	1,028,001	3,500			(1,024,501)		(1,024,501)	(920,111)
Public safety - Fire	4,251,247		1,212,467		(3,038,780)		(3,038,780)	(2,489,496)
Public safety - Protective inspections	707,785	563,732			(144,053)		(144,053)	(117,430)
Transportation - Public works	1,305,248	·			(1,305,248)		(1,305,248)	(1,242,097)
Human services	9,114				(9,114)		(9,114)	(9,448)
Culture and recreation	112,088	14,200			(97,888)		(97,888)	(64,607)
Physical environment	322,494	,			(322,494)		(322,494)	(172,860)
Interest on long-term debt	372,760				(372,760)		(372,760)	(178,393)
Issuance costs on long-term debt	572,700				(572,700)		(372,700)	(36,808)
issuance costs on long-term debt								(30,808)
Total Governmental Activities	9,509,064	705,414	1,216,358		(7,587,292)		(7,587,292)	(4,424,575)
Business-Type Activities								
Sewer	1,826,970	1,708,915				(118,055)	(118,055)	(20,566)
Reclaimed water	287,453	277,173			<u></u>	(10,280)	(10,280)	(39,460)
recommed water	207,133	277,175				(10,200)	(10,200)	(57,100)
Total Business-Type Activities	2,114,423	1,986,088				(128,335)	(128,335)	(60,026)
Total	\$ 11,623,487	\$ 2,691,502	\$ 1,216,358	<u>\$</u>	(7,587,292)	(128,335)	(7,715,627)	(4,484,601)
		General Revenues						
		Taxes:						
		Ad valorem			4,438,935		4,438,935	3,868,420
		Franchise fees			610,459		610,459	586,210
		Utility taxes			833,028		833,028	828,575
		Communications	comico toy		128,516	 	128,516	178,071
		Sales tax - infras			764,583	 	764,583	764,697
		Half-cent sales ta			439,287		439,287	453,437
		Local option gas	tax		67,533		67,533	68,723
		Other taxes			94,644		94,644	82,877
		State revenue shari	ng - unrestricted		222,542		222,542	229,843
		Interest			739,766	194,385	934,151	792,021
		Change in fair valu	e of investments		74,495		74,495	42,761
		Miscellaneous			74,682		74,682	65,282
		Total general revenu	ies		8,488,470	194,385	8,682,855	7,960,917
		Change in ne	t position		901,178	66,050	967,228	3,476,316
		Net position - beginn	ing of year		17,101,306	5,334,195	22,435,501	18,959,185
		Net position - end of	year		\$ 18,002,484	\$ 5,400,245	\$ 23,402,729	\$ 22,435,501

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023)

	2024				2023		
		General	Im	Capital aprovements	G	Total overnmental Funds	Total
Assets Cash, cash equivalents and pooled cash and investments Receivables - other Due from other governments Inventory of supplies Prepaid expenditures	\$	6,624,577 6,836 82,793 14,800 55,001	\$	6,302,201 5,000 61,401 	\$	12,926,778 11,836 144,194 14,800 55,001	\$ 17,923,344 4,134 23,202 11,403 43,236
Total Assets	\$	6,784,007	\$	6,368,602	\$	13,152,609	\$ 18,005,319
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities Accounts payable Retainage payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Due to Firefighters Pension Total Liabilities	\$	174,747 303,338 43,826 67,202 589,113	\$	628,139 7,320 635,459	\$	802,886 7,320 303,338 43,826 67,202	\$ 544,760 170,536 220,583 55,181 991,060
Fund Balances Non-spendable: Inventories and prepaids Restricted for: Infrastructure Unassigned		71,110 6,123,784		5,733,143		71,110 5,733,143 6,123,784	54,640 12,188,205 4,771,414
Total Fund Balances	_	6,194,894		5,733,143		11,928,037	 17,014,259
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	6,784,007	\$	6,368,602	\$	13,152,609	\$ 18,005,319

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Fund Balances - total governmental funds		\$ 11,928,037
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Governmental capital assets Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 29,004,525 (9,368,060)	
		19,636,465
Intangible right-to-use subscription assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Intangible right-to-use subscription assets	355,745	
Less: Accumulated amortization	(209,432)	
		146,313
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Compensated absences	(354,128)	
Revenue bonds payable	(9,124,000)	
Total Other Post Employment Benefit liability	(214,776)	
Net pension liability - Firefighters' Retirement Fund	(3,545,481)	
Net pension liability - Florida Retirement System	(2,343,201)	
		(15,581,586)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the governmental funds but will be recognized in pension expense on a long-term basis and are therefore reported in the statement of net position.		
Deferred outflows of resources related to Other Post Employment Benefits Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions - Firefighters' Retirement Fund Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions - Florida Retirement System Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions - Firefighters' Retirement Fund Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions - Florida Retirement System	5,533 1,599,658 774,170 (203,866) (302,240)	
		1,873,255
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 18,002,484

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023)

				2024				2023
				a	~	Total		
		Conoral	T	Capital	G	overnmental		Total
Revenues		General	Im	provements		Funds		Total
Taxes	\$	6,010,938	\$	7,651	\$	6,018,589	\$	5,476,746
Licenses and permits	Ψ	687,714	4		Ψ	687,714	Ψ	705,406
Intergovernmental revenue		1,990,988		806,308		2,797,296		4,889,484
Fines and forfeits		3,500				3,500		3,961
Interest		329,543		410,223		739,766		638,930
Change in fair value of investments		33,509		40,986		74,495		42,761
Rent		14,200				14,200		10,236
Miscellaneous revenues		74,682			_	74,682	_	67,723
Total Revenues		9,145,074		1,265,168		10,410,242		11,835,247
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		1,179,577				1,179,577		1,058,648
Public safety		5,174,587		30,429		5,205,016		4,778,315
Transportation - public works		1,131,284		3,891		1,135,175		1,006,386
Human services		2,750				2,750		6,000
Culture and recreation		41,501				41,501		36,597
Capital outlay: General government				3,415		3,415		1,601
Public safety				6,644,682		6,644,682		6,811,640
Transportation - public works				170,264		170,264		385,095
Physical environment				208,455		208,455		115,884
Debt service:				200,.20		200,		110,00.
Principal retirement				533,000		533,000		278,483
Interest				372,760		372,760		178,394
Debt issuance costs		<u></u>			_	<u></u>	_	36,808
Total Expenditures		7,529,699	_	7,966,896		15,496,595		14,693,851
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		1,615,375		(6,701,728)		(5,086,353)		(2,858,604)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets				131		131		9,800
Proceeds from issuance of debt								9,900,000
Transfers in				246,535		246,535		213,184
Transfers out	-	(246,535)		<u></u>	_	(246,535)		(213,184)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(246,535)		246,666	_	131		9,909,800
Net Change in Find Balances		1,368,840		(6,455,062)		(5,086,222)		7,051,196
Fund Balances - Beginning		4,826,054		12,188,205		17,014,259		9,963,063
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	6,194,894	\$	5,733,143	\$	11,928,037	\$	17,014,259

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(5,086,222)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those capital assets and right-to-use subscription assets is depreciated / amortized over their estimated useful lives.			
Expenditures for capital assets Less: Current year depreciation Less: Current year amortization	\$ 7,026,816 (1,126,062) (64,748)		5,836,006
Disposal of capital assets			(44,609)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.			
Repayment of revenue bond Repayment of right-to-use subscription liability	533,000 36,041		569,041
Some expenses, or reductions to expenses, reported in the statement of activities do not require the use, or receipt, of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures, or reductions to expenditures, in governmental funds.			
Change in compensated absences Change - Other Post Employment Benefits Pension expense - Firefighters' Retirement Fund Pension expense - Florida Retirement System	(42,622) (18,305) (257,249) (54,862)	_	(373,038)
Change in net position of governmental activities.		\$	901,178

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2023)

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
		2023			
		Reclaimed			
	Sewer	Water	Total	Total	
Assets					
Current Assets					
Cash, cash equivalents and					
pooled cash and investments	\$ 2,128,902	1,982,968	\$ 4,111,870	\$ 3,904,912	
Receivables - other	297	220	517		
Due from other governments	132,581	23,466	156,047	150,364	
Prepaid expense	2,911		2,911	2,336	
Total Current Assets	2,264,691	2,006,654	4,271,345	4,057,612	
Non-Current Assets					
Capital Assets:					
Infrastructure	4,423,816	3,366,321	7,790,137	7,636,125	
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(3,475,360)	(3,037,337)	(6,512,697)	(6,254,894)	
Total Non-Current Assets	948,456	328,984	1,277,440	1,381,231	
Total Assets	3,213,147	2,335,638	5,548,785	5,438,843	
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable	127,266	21,274	148,540	104,648	
Total Current Liabilities	127,266	21,274	148,540	104,648	
Total Liabilities	127,266	21,274	148,540	104,648	
Net Position					
Investment in capital assets	948,456	328,984	1,277,440	1,410,805	
Unrestricted	2,137,425	1,985,380	4,122,805	3,923,390	
Total Net Position	\$ 3,085,881	\$ 2,314,364	\$ 5,400,245	\$ 5,334,195	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023)

	Ви	nds		
		2023		
		Reclaimed		
	Sewer	Water	Total	Total
Operating Revenues Charges for services	\$ 1,708,915	\$ 277,173	\$ 1,986,088	\$ 1,750,421
Total Operating Revenues	1,708,915	277,173	1,986,088	1,750,421
Operating Expenses				
Supervisory services	65,121	50,175	115,296	123,430
Utilities	12,499		12,499	12,530
City of St. Petersburg:				
Sewer processing	1,494,614		1,494,614	1,190,734
Administration charge	3,275	578	3,853	3,833
Pinellas County:				
Reclaimed water		98,345	98,345	106,032
Audit and consulting	3,950	1,065	5,015	4,510
Insurance	17,500		17,500	11,500
Repairs, maintenance, renewals and replacements	51,743	10,658	62,401	47,992
Administrative service charge	29,313	14,421	43,734	51,455
Miscellaneous	3,363		3,363	3,074
Depreciation	145,592	112,211	257,803	255,357
Total Operating Expenses	1,826,970	287,453	2,114,423	1,810,447
Operating Loss	(118,055)	(10,280)	(128,335)	(60,026)
Non-Operating Revenue				
Interest earned	100,582	93,803	194,385	153,091
Changes in Net Position	(17,473)	83,523	66,050	93,065
Net Position - Beginning	3,103,354	2,230,841	5,334,195	5,241,130
Net Position - Ending	\$ 3,085,881	\$ 2,314,364	\$ 5,400,245	\$ 5,334,195

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023)

	Busi	ness-type Activit	ies - Enterprise F	unds
		2023		
		Reclaimed		
	Sewer	Water	Total	Total
Increase in Cash, Cash Equivalents and Pooled Cash and Investments				
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services Cash paid for general government allocated expenses	\$ 1,705,237 (1,554,705) (65,121) (29,313)	\$ 274,651 (99,568) (50,175) (14,421)	\$ 1,979,888 (1,654,273) (115,296) (43,734)	\$ 1,752,071 (1,397,136) (123,430) (51,455)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	56,098	110,487	166,585	180,050
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(154,012)		(154,012)	(284,930)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	(154,012)		(154,012)	(284,930)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Interest and dividends on cash and cash equivalents	100,582	93,803	194,385	153,091
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	100,582	93,803	194,385	153,091
Net Increase in Cash, Cash Equivalents and Pooled Cash and Investments	2,668	204,290	206,958	48,211
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Pooled Cash and Investments - Beginning	2,126,234	1,778,678	3,904,912	3,856,701
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Pooled Cash and Investments - Ending	\$ 2,128,902	\$ 1,982,968	\$ 4,111,870	\$ 3,904,912
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	\$ (118,055)	\$ (10,280)	\$ (128,335)	\$ (60,026)
cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:	145,592	112,211	257,803	255,357
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Due From Other Governments (Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Expense Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(297) (3,381) (575) 32,814	(220) (2,302) 11,078	(5,683) (575) 43,892	1,650 (27) (16,904)
Total Adjustments	174,153	120,767	294,920	240,076
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 56,098	\$ 110,487	\$ 166,585	\$ 180,050

There were no non-cash investing or financing activities for the years ended.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2023)

	Firefighters'			
	Retirement Fund			
		2024		2023
Assets				
Cash	\$	190	\$	190
Investments:	Ф	190	Ф	190
		200.420		129 015
Short term investments / money market funds		200,439		138,915
U.S. government and agency fixed income securities		1,120,964		1,029,759
Corporate bonds		925,032		816,466
Equities - common stock	•	6,091,008		4,668,981
Real estate investment funds		758,630		833,861
Total Investments		9,096,073		7,487,982
Receivables		25,472		193,571
Due from City		67,202		
Prepaid expense		3,750		3,750
Total Assets		9,192,687		7,685,493
Liabilities				
Accounts payable		10,298		16,217
Employer prepaid contribution		5,002		5,002
Total Liabilities		15,300		21,219
		<u> </u>		
Net Position	4		•	
Restricted for pension benefits	\$ 9	9,177,387	\$	7,664,274

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR END SEPTEMBER 30, 2023)

	Firefighters' Retirement Fund			
	2024	2023		
Additions				
Contribution of				
Contributions: City	\$ 495,52	4 \$ 498,705		
Employee contributions	99,28			
Employee contributions		0 91,519		
Total Contributions	594,81	<u>0</u> <u>590,024</u>		
Intergovernmental revenue				
State excise tax rebate	67,20	2 66,042		
Investment earnings				
Net change in fair value of investments	1,481,38	9 561,957		
Interest and dividends	216,68	7 190,861		
Total investment earnings	1,698,07	6 752,818		
Less investment expense	(42,99	6) (43,901)		
Net Investment Earnings	1,655,08	0 708,917		
Total Additions	2,317,09	2 1,364,983		
Deductions				
Benefits	746,68	5 580,621		
Professional services	52,23	1 59,314		
Trustee / plan administrator's expenses	5,06	5,064		
Total Deductions	803,97	9 644,999		
Change in Net Position	1,513,11	3 719,984		
Net Position - Beginning	7,664,27	4 6,944,290		
Net Position - Ending	\$ 9,177,38	7,664,274		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared to conform with the standards set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). The following is a summary of the more significant accounting and reporting policies.

REPORTING ENTITY

The City of South Pasadena, Florida (the "City") is a municipal corporation established in 1955 pursuant to the laws of Florida and operates under applicable provisions of Florida Statutes.

The City follows the principles of Section 2100, "Defining the Reporting Entity" of GASB "Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards" which established standards for defining and reporting on the "Financial Reporting Entity". The financial reporting entity includes the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which, if excluded, would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority to an organization's board and either displays the ability to impose its will on that organization, the possibility that the organization will impose or provide a financial burden or benefit to the primary government, or management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit and manages the component unit in essentially the same manner in which it manages its own programs or departments. The City has no such applicable organizations that meet these requirements; therefore, the accompanying financial statements include only information relative to the primary government.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City presents its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report in accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and – Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments* ("GASB 34"). This standard establishes the financial reporting requirements for state and local governments. The Statement establishes specific standards for basic financial statements, management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A"), and certain required supplementary information.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

As part of reporting pursuant to GASB 34, there is a reporting requirement regarding infrastructure; that is roads, sidewalks, curbing, and drainage improvements, etc. All major general infrastructure assets that were acquired or significantly reconstructed, or that received significant improvements, in fiscal years ending after June 30, 1980, are required to be retroactively reported. All newly acquired or improved infrastructure assets must be reported in accordance GASB 34. The City has included infrastructure assets acquired prior to June 30, 1980 that still have remaining useful lives.

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the City as a whole) and fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are presented using a full accrual, economic resource basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables and long-term liabilities. Governmental activities include the General Fund and the Capital Improvements Fund. Business-type activities include the Sewer Fund and the Reclaimed Water Fund. The City's Fiduciary Fund, which consists of the Firefighters' Retirement Plan, is not included in the government-wide financial statements since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the City.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports the gross and net cost for the various functional categories (general government, police, fire, etc.) of the City that are otherwise supported by general government revenues. The expenses for each functional category are reduced by program revenues to ascertain the net costs for that function. Program revenues are defined as charges for services, operating and capital grants that specifically relate to a specific program function. Charges for services include revenue arising from charges to customers or applicants, who purchase, use or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided. Operating and capital grants consist of revenues received from governments, organizations or individuals that are specifically attributable to a program and are restricted for either operating expenditures / expenses or capital expenditures / expenses associated with the specific program.

The fund financial statements are similar to the financial statements presented in the previous reporting model. The emphasis is now on the major funds in both the governmental activities and business-type activities, and non-major funds are summarized into a single column. The City does not have any non-major funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures (expenses) as appropriate. City resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The accompanying basic financial statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements:

• Governmental Funds – This fund category accounts for the acquisition, use, and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities, except for those accounted for in the Proprietary Funds. Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions are typically financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources. The City has presented the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

The Capital Improvements Fund is used to account for intergovernmental revenue that is restricted in use for infrastructure improvements or vehicles with a life expectancy of at least five (5) years, as well as other funds received and expended for construction, renovation, expansion and major improvement of various City facilities, acquisition of land and other large nonrecurring projects.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

Proprietary Funds – This fund category accounts for all assets, liabilities, equities, revenues, and expenses related to the City's activities similar to businesses in the private sector. The measurement focus of a Proprietary Fund is on determination of net income, financial position and cash flows using the accrual basis of accounting. The City's Proprietary Funds are presented in accordance with GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) and American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) Pronouncements.

These funds are used to account for operations: (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The City has two major proprietary funds:

The Sewer Fund is used to account for the provision of Sewer services to the residents of the City. Activities of the sewer system include operations and maintenance of the system. All costs are financed through charges to utility customers.

The *Reclaimed Water Fund* is used to account for the provision of Reclaimed Water services to the residents of the City. Activities of the reclaimed water system include operations and maintenance of the system and collection of system user fees. All costs are financed through charges to utility customers.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in conjunction with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of personnel, contractual services, supplies and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenue and expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

<u>Fiduciary Trust Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity. The Pension Trust Fund is a single trust fund used to account for the Firefighters' Retirement Pension Plan.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses and the related assets and liabilities are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

• Modified Accrual - The modified accrual basis of accounting is utilized for the governmental fund types. Under this basis, revenues are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual, that is, when they become both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty (60) days of the end of the current period. Substantially all intergovernmental revenues and interest are susceptible to accrual. Property taxes are billed and substantially collected within the same fiscal year.

Revenues for reimbursement of grant expenditures are recognized as the expenditures are incurred up to the grant award amount.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general long-term debt are recognized when due.

• Accrual - The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for the Proprietary and Fiduciary Trust Fund. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the period earned and expenses are recognized in the period that the liability is incurred.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

BUDGET AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- a) By July 1, the City Finance Director submits to the City Commission a proposed budget for the ensuing fiscal year. It contains proposed expenditures and the means to finance them, including a proposed property tax millage rate.
- b) Public hearings are conducted in August and September to obtain taxpayer comments on the proposed budget and property tax millage rate.
- c) The budget and property tax millage rate is approved by the City Commission in September and adopted as a budget ordinance. This budget ordinance is adopted at the fund level.
- d) The budget is reviewed after the first six months of the fiscal year and any unusual and unforeseen changes are incorporated into the budget on a fund level by a modifying ordinance. This action requires the approval of the City Commission. Typically, the City does not make any budget line item revisions within departments or any interdepartment budget transfers.
- e) Annual budgets were adopted for the following funds: General Fund, Capital Improvements Fund, the Sewer Fund, and the Reclaimed Water Fund. The budget serves as legal authorization for all expenditures except for the Fiduciary Fund types, which are controlled through alternate means. The budget is adopted and passed at the fund level. However, budgeted expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level for the General Fund and on an individual fund basis for the Capital Improvements Fund, Sewer Fund, and Reclaimed Water Fund. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, the General Fund, Sewer Fund and Reclaim Water Fund's budgeted appropriations were not amended. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, Capital Improvements Fund budgeted appropriations were increased by \$5,514,650.
- f) All appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. The City does not use an encumbrance method of accounting for appropriations.
- g) Budgets for governmental fund types are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The budgets for the proprietary fund types (Sewer Fund and Reclaimed Water Fund) are adopted on a financial flow basis (depreciation is excluded) and as a result are not consistent with GAAP.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Pooled Cash and Investments

Cash balances of each fund, except for the Fiduciary Fund types, are pooled for investment purposes. The interest earned is allocated to each fund based on the fund's average balance in the pooled cash account. Cash in excess of each fund's immediate needs is placed in interest bearing accounts with several financial institutions.

The City considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Deposits with the State Board of Administration, which are investments, are considered to be a cash equivalent for purposes of determining cash flows.

Investments

Investments consist of money market accounts, funds invested with the State Board of Administration, Florida PRIME Fund ("Florida PRIME"), the Florida Municipal Investment Trust ("FMIT"), and the Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust ("Florida SAFE"). The investments are reported at fair value. Investments in the Fiduciary Fund consist of money market funds, U.S. Government and Federal Agency securities and bonds, corporate bonds, a real estate investment fund, and equities – common stocks. Investments in the Fiduciary Fund are accounted for at fair value. Funds invested with the Florida PRIME are valued at amortized cost. Deposits with the FMIT and Florida SAFE are reported at net asset value.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable represent amounts due for various City services and utilities, provided primarily to local businesses and residents. Accounts receivable are reported net of an allowance for doubtful accounts determined based on the age of the individual receivable and historical collection trends. Accounts receivable are written off on an individual basis in the fiscal year the City deems them uncollectible. An allowance for doubtful accounts has been provided for those accounts where collectability appears to be doubtful. The City maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts at a level which management believes is sufficient to cover potential credit losses.

Inventory of Supplies

Inventory is valued using the average cost basis and consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The costs of the supplies are recorded as expenditures at the time the inventory is consumed.

Prepaid Expenses

Payments made to vendors that will benefit periods beyond September 30, 2024 are recorded as prepaid items under the consumption method of accounting.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure assets, and intangibles (i.e. software), are reported in the applicable government or business-type activity in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$1,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. These assets are capitalized at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual cost information is not available. Donated capital assets, donated works of art or similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are capitalized at their acquisition value on the date donated. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of the asset are also capitalized.

Depreciation and amortization, which is computed on a straight-line basis, is provided for in amounts sufficient to charge the cost of depreciable assets to operations over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation and amortization are not provided for capital projects in process. Interest cost incurred on construction in progress is capitalized as part of the cost of assets acquired in an enterprise fund. The estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Category	Useful Life
Structures and improvements	15-50 years
Infrastructure	20-40 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3-20 years
Sewer system equipment	12 years
Sewer system	40 years
Reclaimed water system	30 years
Intangible software asset	5 years or agreement term

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements ("SBITA")

The SBITA assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related SBITA liability plus any SBITA payments made prior to the subscription term, less SBITA incentives, plus any ancillary charges necessary to place the SBITA into service. The SBITA assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related contract.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY (CONTINUED)

Compensated Absences

All full-time employees are allowed to carry over a maximum of 20 days of accumulated vacation time and 116 days of sick leave. General employees that have served the City for a minimum of 10 years are eligible for retirement and are paid a portion of their accumulated sick leave upon separation from the City; general employees with 10 to 14 years of service are paid 20% of their sick leave up to 116 days, and general employees with 15 or more years of service are paid 25% of their sick leave up to 116 days.

Firefighters are permitted to accumulate up to 1,400 hours of sick leave. Firefighters are paid 50% of their sick leave in excess of 700 hours upon retiring from the City.

The portion of the compensated absences liability that pertains to accrued vacation and compensatory time that is to be paid out of current available resources for terminated employees is recorded in the government—wide financial statements as a current liability. The remainder of the liability, which includes all accumulated sick time that is not expected to be paid within the next year, is reported as a component of long-term liabilities in the government—wide financial statements. There is no liability for compensated absences recorded in the Funds as there are no employees in these funds.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditures) until then. The City has two items that quality for reporting in this category as deferred outflow of resources. An item related to the Pensions (Note 7) and an item related to the Other Post-Employment Benefits (Note 8).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assts that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The City has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. The two items are Pensions (Note 7) and an item related to the Other Post-Employment Benefits (Note 8).

The two items are related to the Pension Plans (Note 7) and the Other Post-Employment Benefits (Note 8), respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY (CONTINUED)

Net Position/Fund Balance

<u>Net Position</u>: The government-wide and business-type fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net Position is presented in three components – *net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.* The net investment in capital assets component consists of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and any related long-term debt. Restricted assets consist of net position that has constraints placed on them either externally by third parties (grantors and contributors) or by law through provisions of enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position consists of items that do not meet the definition of "*net investment in capital assets*" or "*restricted*". The government-wide statement of net position reports \$5,733,143 of restricted net position, which is restricted for funding of infrastructure improvements and equipment.

<u>Fund Balance Classifications</u>: The City reports fund balances in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* (GASB 54). GASB 54 provides that governmental fund financial statements will present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The City has classified Supplies Inventory and Prepaid Items as being Nonspendable as these items are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next current year.

Restricted - This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources through either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The City has included \$5,733,143 of restrictions for a portion of the fund balance that has been legally segregated for the funding of infrastructure improvements and equipment as required by Florida Statutes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY (CONTINUED)

Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

Committed - This classification includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action by the City Council, in this case by ordinance. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations (encumbrances) to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024 the City did not have any funds classified in this category.

Assigned - This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the City Commission through the budgetary process. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund. This category also includes amounts for future budgetary appropriations. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, the City did not have any amounts classified in this category.

Unassigned - This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund and amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes.

The City would typically use Restricted fund balances first, followed by Committed resources and then Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned resources first and to defer the use of these other classified funds.

REVENUES

<u>Property Taxes</u>: The Pinellas County Tax Collector bills and collects all property taxes levied within the county. Ad valorem taxes are levied on property values as of January 1 of each year and are considered to be based upon the final millage rate adopted by the City Commission. The taxes are generally due November 1 and become delinquent April 1 of the following year at which time they become a lien. Tax certificates are sold by the Pinellas County Tax Collector on May 15. Property taxes are budgeted and recognized as revenues in the fiscal year during which the taxes are billed and substantially collected.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

REVENUES (CONTINUED)

<u>Grants</u>: Amounts received are restricted as to use in accordance with applicable grant requirements. Generally, these funds are subject to compliance audits and must be returned to the grantors if they exceed the cost of the program or are used in violation of the grant regulations.

Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables and are subject to elimination in the government-wide financial statements. Services provided are deemed to be at market or near market rates and are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses and are not eliminated in the consolidation of the government-wide financial statements. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost and charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, disclosures of contingent liabilities, revenues and expenditures/expenses reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Unearned/Unavailable Revenues

Unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them. In addition, inflows that do not yet meet the criteria for revenue recognition are recorded as unearned revenue or a deferred inflow in the government-wide and the fund financial statements. In subsequent periods, when the City has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue or a deferred inflow is removed and revenue is recognized. In the governmental funds, unavailable revenue may also arise if the funds are not received in the availability period; the funds are then not considered a current available resource.

New Accounting Pronouncements Adopted

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, the primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This Statement was implemented by the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024; however, there was no impact to the City.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

REVENUES (CONTINUED)

Comparative Data

The financial statements include summarized prior year comparative information that does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, from which such summarized information was derived.

NOTE 2 – CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

CASH AND POOLED CASH

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for all funds except the Fiduciary Fund type. The investments of the Pension Trust Fund are held separately from those of other City funds.

DEPOSITS

Florida Statutes and City policy require that all City demand accounts be in financial institutions that pledge collateral with the State Treasurer pursuant to Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. The City is required to verify that monies are on deposit with "qualified public depositories" as defined in Florida Statutes Section 280.02. Florida Statutes require that all qualified public depositories provide collateral each month equal to a least 50 percent of the public funds on deposit with the institution that are in excess of deposit insurance amounts. The carrying amount of the City's deposits as of September 30, 2024 was \$1,763,025, excluding \$20,600 of petty cash funds and cash on hand that are maintained. The amounts on deposit in money market type accounts as of September 30, 2024 that do not qualify as public funds totaled \$3,260,699.

The State Treasurer may assess other qualified public depositories for a pro rata share of any loss suffered by a public depositor in excess of its depository's collateral. Since the City uses only authorized public depositories, all funds, including time deposits, deposited with financial institutions are in compliance with the City's policies.

INVESTMENTS

Florida Statutes (218.415) authorize municipalities to invest excess funds in time deposits or savings accounts of financial institutions approved by the State Treasurer, obligations of the U. S. Government, U. S. Government Instrumentalities, State of Florida Local Government Surplus Trust Fund (State Board of Administration), and mutual funds investing in U.S. Government Securities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 2 – CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The City adopted its own investment policy that also authorizes the City to invest in the following:

- a) Florida Local Government Surplus Funds Trust (State Board of Administration).
- b) Florida Municipal Investment Trust Funds.
- c) Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.
- d) Interest-bearing time deposits or saving accounts in qualified public depositories.
- e) Direct obligations of the U.S. Government Treasury.
- f) Certificates, notes, bonds, or bills of the United States, or other obligations of the United States or its Agencies which are backed by the full faith and credit of the U. S. and include, but are not limited to:
 - 1) Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA)
 - 2) Farmers Home Administration
 - 3) Small Business Administration (SBA)
 - 4) General Services Administration (GSA)
 - 5) Federal Housing Administration
 - 6) Housing and Urban Development (HUD)
- g) Obligations of government-sponsored corporations (Instrumentalities) which are eligible as collateral for advances to member banks as determined by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve (Instrumentalities are usually AAA rated, but have no explicit government guarantee) and include, but are not limited to:
 - 1) Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA)
 - 2) Federal Farm Credit Banks (FFCB)
 - 3) Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB)
 - 3) Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC)
 - 4) Student Loan Marketing Association (SLMA)
 - 5) Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA)
- h) Non-negotiable Certificates of Deposit, which can be insured, collateralized at the Federal Reserve or qualify as State Public Deposits, as defined by Florida Statutes.
- i) Taxable or Tax-Exempt Government bonds, notes or other obligations of investment grade quality (as established by a nationally recognized rating agency), municipal corporation, special district, and authority or political subdivision thereof.
- j) Repurchase Agreements with primary dealers or with the City's primary state qualified public depository that are evidenced by a Master Agreement to engage in this investment option and are fully collateralized by U. S. Government Obligations or any Agency or Instrumentality thereof (Reverse Repurchase Agreements are prohibited).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 2 – CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

k) Securities in, or other interests in, any open-ended or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, provided the portfolio is limited to obligations of the U. S. Government or any agency or instrumentality thereof (Mutual Funds).

The City's investment policy states that, to the extent possible, investment maturities and liquidity shall be matched to anticipated cash flow requirements and unless an investment is matched to a specific cash flow such as a reserve requirement or other longer-term investment horizon, investments shall not have a maturity date of more than three (3) years from the date of purchase.

Florida PRIME is an external investment pool administered by the Florida State Board of Administration, which is a three member board made up of the State elected officials of Governor, Chief Financial Officer and Attorney General. This Board is empowered by Florida law to invest funds at the request of local governments. The Florida Prime is treated as a "2a-7 like" pool in accordance with GASB Statements No. 31 and No. 79 and is valued using the pooled share price (amortized cost), which approximates fair value. As of September 30, 2024, the weighted average maturity of Florida Prime investments was 39 days.

FMIT is an investment pool administered by the Florida League of Cities, Inc. It is an interlocal governmental entity created under the laws of the State of Florida. FMIT is an authorized investment under Section 163.01 of the Florida Statutes. The City has invested in the Trust's 0-2 Year High Quality Bond Fund and the 1-3 Year High Quality Bond Fund.

Florida SAFE is a common law trust organized in 2007 under the laws of the State of Florida. An elected five-member Board of Trustees oversees all actions and decides on general policies. The trust is administered by Florida Management Administrative Services, LLC and the investment advisor is PMA (Prudent Man Advisors) Asset Management, LLC. Florida SAFE includes a liquid money market-like investment called the "FL SAFE Fund" and one or more Term Series portfolios that have a fixed duration. Participants in the trust may invest in the Fund and any Term Series portfolios and in a value-added program called the "Fixed Income Investment Program," through which the participants may purchase investments for their own portfolio. The Fund is accounted for at net asset value. The Florida SAFE Fund and the Term Series portfolios are treated as "2a-7 like" pools in accordance with GASB Statements No. 31 and No. 79 and is valued using the pooled share price (amortized cost), which approximates fair value. As of September 30, 2024, the weighted average maturity of FL SAFE Fund investments was 37 days. The Florida SAFE Fund and the Term Series portfolios seek to maintain a constant net value per share of \$1.00.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 2 – CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS

The City categorizes its fair value of investments within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles pursuant to GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are other than quoted prices that are derived from or corroborated by observable market data through correlation or by other means, and Level 3 are significant unobservable inputs.

INTEREST RATE RISK

In compliance with the City's investment policy, as of September 30, 2024, the City minimized the interest rate risk, related to the decline in value of securities due to rising interest rates, by limiting the effective duration of security types not to exceed three years and investing in short-term securities or similar investment pools so that securities mature to meet the cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the secondary market prior to maturity. The City minimizes interest rate risk with regard to external investment pools by investing in investment pools that maintain a short average maturity period.

CREDIT RISK

In compliance with the City's investment policy, as of September 30, 2024, the City minimized credit risk due to default of a security issuer or backer, by limiting investments to the safest types of securities and government investment pools, and by pre-qualifying the financial institutions with which the City does business.

The City's investments carried at fair value with recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2024, are:

	Maturity	Measurement	Fair Value	Rating
Florida PRIME	N/A	Amortized Cost	\$ 6,787,159	AAAm
Florida Municipal Investment Trust (FMIT)	N/A	Net Asset Value	1,315,903	AAAf
Florida SAFE	N/A	Net Asset Value	3,891,263	AAAm
Total Investments			\$ 11,994,325	

The City does not participate in any securities lending transactions, nor has it used, held or written derivative financial instruments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 2 – CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND POOLED CASH INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

A reconciliation of the amount of petty cash, deposits and investments reported as cash equivalents to the Statement of Net Position as of September 30, 2024, is as follows:

Petty cash and cash on hand	\$ 20,600
Deposits - public funds	1,763,025
Deposits - non-public funds	3,260,698
Investments	11,994,325
Total	\$ 17,038,648
As reported in Statement of Net Position:	

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled cash and investments \$ 17,038,648

FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT FUND

Deposits

Salem Trust periodically holds un-invested cash in its capacity as custodian of the Firefighters' Retirement Fund. These funds exist as cash in the process of collection from the sale of securities.

Investments

The Board of Trustees of the Firefighters' Retirement Fund is authorized to invest and reinvest in:

- 1) Equities Must be traded on a national exchange or electronic network; and not more than 5% of the Plan's assets shall be invested in the common stock, capital stock or convertible stock of anyone issuing company, nor shall the aggregate investment in any one issuing company exceed 5% of the outstanding capital stock of the company.
- 2) Fixed Income All direct fixed income investments shall have a minimum rating of investment grade or higher as reported by a major credit rating service; and the value of bonds issued by any single corporation shall not exceed 5% of the total fund.
- 3) Money Market The money market fund or STIF options provided by the Plan's Custodian; and have a minimum rating of A1/P1, or its equivalent, by a major credit rating service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 2 – CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND POOLED CASH INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

4) <u>Pooled Funds</u> - Investments made by the Board may include pooled funds. For purposes of this policy pooled funds may include, but are not limited to, mutual funds, commingled funds, exchange traded funds, limited partnerships and private equity. Pooled funds may be governed by separate documents which may include investments not expressly permitted in this Investment Policy Statement. In the event of investment by the Plan into a pooled fund, the prospectus or governing policy of that pooled fund, as updated from time to time, shall be treated as an addendum to this Investment Policy Statement. The Investment Consultant shall periodically review with the Board any material changes in the prospectus or governing policy of a pooled fund.

The Firefighters' Retirement Plan held the following deposits and investments with recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2024:

	Fair Value			
Salem Trust Retirment Funds	Measurement]	Fair Value	Rating
Deposits Money market funds	N/A	\$	200,439	N/A
Investments Bonds:				
U.S. government agency fixed income securities	Level 2 inputs		1,120,964	N/A
Corporate bonds	Level 1 inputs		925,032	*
Equities - common stock and mutual funds	Level 1 inputs		6,091,008	N/A
Limited partnership interest - real estate investment fund (American Core Realty)	NAV		758,630	N/A
Total Investments		\$	9,096,073	

^{*} Investment complies with State of Florida investment requirements.

Investments valued using Net Asset Value ("NAV") as a practical expedient consist of a single real estate investment fund that invests in a diversified core of real estate. There are no unfunded commitments as of fiscal year end September 30, 2024. The fund can be redeemed at any time with a 10-day written notice.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 2 – CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk, Interest Rate Risk and Concentration Risk

State law provides that retirement plan fixed income securities must have a quality rating of "A" or equivalent as rated by one or more recognized bond rating services at the time of purchase. Fixed income investments which are downgraded to a "BAA" or equivalent rating must be liquidated within a reasonable period of time not to exceed twelve months. Fixed income investments that are downgraded below a "BAA" rating are to be liquidated immediately. At September 30, 2024, the City had balance in the Florida PRIME and Florida Safe which represented 40% and 23% respectively, of total cash and investments.

NOTE 3 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The amounts due from other governments consist of the following as of September 30, 2024:

General Fund	
State of Florida	
Communications Service Tax	\$ 9,581
Fire Insurance Premium Tax	67,202
Pinellas County:	
Motor fuel tax	539
Local Options Gas Tax	5,471
Total - governmental activities	82,793
Sewer Fund	
City of St. Petersburg - sewer service fees	 132,581
Reclaimed Water Fund	
City of St. Petersburg - reclaimed water fees	 23,466
Total- business- type activities	 156,047
Total	\$ 238,840

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 3 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS (CONTINUED)

The amounts due from other governments are unsecured and represent concentrations of credit risk in the event that any of the governmental entities were unable to remit the amount due the City.

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

The major components of capital assets for the City are summarized as follows at September 30, 2024:

	В	eginning								Ending
	Balance						Transfers/		Balances	
	Oct	ober 1, 2023		Additions		Deletions	Reclas	sifications	Septe	ember 30, 2024
Governmental Activities										
Non-depreciable assets:										
Land and land rights	\$	2,770,293	\$		\$		\$	1,838,794	\$	4,609,087
Construction and projects in progress		5,294,191	_	<u></u>	_	<u></u>		(5,184,585)		109,606
Total non-depreciatble assets:		8,064,484	_		_			(3,345,791)		4,718,693
Depreciable and amortizable assets:										
Structures and improvements		4,533,098		6,390,074		(13,753)		3,211,100		14,120,519
Infrastructure		5,215,252		274,564		(68,819)				5,420,997
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		4,278,130		331,496		(1)		134,691		4,744,316
Intangible right-to-use subscription asset		325,063	_	30,682	_	<u></u>				355,745
Total Depreciable and amortizable assets		14,351,543	_	7,026,816	_	(82,573)		3,345,791		24,641,577
Less: Accumulated Depreciation/Amortizaiton for:										
Structures and improvements		3,179,468		509,174		(2,407)				3,686,235
Infrastructure		2,850,981		233,837		(35,557)				3,049,261
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		2,249,513		383,051						2,632,564
Intangible right-to-use subscription asset		144,684		64,748						209,432
Total Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization		8,424,646		1,190,810		(37,964)		-		9,577,492
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	13,991,381	\$	5,836,006	\$	(44,609)	\$	<u> </u>	\$	19,782,778
	D	in m in .								En din o
		eginning Balance		Additions/			т.	c /		Ending Balances
	October 1, 2023					Deletions	Transfers/ Reclassifications			
D	Octo	ober 1, 2023		Trans fers		Deletions	Recias	sincations	Septe	ember 30, 2024
Business-type Activities Depreciable assets:										
Infrastructure - sewer system	e.	4.260.004	e.	154.012	Ф		e.		Ф	4 422 016
Infrastructure - reclaimed water system	\$	4,269,804 3,366,321	3	154,012	\$		\$		\$	4,423,816 3,366,321
Total depreciable assets		7,636,125	_	154,012	_					7,790,137
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:		7,030,123	-	154,012	-					7,770,137
Infrastructure - sewer system		2 220 769		145 500						2 475 260
Infrastructure - reclaimed water system		3,329,768 2,925,126		145,592 112,211						3,475,360 3,037,337
Total Accumulated Depreciation	-	6,254,894	_	257,803	-		-			6,512,697
•	•	1,381,231	S	(103,791)	\$		<u>s</u>	<u>_</u>	\$	1,277,440
Total Capital Assets, Net	Ф	1,301,431	Þ	(105,/91)	Ф		Φ		φ	1,4//,440

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation and amortization were charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$ 156,525
Public safety - fire	411,598
Public safety - protective inspections	64,146
Transportation - public works	159,096
Human services	6,364
Culture and recreation	70,587
Physical environment	322,494
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1,190,810

INTANGIBLE RIGHT-TO USE SUBSCRIPTION ASSET – SBITA

The City's contract provided for the use of software for financial management information technology with the availability of adding licensing and permitting software. The agreement is for a five year period after which either the City or the information technology provider can cancel the contract. The present value of the subscription payments was determined using the City's incremental borrowing rate which was 1.57% as of the date that the agreement was entered into. As of September 30, 2024, the intangible right-to-use subscription asset was \$355,745 and accumulated amortization is \$209,432.

The current SBITA will expire on June 1, 2025. Upon expiration of the initial term the agreement will renew automatically for an additional one (1) year renewal term at the current fee unless terminated in writing by either party 60 days prior to the end of the then current renewal term.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 51, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets, the City includes non-SBITA related computer software purchases as a capital asset in the category of "Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment" and property easements are included within the category of "Land and Land Rights."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 5 – UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue of \$43,826 as of September 30, 2024 consists of local business tax receipts received in advance that pertain to fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. The unearned revenue is reported as a liability.

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt as of September 30, 2024 is as follows:

					Amounts Due
	Beginning			Ending	Within
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	One Year
Governmental Activities					_
Revenue bonds payable	\$ 9,657,000	\$	\$ 533,000	\$ 9,124,000	\$ 554,000
Accrued compensated absences	\$ 311,506	\$ 278,581	\$ 235,959	\$ 354,128	\$ 70,826

Long-term debt for the governmental activities is comprised of the following as of September 30, 2024:

Revenue bonds payable: The Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2023, were issued on April 14, 2023 in the amount of \$9,900,000 for the purpose of financing the construction costs of a new fire station. The interest rate on the bonds is 3.86% and interest is payable semi-annually on October 1 and April 1. The bonds mature annually through October 1, 2037. The bonds will be repaid from non-pledged Non-Ad Valorem revenues. The City can redeem the bonds in whole or in part after October 1, 2028.

\$ 9,124,000

<u>Accrued Compensated Absences</u>: The vested portion of accumulated vacation and sick leave benefits due employees:

354,128

The compensated absences liability will be paid from the General Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The debt service requirement on the Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2023 are as follows:

	Principal	Interest		Total
Fiscal year ended:				
2025	\$ 554,000	\$ 352,186	\$	906,186
2026	575,000	330,802		905,802
2027	597,000	308,607		905,607
2028	620,000	285,563		905,563
2029	644,000	261,631		905,631
2030-2034	3,614,000	915,399		4,529,399
2035-2038	 2,520,000	 197,014	_	2,717,014
Total	\$ 9,124,000	\$ 2,651,202	\$	11,775,202

RIGHT-TO-USE SUBSCRIPTION LIABILITY - SBITA

The present value of the subscription payments was \$355,745 which have been recorded as right of use asset. The subscription payments are to be paid over the five-year term of the agreement. The present value of the subscription payments was determined using the City's incremental borrowing rate, which was 1.57% as of the date that the agreement was entered into. As of September 30, 2024, there the Right-to-Use Subscription Liability has been paid in full.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS

The City is involved with three pension plans: the Firefighters' Retirement Fund (a single employer defined benefit pension plan); the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund (a defined contribution pension plan), and the Florida Retirement System (a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan).

As further explained within this note, the City has recognized pension expenses for each of the retirement plans as follows:

Defined benefit pension plans:	
Firefighters' Retirement Fund	
Florida Retirement System	

\$ 819,974 54,860 874,834

Defined contribution plan:

Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund 15,710

Total \$ 890,544

FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT FUND

The City administers the Firefighters' Retirement Fund pension plan (the "Plan") pursuant to Chapter 175 of the Florida Statutes. The investments of the Plan are held by the City in a trustee capacity and are maintained in a segregated trust account. The trust account is managed by a professional trustee pursuant to a trust agreement with the City. The Plan's financial statements are included within the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Plan Administration - The Plan is administered by a five-member Board of Trustees that is comprised of two Commission appointees, two members of the department that are elected by the membership, and a fifth member who is elected by the other four members and appointed by Commission.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

Membership in the Plan - Membership of the plan as of:

	<u>10/1/2022</u>	<u>10/1/2023</u>
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	16	15
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	1	1
Active plan members	19	19
Total Members	36	35

Basis of Accounting - The plans' financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed. Benefits and expenses are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. The plan does not issue separate financial statements. The financial statements for the Plan are presented within this footnote and also presented on pages 28 and 29 which contain the Fiduciary Fund financial statements.

Method Used to Value Investments - Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term money market type investments are reported at cost which is equal to fair value.

Administrative Costs - The costs incurred in administering the Plan are paid for out of the Plan's assets.

Plan Description and Benefits Provided - Employees who are classified as full-time Firefighters participate in the plan as a condition of employment. The Plan provides pension benefits after 10 years of service upon retirement at age 55 or after completion of 25 years of service upon retirement at age 52. The Plan also provides for early retirement at age 50 upon completion of 10 years of service. Benefits for normal retirement are calculated as follows: average final compensation, which is the average of the best five out of the last ten years salary benefits excluding bonuses, is multiplied by years of full-time service. The product of average final compensation and years of service is multiplied by a factor of 3.0% for all credited service. The Plan contains a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) that is available to firefighters that have satisfied the normal retirement requirements. Participation in the DROP, whereby firefighters are able to defer retirement benefits, cannot exceed 60 months. The deferred retirement benefits are credited with the actual net rate of investment return, which is defined as the total return net of brokerage commissions, management fees and transaction costs. Benefits vest 100% upon completing 10 years of credited service and the members will receive the vested portion of their benefits at age 55.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

The Plan also provides death and disability benefits for participants with coverage beginning from the date of employment. Service incurred disability benefits are accrued to the date of disability but not less than 42% of average final compensation. Pre-retirement death benefits are based on monthly accrued benefit and are paid to the designated beneficiary for a 10-year period.

Investments - The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and related long-term expected rate of return based on best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class adopted as of the September 30, 2024 and 2023:

			2024	2023
	Target	Expected	Actual	Actual
Asset Class	Allocation	Return	Allocation	Allocation
Domestic equity	45%	7.5%	54%	50%
International equity	15%	8.5%	14%	14%
Domestic fixed income	20%	2.5%	22%	24%
Global fixed income	5%	3.5%	1%	1%
Real estate	10%	4.5%	9%	11%
Alternatives	5%	6.1%	0%	0%
Total	100%			

The Plan did not hold investments in any one organization that represents 5% or more of the Plan's Fiduciary Net Position.

For the year ended September 30, 2024 the annual money-weighted rate of return on Plan investments net of investment expense was 21.90%. For the measurement year of September 30, 2023, the annual money-weighted rate of return on Plan investments net of investment expense was 10.39%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Liability - The City has adopted GASB No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This required the City to record on its financial statements its net pension liability for the Firefighters' Retirement Fund. The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total pension liability), less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

The components of the Net Pension Liability reported as of September 30, 2024, measured as of September 30, 2023, were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 11,214,757
Less: Plan fiduciary net position	 (7,669,276)
Net pension liability	\$ 3,545,481

Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability 74.72%

The discount rate used to measure the Plan's total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member (employees) contributions will be made at the current contribution rate of 6% of salary and that plan sponsor (employer) contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the plan member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

	Current	
1% Decrease	Dicscount Rate	1% Increase
(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
\$ 4,727,960	\$ 3,545,481	\$ 2,543,478

Actuarial Assumptions - The Total Pension Liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Reporting Date: 9/30/2024

Measurement Date: 9/30/2023

Actuarial Valuation: 10/1/2022

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases Service based

Discount rate 7.25%

Investment rate of return 7.25%

Mortality rates Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018

Healthy – Sex Distinct

 $Female-PubS.H-2010 \ (Below\ Median),\ set\ forward\ one\ year \\ Male-PubS.H-2010 \ (Below\ Median),\ set\ forward\ one\ year$

Changes of Assumptions for September 30, 2023 Measurement Date applicable to the September 30, 2024 reporting date. Total pension liability and GASB 68 Pension Expense measured at September 30, 2023, reflect no assumption changes.

Reporting Date: 9/30/2024

Measurement Date: 9/30/2024

Actuarial Valuation: 10/1/2023

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases Service based

Discount rate 7.00% Investment rate of return 7.00%

Mortality rates Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018

Healthy - Sex Distinct

Female – PubS.H-2010 (Below Median), set forward one year Male – PubS.H-2010 (Below Median), set forward one year

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

Change in Net Pension Liability - The change in the net pension liability for the year ended September 30, 2024 based on a September 30, 2023 measurement date is as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total	Plan	Net	
	Pension	Fiduciary	Pension	
	Liability	Net Position	Liability	
Balances at October 1, 2023	\$10,925,618	\$ 6,959,696	\$ 3,965,922	
Changes for the current year:				
Service cost	230,116		230,116	
Interest	787,743		787,743	
Share plan allocation	9,470		9,470	
Difference between expected				
and actual experience	(157,569)		(157,569)	
Contributions - employer		488,300	(488,300)	
Contributions - state		66,042	(66,042)	
Contributions - employees		91,319	(91,319)	
Net investment income (loss)		708,918	(708,918)	
Benefit payments, including refund				
of employee contributions	(580,621)	(580,621)		
Administration expenses		(64,378)	64,378	
Net Changes	289,139	709,580	(420,441)	
Balances at September 30, 2024	\$11,214,757	\$ 7,669,276	\$ 3,545,481	

For the year ended September 30, 2024, using a measurement date of September 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense for the Plan under GASB 68 in the amount of \$819,974.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

The City has reported Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions in the Statement of Net Position as of September 30, 2024 as follows:

	Deferred	I	Deferred
	Outflows		Inflows
<u> </u>	of Resources	of?	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience			
with regard to economic or demographic assumptions	\$ 179,083	\$	126,056
Change of assumptions	169,579)	77,810
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments	688,271		
Employer and State contributions			
subsrquent to the measurement date	562,715	<u> </u>	
Total	\$ 1,599,648	\$	203,866

Amounts reported as Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to the Plan, exclusive of employer contributions received subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending		
September 30	1	Amount
2025	\$	276,636
2026		222,596
2027		406,212
2028	_	(72,377)
Total	\$	833,067

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

The financial statements for the Firefighters' Retirement Fund as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

Statement of Net Position September 30,

	2024	2023
Assets Cash Investments	\$ 190 9,096,073	\$ 190 7,487,982
Receivables Prepaid Expenses	92,674 3,750	193,571 3,750
Total Assets	9,192,687	7,685,493
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	10,298	16,217
Employer prepaid contribution	5,002	5,002
Total Liabilities	15,300	21,219
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$ 9,177,387	\$ 7,664,274

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

Statement of Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended September 30,

	2024	2023
Contributions		
Employer	\$ 495,524	\$ 498,705
Employee	99,286	91,319
Total Contributions	594,810	590,024
Intergovernmental revenue		
State excise tax rebate	67,202	66,042
Investment earnings		
Net change in fair value of investments	1,481,389	561,957
Interest and dividends	216,687	190,861
Total investment earnings	1,698,076	752,818
Less investment expense	(42,996)	(43,901)
Net investment earnings	1,655,080	708,917
Total additions	2,317,092	1,364,983
Deductions		
Benefits	746,685	580,621
Professional services	52,231	59,314
Trustee expenses	5,063	5,064
Total deductions	803,979	644,999
Change in Net Position	1,513,113	719,984
Net Position - October 1,	7,664,274	6,944,290
Net Position - September 30,	\$ 9,177,387	\$ 7,664,274

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

FLORIDA MUNICIPAL PENSION TRUST FUND

Plan Description - The City, in accordance with Florida Statute 121, elected to opt out of the Florida Retirement System for newly hired general employees effective January 1, 1996. General employees are all employees of the City who are not required to be certified as firefighters as a condition for employment. The City contributes to the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund (FMPTF), a defined contribution pension plan that covers all full-time employees as of the first day of the month following one year from the date of hire, and is administered by the Florida League of Cities, Inc. FMPTF provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

Florida Statute 121 and 185 assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the plans that participate in FMPTF to the respective employer entities; for the City this is the City Commission. The Florida League of Cities, Inc. issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the FMPTF.

That report may be obtained by writing to Florida League of Cities, Inc., P.O. Box 1757, Tallahassee, Florida 32302-1757 or by calling (850) 222-9684.

Funding Policy - The City is required to contribute 10% of eligible wages pursuant to the plan agreement. The City's contribution to the FMPTF for the years ended September 30, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was \$15,710, \$14,764, and \$14,300, respectively. The City contributed the required amount in each of the three years.

Effective March 1, 2015, the City Commission approved rejoining the Florida Retirement System for all new eligible employees, other than certified firefighters, hired on or after the effective date. All employees participating in the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund can elect to participate in the Florida Retirement System.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Plan Description - The City contributes to the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS) defined benefit pension plan controlled by the State Legislature and administered by the State of Florida Department of Administration, Division of Retirement. FRS provides retirement and disability, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Chapter 121 of Florida Statutes assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the State of Florida Department of Administration. The Division of Retirement issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for FRS. That report may be obtained by writing to The Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, Research, Education & Policy Section, Cedars Executive Center, Building C, 2639 North Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1560 or by calling (850) 488-5706.

Funding Policy - Effective July 1, 2011, FRS requires contributions from covered members at a rate of 3%. The City is required by State statute to contribute, on a monthly basis, at an actuarially determined rate. Effective July 1, 2023 the contribution rates were 11.91% (regular members) and 32.46% (senior management members). As of July 1, 2024, these rates changed to 11.57% (regular members) and 32.46% (senior management members). The City's contributions to FRS for the years ended September 30, 2024, 2023 and 2022 were \$295,537, \$284,413 and \$224,112, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Employees hired before January 1, 1996, other than certified firefighters, participate in the Florida Retirement System. As previously disclosed, effective March 1, 2015, all new employees, other than certified firefighters, will participate in the Florida Retirement System. Additionally, employees hired between January 1, 1996 and March 1, 2015, other than certified firefighters, can elect to participate in the Florida Retirement System and discontinue participating in the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

Deferred Retirement Option Program - The FRS Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) is a defined contribution plan and is available to a member when the member first reaches eligibility for normal retirement. The Plan is controlled by the State Legislature and administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. Chapter 121 of the Florida Statutes assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the State of Florida Department of Management Services. Effective July 1, 2023, DROP allows a member to retire while continuing employment for up to 96 months. Prior to July 1, 2023, DROP permitted a member to retire while continuing employment for 60 months. During DROP participation, the member's retirement benefits (increased by a cost-of-living adjustment each July) accumulate in the FRS Trust Fund and earn monthly interest equivalent to an annual rate of 4%. The member must cease employment after a maximum of 96 months, must satisfy the termination requirements for retirement, and, prior to July 1, 2024, is subject to reemployment restrictions thereafter. The member's DROP accumulation may be paid out as a lump sum payment, a rollover, or a combination partial lump sum payment and rollover. During the DROP eligibility period, the City is required to make contributions to FRS. The current rate, effective July 1, 2024 and continuing through September 30, 2024, based upon employees' gross earnings is 19.13%. The rate for the period July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024 was 19.13%.

Pension liabilities, Pension expense and Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources related to pensions - At September 30, 2024, as required by GASB 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, the City reported a net pension liability of \$1,815,535 for the FRS Plan component and \$527,666 for the HIS Plan component for its proportionate share of the FRS Pension Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability, totaling \$2,343,201, was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2024.

The City's proportionate share at June 30, 2024 for the FRS Plan component was 0.004693160%. The City's proportionate share at June 30, 2024 for the HIS Plan component was 0.003517542%. The City's proportionate shares at June 30, 2023 were 0.005048341% and 0.003481838% for the FRS and HIS Plan components, respectively. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024 the City recognized a pension expense of \$54,390 for the FRS component and \$470 of pension expense for the HIS Plan component.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

At September 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to FRS and HIS pensions from the following sources:

FRS Plan Component

•		Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	183,418	\$
Changes in assumptions		248,836	
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on investments			120,670
Changes in proportion and differences between City			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		217,736	111,532
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		61,618	
Total	\$	711,608	\$ 232,202
HIS Plan Component		Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
		o dello WE	IIIIO WB
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	5,095	\$ 1,013
Changes in assumptions		9,338	62,469
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments			191
Changes in proportion and differences between City		41.026	(265
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		41,026	6,365
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	7,103	
Total	\$	62,562	\$ 70,038
Combined FRS and HIS Plan Components	\$	774,170	\$ 302,240

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

The deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. Other amounts related to net deferred outflows and inflows of resources will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Fiscal year ending September 30,		Component	HIS Component		
2025	\$	18,864	\$	168	
2026		358,390		(1,744)	
2027		43,697		(4,743)	
2028		(13,220)		(3,528)	
2029		10,057		(3,487)	
Thereafter				(1,245)	
	\$	417,788	\$	(14,579)	

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	FRS Component	HIS Component
Valuation date	July 1, 2024	July 1, 2024
Measurement date	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2024
Inflation	2.40%	2.40%
Salary increases	3.50%, average, includes inflation	3.50%, average, includes inflation
Investment rate of return	6.70%, net of expense, includes inflation	3.93%, Municipal Bond Rate
Mortality tables	PUB2010 base table varies by member category and sex, projected gennerationally with Scale MP-2021	Generational PUB-2010 with Projection Scale MP-2021
Discount rate	6.70%	3.93%

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2024 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2023. The were no changes in actuarial assumptions in 2024 for the FRS component. For the HIS component, a change in the actuarial assumption was made increasing discount rate and the municipal bond rate used to determine total pension liability from 3.65% to 3.93%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

The long-term expected rate of return of 6.70% on Pension Plan investments consists of two building block components: an inferred real return of 4.20% and a long-term average annual inflation assumption of 2.40%. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

			Compound	
	Target	Annual	Annual	
	Allocation	Arithmetic	(Geometric)	Standard
Asset Class	(1)	Return	Return	Deviation
Cash	1.00%	3.30%	3.30%	1.10%
Fixed income	29.00%	5.70%	5.60%	3.90%
Global equity	45.00%	8.60%	7.00%	18.20%
Real estate	12.00%	8.10%	6.80%	16.60%
Private equity	11.00%	12.40%	8.80%	28.40%
Strategic investments	2.00%	6.60%	6.20%	8,7%
	100%			
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.40%	1.40%

⁽¹⁾ As outlined in the Pension Plan's Investment Policy

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate — The following table represents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated at the respective discount rates and the proportionate share using a rate 1% less than and 1% more than the current rate.

			Current		
			Discount		
	1%	Decrease	Rate	1%	6 Increase
FRS component	(5.70%)	(6.70%)	((7.70%)
City's proportionate share of					
the net pension liability	\$	3,193,462	\$ 1,815,535	\$	661,228
			Current		
			Discount		
	1%	Decrease	Rate	1% Increase	
HIS component		2.93%)	(3.93%)	((4.93%)
City's proportionate share of					
the net pension liability	\$	600,679	\$ 527,666	\$	467,052

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

Aggregate total amounts for City's defined benefit pension plans:

	FRS	HIS	Total FRS	Fire	Total
Net position	\$	\$	\$	\$ 7,669,274	\$ 7,669,274
Net Pension Liability	1,815,535	527,666	2,343,201	3,545,481	5,888,682
Deferred Outflows of Resources	711,608	62,562	774,170	1,599,648	2,373,818
Deferred Inflows of Resources	232,202	70,038	302,240	203,866	506,106
Pension expense	54,390	472	54,862	819,974	874,836

Employees' Deferred Compensation Plan

Plan Description: The City offers certain employees a deferred compensation plan (the Plan) under the provisions of Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC), as amended. The Plan is a defined contribution plan that does not require employer contributions. The Plan is administered by Mission Square Retirement (formerly ICMA Retirement Corporation) and provides the plan participants with the option to invest in over twenty different registered investment funds (mutual funds). Under the provisions of IRC Section 457, all amounts of compensation deferred under the Plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts and all income attributable to those amounts are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the Plan participants and their beneficiaries. The deferred compensation is not available until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. Employees are immediately vested in the full amount of compensation that is deferred under the Plan.

Funding Policy: The City is not required and does not contribute to the Plan. The net position of the Plan was \$2,496,813 as of September 30, 2024.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 8 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City provides other postemployment benefits (OPEB) in the form of the Retiree Health Care Plan. GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," provides for the determination and disclosure of the total OPEB liability and the annual cost of providing other postemployment benefits.

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's Retiree Health Care Plan (Plan) and additions to / deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Plan Description - The City's Retire Health Plan is a single employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan that covers eligible retired employees of the City. The Plan, which is administered by the City, allows employees who retire and meet eligibility requirements under one of the City's retirement plans to continue medical insurance coverage as a participant in the City's plan.

In accordance with Section 112.0801, of the Florida Statutes, because the City provides a medical and dental plan to active employees of the City and their eligible dependents, the City is also required to provide retirees with the opportunity to participate in this Plan. The Plan is currently unfunded. There is no separate trust through which benefits for retirees are funded. No assets are currently accumulated or earmarked for the Plan.

Employees covered by benefit terms - To be eligible to participate in the Plan, general employees must have a minimum of 10 years of service with the City. Firefighter employees are eligible to participate in the Plan after 10 years of service upon retirement at age 55 or after completion of 25 years of service upon retirement at age 52. At September 30, 2024, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Total Members	39
Active plan members	39
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receing benefits	
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	

Benefits Provided - The benefits provided are the same as those provided for active employees. Spouses and dependents of eligible retirees are also eligible for medical, dental and vision coverage. All employees of the City are eligible to receive postemployment health care benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 8 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Contributions - The retired employees, including their eligible dependents that are eligible to participate in the Plan, are required to pay 100% of their respective health care insurance premiums. The City does not contribute toward this payment. In future years, contributions are assumed to increase the same rate as the premiums. The City subsidizes the premium rates paid by retirees by allowing them to participate in the plan at reduced or blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because, on an actuarial basis, their current and future claims are expected to result in higher costs to the plan on average than those of active employees. Medicare eligible retirees are required to enroll in the Federal Medicare program for their primary coverage as soon as they are eligible. The City does not issue stand-alone financial statements for the plan.

Funding Policy - While the City does not contribute directly towards the cost of retiree premiums via an explicit subsidy, the ability of retirees to obtain health insurance coverage at a group rate which includes active employees, constitutes a significant economic benefit to retirees, or an implicit subsidy. This implicit subsidy is considered to be another post employment benefit (OPEB) obligation of the City. The annual required contribution to fund the OPEB obligation is currently based on a pay-as-you-go funding approach.

Actuarial Assumptions - The actuarial valuation is based on an actuarial valuation performed as of September 30, 2022 and is applicable to the year ended September 30, 2024. The updated Total OPEB Liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%	Initial health care trend rate	7.25%
Salary increases	2.50%	Ultimate health care trend rate	4.00%
Discount rate	4.87%	Years until ultimate trend rate	52

Changes in assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.43% for fiscal year September 30, 2022 to 4.77% for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023 to 4.87% for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024.

For all lives, mortality rates were PubG-2010 Mortality Tables projected to the valuation date using Projection Scale MP-2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 8 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate - Given the City's decision not to fund the program, all future benefit payments were discounted using a high quality municipal bond rate of 4.87%. The high quality municipal bond rate was based on the week closest but not later than the measurement date of the S&P Municipal 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as published by S&P Dow Jones Indices. The S&P Municipal 20 Year High Grade Rate Index consists of bonds in the S&P Municipal Bond Index with a maturity of 20 years. Eligible bonds must be rated at least AA by Standard and Poor's Rating Services, Aa2 by Moody's or AA by Fitch. If there are multiple ratings, the lowest rating is used.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	-	Increase Decrease)
Reporting period ended September 30, 2023	\$	198,562
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		12,453
Interest		9,981
Changes of assumptions		(2,646)
Benefit payments, including refund of		
employee contribtuions		(3,574)
Net changes		16,214
Reporting period ended September 30, 2024	\$	214,776

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate.

	1%	Decrease	(Current (4.87%)		6 Increase
	((3.87%)	((5.87%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	243,331	\$	214,776	\$	190,532

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 8 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage-point lower or one-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

	1%	1% Decrease		Current		6 Increase
	(3.00)	0%-6.25%)	(4.0	0%-7.25%)	(5.00	0%-8.25%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	186,085	\$	214,776	\$	249,314

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Total Position - The plan is unfunded and as result the OPEB Plan's Fiduciary Position is \$-0- as of September 30, 2024.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB - For the year ended September 30, 2024, the City recognized an OPEB expenses of \$23,838, including administrative expenses.

On September 30, 2024, the City reported Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB from the following resources:

	eferred utflows	Deferred Inflows	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 5,533		
Total	\$ 5,533	\$	

The deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the total pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 9 – RISK FINANCING

The City is subject to losses in the normal course of operations resulting from general liability, property and casualty, workers' compensation, employee health and accident, environmental, and antitrust matters. The City has purchased commercial insurance to protect against employee health losses. The City participates in Public Risk Management of Florida for purposes of protecting against workers' compensation losses; real and personal property losses; automobile damage; and general liability, including malpractice and errors and omissions.

The City does not self-insure against any risks. To the extent that the City has purchased commercial insurance, all risk of loss has been transferred to the insurance underwriter.

Public Risk Management of Florida is a risk pool that assumes the risk of loss for all participating members. The members are subject to additional premium assessments in the event that the risk pool requires additional funding to satisfy all claims. The City has not been assessed any additional insurance premiums during the year ended September 30, 2024, nor is the City aware of any contingent assessments. The City has not reduced insurance coverage from the prior year for any category of insurance risk. Settlement claims, if any, have not exceeded insurance coverage at any time for each of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 10 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Law Enforcement: The Pinellas County Sheriff's Department has full and complete responsibility for providing the City with appropriate and necessary law enforcement services. The City has renewed its contract with the Pinellas County Sheriff's Department to provide law enforcement services, at an annual contract amount of \$1,067,520 effective October 1, 2024 through September 30, 2025. The contract requires the City to make twelve monthly installment of \$88,960 due on the first day of the month. The City paid \$997,572 under the contract with the Pinellas County Sheriff's Department for fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

Sewer Service - The City has contracted with the City of St. Petersburg whereby St. Petersburg accepts into its sanitary sewer system the flow from South Pasadena's sanitary sewer system. The City of South Pasadena is charged on the basis of average monthly flow rates and capacity charges determined by the City of St. Petersburg. Sewer disposal expense for the year ended September 30, 2024, was \$1,494,614.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NOTE 10 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

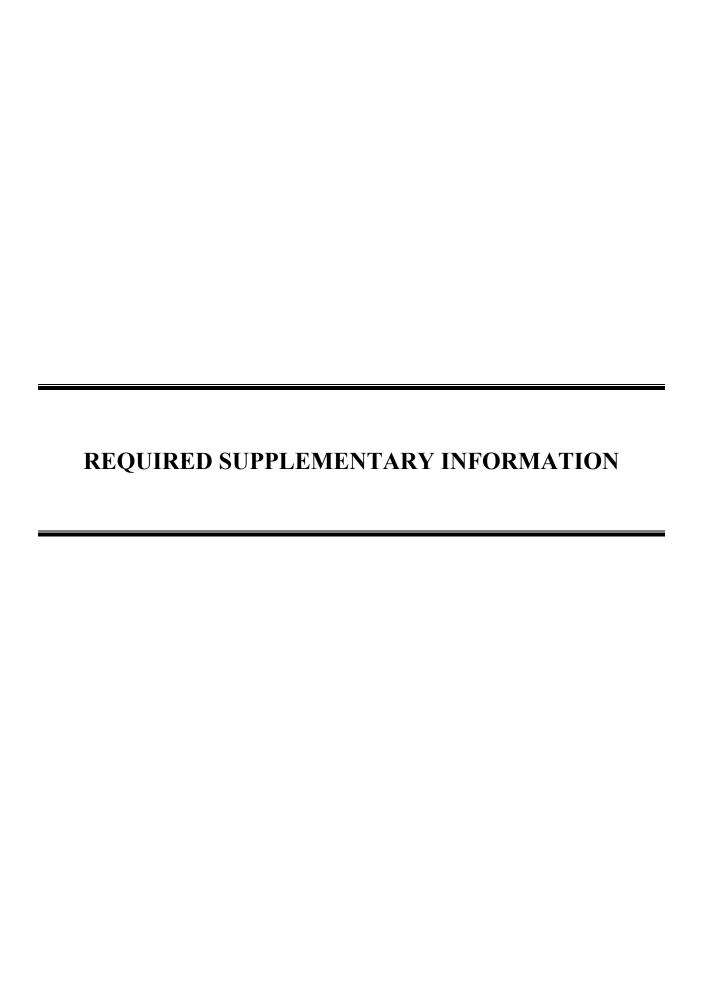
New Fire Station Land - The City entered into a purchase agreement on October 9, 2019 in the amount of \$700,000 to acquire approximately 1.3 acres of land located on Pasadena Avenue upon which a new fire station is to be constructed. The City closed on the land purchase on January 6, 2023 at a cost of \$711,110. Per the purchase agreement, the City constructed an approximately 115-space parking lot on land owned by the seller that adjoins the property acquired by the City. The parking lot will be retained by the seller as additional consideration for the sale of the 1.3 acres to the City. Per the purchase agreement, the City also constructed a stormwater retention pond on the 1.3 acres of land it acquired.

New Fire Station - The City completed the construction of the new Pasadena Avenue fire station. The amended contract amount of \$10,530,617 for the fire station project and a final payment of \$465,001 was made to the contractor in July 2024.

NOTE 11 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In late September and early October 2024, the City incurred significant impact and damage from Hurricanes Helene and Milton. Hurricane Milton caused flooding and damage to the first floor of the City Hall building. Damages of approximately \$300,000 are estimated to tear out the contaminated areas on first floor of City Hall and \$500,000 to refurbish the damage. As of the present date, it is not known what amounts will be reimbursed by FEMA and/or insurance. The City also incurred approximately \$800,000 in debris removal for Hurricanes Helene and Milton. It is expected that most of the costs for debris removal will be reimbursed by FEMA. The costs of emergency protective measures were approximately \$400,000, which the City expects to be reimbursed by FEMA. The City is working on the claims for the damages that were incurred, but it is not presently determinable what amounts will be approved and/or reimbursed by FEMA and/or Insurance.

To help the citizens impacted by the hurricanes, the City Commission approved an emergency ordinance allowing residents to acquire permits to temporarily live in recreational vehicles (RVs) on their property while rebuilding their homes. The ordinance also authorizes residents to apply for permits to temporarily store boats within their front yard as residents reconstruct their docks.



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023)

			2023		
-				Variance with	
				Final Budget	
-		Amounts	Actual Amounts	Positive	
D (7.4)	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	(Negative)	Actual
Resources (Inflows)					
Taxes	* 4.455.105	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	A 420 025	A (20.250)	A 2 0 60 420
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 4,477,185	\$ 4,477,185	\$ 4,438,935	\$ (38,250)	\$ 3,868,420
Utility taxes	788,050	788,050	833,028	44,978	828,575
Communications service tax	175,000	175,000	128,516	(46,484)	178,071
Electric franchise	520,000	520,000	540,112	20,112	520,873
Gas franchise	7,200	7,200	6,217	(983)	5,953
Refuse franchise	60,000	60,000	64,130	4,130	59,384
Total Taxes	6,027,435	6,027,435	6,010,938	(16,497)	5,461,276
Licenses and permits					
Local business tax	116,000	116,000	114,434	(1,566)	118,052
Building permits	450,000	450,000	563,732	113,732	578,796
Mechanical permits			210	210	
Planning and zoning fees	5,500	5,500	7,938	2,438	8,558
Grease management permits	2,500	2,500	1,400	(1,100)	
Total Licenses and Permits	574,000	574,000	687,714	113,714	705,406
Intergovernmental Revenue					
County Emergency Medical Services Authority	1,129,430	1,129,430	1,174,633	45,203	1,077,366
State revenue sharing	225,000	225,000	222,542	(2,458)	229,843
Local 1/2 cent sales tax	450,000	450,000	439,287	(10,713)	453,437
State pro-rata share of alcoholic beverage					
licenses	5,000	5,000	7,960	2,960	4,968
State mobile home licenses distribution	3,500	3,500	3,419	(81)	3,419
State municipal tax refund	1,350	1,350	1,382	32	1,257
State excise tax rebate - Fire Pension	53,000	53,000	67,202	14,202	66,042
Local option gas tax	69,000	69,000	67,533	(1,467)	68,723
Fire Fighters supplemental compensation	8,280	8,280	7,030	(1,250)	7,191
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	1,944,560	1,944,560	1,990,988	46,428	1,912,246

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 (CONTINUED) (WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023)

			2023				
	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive			
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	(Negative)	Actual		
Resources (Inflows) (continued)							
Fines and forfeits -							
Police fines	\$ 3,400	\$ 3,400	\$ 2,975	\$ (425)	\$ 3,380		
Red light fines			525	525	581		
	3,400	3,400	3,500	100	3,961		
Interest	153,000	153,000	329,543	176,543	200,711		
Change in fair value of investments			33,509	33,509	19,167		
Rent	8,500	8,500	14,200	5,700	10,236		
Miscellaneous	80,500	80,500	74,682	(5,818)	66,923		
	245,400	245,400	455,434	210,034	300,998		
Amounts Available for Appropriation	8,791,395	8,791,395 8,791,395 9,145,074 353,679					
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows) Current General government Legislative							
Personal services	66,150	66,150	66,147	3	62,412		
Other services and charges	80,500	80,500	94,187	(13,687)	55,462		
Travel and conventions	11,000	11,000	9,904	1,096	9,199		
Supplies	2,150	2,150	1,342	808	978		
	159,800	159,800	171,580	(11,780)	128,051		
Finance and Administration							
Personal services	854,980	854,980	860,507	(5,527)	812,341		
Other services and charges	79,540	79,540	52,023	27,517	32,588		
Insurance	41,635	41,635	41,635		32,822		
Supplies	6,250	6,250	6,092	158	9,665		
Maintenance	2,000	2,000	1,195	805	893		
Utilities	15,820	15,820	15,755	65	16,181		
Audit and accounting	20,350	20,350	22,620	(2,270)	15,315		
Telephone	9,900	9,900	8,170	1,730	9,066		
	1,030,475	1,030,475	1,007,997	22,478	928,871		
Total General Government	\$ 1,190,275	\$ 1,190,275	\$ 1,179,577	\$ 10,698	\$ 1,056,922		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 (CONTINUED) (WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023)

			2023		
	Budgeted	l Amounts	2024 Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Budget	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	(Negative)	Actual
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows) (continued) Public Safety					
Law enforcement Pinellas County Sheriff - Department contract	\$ 998,075	\$ 998,075	\$ 997,572	\$ 503	\$ 924,072
	998,075	998,075	997,572	503	924,072
Fire Department					
Personal services	3,158,820	3,158,820	3,176,547	(17,727)	2,929,373
Other services and charges	180,390	180,390	125,240	55,150	129,853
Insurance	93,295	93,295	92,066	1,229	81,472
Supplies	11,250	11,250	12,046	(796)	8,015
Maintenance	79,500	79,500	90,100	(10,600)	81,284
Utilities	18,200	18,200	30,725	(12,525)	19,380
Small tools and equipment	1,500	1,500	1,480	20	549
Traffic signals	5,265	5,265	4,875	390	4,875
Telephone	8,450	8,450	7,615	835	8,173
Capital outlay	1,500	1,500		1,500	
	3,558,170	3,558,170	3,540,694	17,476	3,262,974
Protective Inspections					
Personal services	569,795	569,795	529,009	40,786	483,521
Other services and charges	105,100	105,600	86,643	18,957	74,208
Supplies	8,325	8,325	8,052	273	5,689
Insurance	9,060	9,060	9,060		7,390
Maintenance	3,500	5,240	3,557	1,683	3,138
	695,780	698,020	636,321	61,699	573,946
Total Public Safety	5,252,025	5,254,265	5,174,587	79,678	4,760,992
Transportation - Public Works					
Personal services	850,810	850,810	849,847	963	740,874
Other services and charges	78,205	78,205	84,972	(6,767)	72,460
Insurance	96,865	96,865	96,865		73,735
Supplies	10,500	10,500	8,926	1,574	13,435
Maintenance	49,250	49,250	35,535	13,715	43,807
Telephone	6,150	6,150	4,578	1,572	5,731
Utilities	52,100	52,100	50,561	1,539	49,489
Total Transportation	\$ 1,143,880	\$ 1,143,880	\$ 1,131,284	\$ 12,596	\$ 999,531

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 (CONTINUED) (WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENEDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023)

		2023					
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive			
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	(Negative)	Actual		
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows) (continued) Human services - welfare and other services	¢ 5.750	\$ 6,000	\$ 2.750	¢ 2.250	\$ 6,000		
other services	\$ 5,750	\$ 6,000	\$ 2,750	\$ 3,250	\$ 6,000		
Culture and Recreation	19.075	10.075	20.550	(1.575)	17 175		
Library Culture services	18,975 1,000	18,975 1,000	20,550 1,000	(1,575)	17,175		
Special events	30,000	30,000	19,951	10,049	1,000 18,422		
Total Culture and Recreation	49,975	49,975	41,501	8,474	36,597		
Total Culture and Recreation	49,973	49,973	41,501	0,474	30,397		
Other							
Contingencies	943,510	941,020		941,020			
Total Other	943,510	941,020		941,020			
Debt Service Principal retirement					35,483		
Interest					1,123		
					36,606		
Total Charges to Appropriations	8,585,415	8,585,415	7,529,699	1,055,716	6,896,648		
Excess (Deficiency) of Resources over Charges to Appropriations	205,980	205,980	1,615,375	1,409,395	1,483,278		
Other Financing Use							
Transfer out	(205,980)	(205,980)	(246,535)	(40,555)	(213,184)		
Total Other Financing Use	(205,980)	(205,980)	(246,535)	(40,555)	(213,184)		
Net Change			1,368,840	1,368,840	1,270,094		
Fund Balance - Beginning	4,826,054	4,826,054	4,826,054		3,555,960		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 4,826,054	\$ 4,826,054	\$ 6,194,894	\$ 1,368,840	\$ 4,826,054		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY

Reporting period ending:	9-30-24	9-30-23	9-30-22	9-30-21	9-30-20	9-30-19	9-30-18	9-30-17	9-30-16	9-30-15
Measurement date:	9-30-23	9-30-22	9-30-21	9-30-20	9-30-19	9-30-18	9-30-17	9-30-16	9-30-15	9-30-14
Total Pension Liability										
Service cost	\$ 230,116	\$ 252,976	\$ 238,667	\$ 228,831	\$ 244,566	\$ 202,965	\$ 139,049	\$ 131,806	\$ 121,564	\$ 109,667
Interest on the total pension liability	787,743	750,794	716,876	703,894	679,059	663,963	670,563	659,566	634,381	622,005
Change in benefit terms					(329)					
Change in excess state money							(15,444)			
Share plan allocation	9,470	2,950					7,722			
Differences between expected and actual experience	(157,569)	114,903	168,759	54,156	46,240	120,334	67,857	(203,988)	129,765	
Change of assumptions			250,580	(233,428)	265,739			305,372		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(580,621)	(597,629)	(585,864)	(594,549)	(598,776)	(1,068,711)	(999,844)	(516,349)	(625,616)	(542,143)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	289,139	523,994	789,018	158,904	636,499	(81,449)	(130,097)	376,407	260,094	189,529
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	10,925,618	10,401,624	9,612,606	9,453,702	8,817,203	8,898,652	9,028,749	8,652,342	8,392,248	8,202,719
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$11,214,757			\$9,028,749	\$8,652,342	\$8,392,248				
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Contributions - employer	\$ 488,300	\$ 485,420	\$ 480,000	\$ 419,769	\$ 455,250	\$ 340,140	\$ 298,315	\$ 303,240	\$ 286,491	\$ 198,912
Contributions - State	66,042	53,002	44,538	83,007	ψ 433,230	44,493	43,206	50,450	48,347	48,975
Contributions - employees	91,319	95,361	88,339	84,354	78,932	68,864	54,426	45,265	42,620	39,662
Net investment income (loss)	708,918	(1,327,503)	1,294,221	482,152	257,832	405,725	785,892	466,375	(79,221)	636,387
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(580,621)	(597,629)	(585,864)	(594,549)	(598,776)	(1,068,711)	(999,844)	(516,349)	(625,616)	(542,143)
Administrative expenses	(64,378)	(43,523)	(40,551)	(58,913)	(44,423) (38,136)		(34,501)	(40,775)	(30,445)	(27,419)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	709,580	(1,334,872)	1,280,683	415,820	148,815	(247,625)	147,494	308,206	(357,824)	354,374
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	6,959,696	8,294,568	7,013,885	6,598,065	6,449,250	6,696,875	6,549,381	6,241,175	6,598,999	6,244,625
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 7,669,276	\$ 6,959,696	\$ 8,294,568	\$7,013,885	\$6,598,065	\$6,449,250	\$6,696,875	\$6,549,381	\$6,241,175	\$6,598,999
Trail Fiduciary Net Tosition - Ending (b)	<u>\$ 7,000,270</u>	\$ 0,737,070	ψ 0,254,300	Ψ7,013,003	\$0,570,005	Ψ0,117,230	Ψ0,070,075	\$0,547,501	Φ0,241,175	Ψ0,370,777
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a - b)	\$ 3,545,481	\$ 3,965,922	\$ 2,107,056	\$2,598,721	\$2,855,637	\$2,367,953	\$2,201,777	\$2,479,368	\$2,411,167	\$1,793,249
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the										
Total Pension Liability	68.39%	63.70%	79.74%	72.97%	69.79%	73.14%	75.26%	72.54%	72.13%	78.63%
Covered Payroll	\$ 1,521,992	\$ 1,589,357	\$ 1,472,829	\$1,405,886	\$1,313,532	\$1,147,416	\$ 907,112	\$ 753,762	\$ 708,754	\$ 661,032
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	232.95%	249.53%	143.06%	184.85%	217.40%	206.37%	242.72%	328.93%	340.20%	271.28%
		=								
Money-Weighted Rate of Return on Pension Plan Investments	10.39%	-16.38%	18.73%	7.46%	6.36%	6.28%	12.51%	7.54%	-1.25%	10.35%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Reporting period ending	9-30-24	9-30-23	9-30-22	9-30-21	9-30-20	9-30-19	9-30-18	9-30-17	9-30-16	9-30-15
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 552,676	\$ 555,277	\$ 526,996	\$ 518,247	\$ 502,607	\$ 455,310	\$ 391,969	\$ 341,520	\$ 352,204	\$ 328,458
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution:										
City's contribution	485,474	489,235	473,994	473,709	419,600	455,310	347,477	298,315	301,754	280,111
State excise tax - contribution	67,202	66,042	53,002	44,538	83,007		44,492	43,205	50,450	48,347
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 1,654,755	\$ 1,521,992	\$ 1,589,347	\$ 1,472,829	\$ 1,405,886	\$ 1,313,532	\$ 1,147,416	\$ 907,112	\$ 753,762	\$ 708,754
covered payroll	33.40%	6 36.48%	33.16%	35.19%	35.75%	34.66%	34.16%	37.65%	46.73%	46.34%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

<u>Valuation date:</u> October 1, 2022

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Funding Method: Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method

Amortization Method: Level % of Pay, Closed

Remaining Amortization

Period: 30 years as of 10-01-17

Mortality: Female: PubS.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year.

Male: PubS.H-2010 (Below Median) for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year.

Disability: 80% PubG.H-2010 / 20% PubS.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees.

Discount Rate 7.25%

Inflation: 2.50% per year.

Retirement Rates: Age and experience-based probability table considering eligibility for normal retirement.

Salary Increases Service based

Disability Rates Age based probability table.

Retirement Age Earlier of the age 55 with 10 years of service or the completion of 25 years of service

(earlier of age 55 or 25 years of service upon retirement at age 52). Also, any member

who has reached normal retirement age is assumed to continue employment for one additional year.

Early Retirement Commencing with eligibility at age 50 upon completion of 10 years of service. Members are

assumed to retire with an immediate subsidized benefit at the rate of 5% per year.

Actuarial Asset Method Each year the prior actuarial value of assets is brought forward utilizing the historical geometric

4-year average market value return net of fees. It is possible that over time this technique

will produce an insignificant bias above or below the market value of assets.

Payroll Growth: None

This schedule is presented as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM - CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY

	0.20.24	0.20.22	0.20.22	0.20.21	0.20.20	0.20.10	0.20.10	0.20.17	0.20.16	0.20.15
FRS Pension Plan	9-30-24	9-30-23	9-30-22	9-30-21	9-30-20	9-30-19	9-30-18	9-30-17	9-30-16	9-30-15
Employer's Proportion for the FRS Pension	0.004693160%	0.005048341%	0.004607587%	0.003823528%	0.003376602%	0.003885280%	0.003859612%	0.003723260%	0.002924305%	0.001829231%
City's Proportionate Share	0.00402310070	0.00304034170	0.00400738778	0.00382332870	0.00337000270	0.00388328078	0.00363701270	0.00372320070	0.002/24303/0	0.00102723170
Total Pension Liability	\$ 11,140,167	\$ 11,419,559	\$ 10,018,481	\$ 8,015,493	\$ 6,918,986	\$ 7,693,334	\$ 7,384,109	\$ 6,837,119	\$ 4,884,496	\$ 2,951,844
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(9,324,632)	(9,407,955)	(8,304,088)	(7,726,669)	(5,455,517)	(6,355,298)	(6,221,574)	(5,735,804)	(4,146,107)	(2,715,574)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,815,535	\$ 2,011,604	\$ 1,714,393	\$ 288,824	\$ 1,463,469	\$ 1,338,036	\$ 1,162,535	\$ 1,101,315	\$ 738,389	\$ 236,270
,		- /- /	<u>- /- /</u>				- / · / · · ·			
Plan Net Position as a Percentage of Total Net Pension Liability	83.70%	82.38%	82.89%	96.40%	78.85%	82.61%	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%
Service Cost	\$ 143,021	\$ 139,845	\$ 121,441	\$ 101,265	\$ 89,394	\$ 98,028	\$ 93,556	\$ 173,845	\$ 86,833	\$ 44,049
Interest on the total pension liability	700,742	723,506	645,621	524,327	454,418	512,659	495,880	1,046,562	492,974	244,236
Plan changes		67,290	4,575			443		7,728	1,315	
Effect of economic/demographic gain or loss	55,954	166,533	67,432	20,787	4,867	10,248	25,269	118,408	39,905	33,773
Effect of assumptions	212,315	20,196	152,842	35,067	13,695	64,133	99,844	871,705	41,960	
Employer contributions	(378,860)	(117,677)	18,563	(5,970)	(241,781)	(115,303)	(85,683)	(218,233)	(99,280)	(50,801)
Member contributions	(37,943)	(39,824)	(35,443)	(28,926)	(25,272)	(29,249)	(28,807)	(62,441)	(28,934)	(14,550)
Net investment income Administrative expense	(892,660) 1,362	(664,023) 1,365	449,502 1,036	(1,822,026) 831	(170,616) 728	(366,219) 761	(539,618) 779	(1,576,186) 1,538	(33,407) 753	(115,085) 376
Administrative expense	1,502	1,303	1,030	631	128	/01		1,336		
Net change in net pension liability	(196,069)	297,211	1,425,569	(1,174,645)	125,433	175,501	61,220	362,926	502,119	141,998
Net pension liability - beginning	2,011,604	1,714,393	288,824	1,463,469	1,338,036	1,162,535	1,101,315	738,389	236,270	94,272
Net pension liability - ending	\$ 1,815,535	\$ 2,011,604	\$ 1,714,393	\$ 288,824	\$ 1,463,469	\$ 1,338,036	\$ 1,162,535	\$ 1,101,315	\$ 738,389	\$ 236,270
Covered payroll	\$ 1,505,382	\$ 1,444,587	\$ 1,209,090	\$ 1,066,381	\$ 1,041,948	\$ 1,052,168	\$ 1,021,075	\$ 988,476	\$ 942,075	\$ 608,026
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	121%	139%	142%	27%	140%	127%	114%	111%	78%	39%
Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS Plan)										
Employer's Proportion for the HIS Plan	0.003517542%	0.003481838%	0.003289038%	0.002994066%	0.002919720%	0.003109028%	0.003119899%	0.003059396%	0.002962991%	0.001423488%
City's Proportionate Share										
Total Pension Liability	\$ 554,285	\$ 576,702	\$ 365,970	\$ 380,819	\$ 367,537	\$ 357,260	\$ 337,466	\$ 332,580	\$ 348,698	\$ 147,064
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(26,620)	(23,740)	(17,608)	(13,552)	(11,044)	(9,391)	(7,252)	(5,455)	(3,374)	(729)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 527,666	\$ 552,962	\$ 348,362	\$ 367,267	\$ 356,493	\$ 347,869	\$ 330,214	\$ 327,125	\$ 345,324	\$ 146,335
Plan Net Position as a Percentage of Total Net Pension Liability	4.80%	4.12%	4.81%	3.56%	3.00%	2.63%	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%
Service Cost	\$ 11,050	\$ 7,252	\$ 9,565	\$ 8,403	\$ 7,752	\$ 7,217	\$ 8,063	\$ 5,761	\$ 35,080	\$ 14,624
Interest on the total pension liability	21,154	13,645	9,058	8,346	11,758	13,001	12,158	6,384	53,398	27,258
Plan changes		194,854	172							
Effect of economic/demographic gain or loss	126	530	(588)	364	12,980	(16)	5,857	(20.240)	(4,212)	40,856
Effect of assumptions	(32,477)	(9,849)	(50,791)	3,023	13,348	16,038	(12,098)	(20,310)	184,818	(25.700)
Employer contributions Member contributions	(23,839)	(1,055)	13,697	(9,342)	(37,040)	(18,392)	(10,790)	(10,011)	(70,044)	(25,700)
Net investment income	(1,308)	(776)	(22)	(24)	(168)	(193)	(99)	(26)	(77)	(27)
Administrative expense	(1,500)	7	6	6	5	6	5	3	26	13
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	`	<u>-</u>								
Net change in net pension liability	(25,296)	204,600	(18,905)	10,774	8,624	17,655	3,089	(18,199)	198,989	57,024
Net pension liability - beginning	552,962	348,362	367,267	356,493	347,869	330,214	327,125	345,324	146,335	89,311
Net pension liability - ending	\$ 527,666	\$ 552,962	\$ 348,362	\$ 367,267	\$ 356,493	\$ 347,869	\$ 330,214	\$ 327,125	\$ 345,324	\$ 146,335
										
Covered payroll	\$ 1,505,382	\$ 1,444,587	\$ 1,209,090	\$ 1,066,381	\$ 1,041,948	\$ 1,052,168	\$ 1,021,075	\$ 988,476	\$ 942,075	\$ 608,026
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	35%	38%	29%	34%	34%	33%	32%	33%	37%	24%
Combined FRS and HIS Pension Plan										
Total Pension Liability	\$ 11,694,453	\$ 11,996,261	\$ 10,384,451	\$ 8,396,312	\$ 7,286,523	\$ 8,050,594	\$ 7,721,575	\$ 7,169,699	\$ 5,233,194	\$ 3,098,908
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(9,351,252)	(9,431,695)	(8,321,696)	(7,740,221)	(5,466,561)	(6,364,689)	(6,228,826)	(5,741,259)	(4,149,481)	(2,716,303)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,343,201	\$ 2,564,566	\$ 2,062,755	\$ 656,091	\$ 1,819,962	\$ 1,685,905	\$ 1,492,749	\$ 1,428,440	\$ 1,083,713	\$ 382,605
	2,2,3,201	2,50.,500	- 2,002,700	- 050,071	- 1,012,702	- 1,000,700	- 1,1,2,142	- 1,120,110	- 1,000,710	- 502,000

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

	9/30/2024	9/30/2023	9/30/2022	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017	9/30/2016	9/30/2015
FRS Pension Plan Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 265,756 (265,756)	\$ 261,290 (261,290)	\$ 204,031 (204,031)	\$ 159,436 (159,436)	\$ 123,043 (123,043)	\$ 119,395 (119,395)	\$ 116,387 (116,387)	\$ 108,450 (108,450)	\$ 72,614 (72,614)	\$ 72,614 (72,614)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	<u> </u>	\$
Covered payroll	\$ 1,322,706	\$ 1,392,956	\$ 1,209,684	\$ 1,073,053	\$1,017,892	\$1,085,837	\$ 993,506	\$ 994,407	\$ 928,886	\$ 928,886
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	20.09%	18.76%	16.87%	14.86%	12.09%	11.00%	11.71%	10.91%	7.82%	7.82%
Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS Plan) Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 29,781 (29,781)	\$ 23,123 (23,123)	\$ 20,081 (20,081)	\$ 17,813 (17,813)	\$ 16,897 (16,897)	\$ 18,025 (18,025)	\$ 16,492 (16,492)	\$ 16,507 (16,507)	\$ 15,420 (15,420)	\$ 15,420 (15,420)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Covered payroll	\$ 1,322,706	\$ 1,392,956	\$ 1,209,684	\$ 1,073,053	\$1,017,892	\$ 1,085,837	\$ 993,506	\$ 994,407	\$ 928,886	\$ 928,886
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	2.25%	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

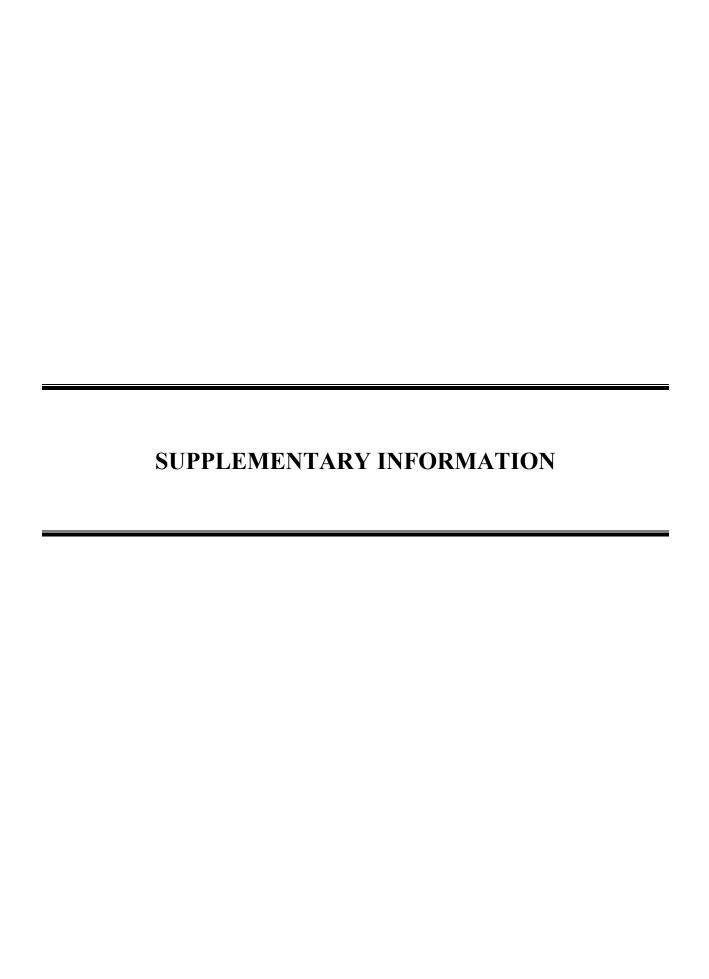
RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN

SCEHDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

Reporting period ending: Measurement date:		9-30-24 9-30-23		9-30-23 9-30-22		9-30-22 9-30-21		9-30-21 9-30-20	_	9-30-20 9-30-19		9-30-19 9-30-18		9-30-18 9-30-17)-17)-16
Total OPEB Liability																	
Service cost	\$	12,453	\$	12,517	\$	12,814	\$	10,978	\$	9,727	\$	9,552	\$	9,319	\$		7,977
Interest on the total pension liability		9,981		5,934		5,256		6,807		7,091		4,856		3,903			4,034
Change in benefit terms																	
Differences between expected and actual experience			8,704					562				18,098					
Change of assumptions		(2,646)	(55,531)		(10,123)		44,835	4,835 12,324		8,921		(6,410)		6,579		6,579	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(3,574)	(9,381)		(8,767)			(10,285)		(9,523)		(1,246)		(1,145)		(1,145)	
Net change in total pension liability		16,214		(37,757)		(820)		52,897		19,619		40,181		5,667			17,445
Total OPEB liability beginning		198,562		236,319		237,139		184,242		164,623		124,442		118,775		10	01,330
Total pension liability ending	\$	214,776	\$	198,562	\$	236,319	\$	237,139	\$	184,242	\$	164,623	\$	124,442	\$	1	18,775
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	3,109,274	\$	3,033,438	\$	2,587,275	\$	2,524,171	\$	2,553,130	\$	2,490,858	\$	2,277,871	\$	2,10	68,110
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		6.91%		6.55%		9.13%		9.39%		7.22%		6.61%		5.46%			5.48%

NOTES: (1) GASB 75 requires 10 year of information. Information is only available for 9 years. Additional years of information will be added as the information becomes available.

⁽²⁾ There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB 75 to pay related benefits for the OPEB plan.



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023)

Budgeted Amounts Actual Amounts Positive Positive Positive Negative Positive Positi			20	024		2023
Resources (Inflows) Taxes, licenses and permits - Impact fees/assessments \$ \$ \$ 7,651 \$ 7,651 \$ 15,47 Intergovernmental revenue Infrastructure tax 796,000 796,000 764,583 (31,417) 764,69 Federal grants 1,984,07		Budgete			Final Budget	
Taxes, licenses and permits - Impact fees/assessments \$ \$ \$ 7,651 \$ 7,651 \$ 15,47 Intergovernmental revenue Infrastructure tax 796,000 796,000 764,583 (31,417) 764,69 Federal grants 1,984,07		Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	(Negative)	Actual
Impact fees/assessments \$ \$ \$ 7,651 \$ 7,651 \$ 15,47 Intergovernmental revenue Infrastructure tax 796,000 796,000 764,583 (31,417) 764,69 Federal grants 1,984,07	Resources (Inflows)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Intergovernmental revenue 796,000 796,000 764,583 (31,417) 764,69 Federal grants 1,984,07	Taxes, licenses and permits -					
Infrastructure tax 796,000 796,000 764,583 (31,417) 764,69 Federal grants 1,984,07	Impact fees/assessments	\$	\$	\$ 7,651	\$ 7,651	\$ 15,470
Federal grants 1,984,07						
	Infrastructure tax	796,000	796,000	764,583	(31,417)	764,697
Public safety grants 37,500 37,500 37,834 334 224,91						1,984,074
	Public safety grants					224,917
	Environmental grants	769,795	769,795			3,550
		224,215	224,215	410,223	186,008	438,219
				40,986	40,986	23,594
						800
Proceeds from sale of capital assets 1,095,000 1,095,000 131 (1,094,869) 9,80	Proceeds from sale of capital assets	1,095,000	(1,094,869)	9,800		
Amounts Available for Appropriations 2,922,510 2,922,510 1,265,299 (1,657,211) 3,465,12	Amounts Available for Appropriations	2,922,510	2,922,510	1,265,299	(1,657,211)	3,465,121
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)	Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)					
Current	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
General government	General government					
Finance and administration supplies 1,72	Finance and administration supplies					1,726
1.72						1,726
Public Safety	Public Safety					,
Fire Department and Protective Inspections	•					
				30,429	(30,429)	17,323
**	11			30.429	(30,429)	17,323
Transportation	Transportation			50,.25	(50, .25)	17,828
Public Works	*					
				3.891	(3.891)	6,855
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11					6,855
				3,071	(5,651)	
Total Current Charges to Appropriations 34,320 (34,320) 25,90	Total Current Charges to Appropriations			34,320	(34,320)	25,904
Capital outlay	Capital outlay					
General government						
Legislative						
Equipment 84,650 84,650 84,650	•	84.650	84,650		84.650	
Finance and administration	* *	,	,		,	
		16,230	23,730	3,415	20,315	1,601
· · · — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	• •					

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023)

		2023			
	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	(Negative)	Actual
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows) (continued)					
Public Safety					
Fire Department					
Land purchases	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 711,110
Building improvements	1,418,550	6,798,750	6,342,140	456,610	4,423,844
Equipment	66,425	132,375	271,860	(139,485)	182,163
Vehicle	50,000	50,000 6,981,125	6,614,000	<u>50,000</u> <u>367,125</u>	1,270,310
Protective inspections				,	
Building improvements					125,395
Equipment	4,700	45,700	30,682	15,018	98,818
	4,700	45,700	30,682	15,018	224,213
Total Public Safety	1,539,675	7,026,825	6,644,682	382,143	6,811,640
Transportation - public works					
Building improvements	729,725	729,725	41,450	688,275	33,577
Recreation	137,000	137,000		137,000	16,300
Equipment	4,000	4,000		4,000	7,394
Vehicle			52,948	(52,948)	
Land purchases			6,484	(6,484)	
Highways, streets and bridges	80,000	100,000	69,382	30,618	327,824
Total Transportation - Public Works	950,725	970,725	170,264	800,461	385,095
Physical environment					
Visioning / beautification	900,000	900,000	205,181	694,819	76,094
Flood control	75,000	75,000	3,274	71,726	39,790
Total Physical environment	975,000	975,000	208,455	766,545	115,884
Total Capital Outlay Charges to Appropriations	3,566,280	9,080,930	7,026,816	2,054,114	7,314,220
Debt service					
Principal retirement	533,000	533,000	533,000		243,000
Interest	372,760	372,760	372,760		177,271
Debt issuance costs					36,808
Total Debt Service	905,760	905,760	905,760		457,079
Total Charges to Appropriations	4,472,040	9,986,690	7,966,896	2,019,794	7,797,203
Excess (Deficiency) of Resources Over					
Charges to Appropriations	(1,549,530)	(7,064,180)	(6,701,597)	362,583	(4,332,082)
Other Financing Sources					
Bond proceeds					9,900,000
Transfer in	205,980	205,980	246,535	40,555	213,184
Total Other Financing Sources	205,980	205,980	246,535	40,555	10,113,184
Net Change	(1,343,550)	(6,858,200)	(6,455,062)	403,138	5,781,102
Fund Balance - Beginning	12,188,205	12,188,205	12,188,205		6,407,103
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 10,844,655	\$ 5,330,005	\$ 5,733,143	\$ 403,138	\$ 12,188,205

(continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023)

Explanation of Differences Between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenses		
Sources / Inflows of Resources		
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriations" from		
the budgetary comparison schedule.	\$	1,265,299
Differences - budget to GAAP:		
Proceeds from sale of surplus capital assets are inflows of budgetary		
resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes.		(131)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,		
and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	1,265,168
Uses/Outflows of Resources		
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from		
the budgetary comparison schedule.	\$	7,966,896
Differences - budget to GAAP:	•	, ,
None		
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,	-	
and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	7,966,896
and changes in fund varances - governmental funds	Ψ	7,900,090

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SEWER FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023)

	2024								 2023
		Budgeted Original	Amounts Final		Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		Actual
Resources (Inflows)						<u> </u>			
Charges for services Interest earned	\$	1,758,160 71,200	\$	1,758,160 71,200	\$	1,708,915 100,582	\$	(49,245) 29,382	\$ 1,498,424 71,700
Amount Available for Appropriation		1,829,360		1,829,360		1,809,497		(19,863)	 1,570,124
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)									
Supervisory services		78,145		78,145		65,121		13,024	69,600
Utilities		13,200		13,200		12,499		701	12,530
City of St. Petersburg:									
Sewer processing		1,287,225		1,287,225		1,494,614		(207,389)	1,190,734
Sewer administration charge		3,465		3,465		3,275		190	3,258
Insurance		17,500		17,500		17,500			11,500
Audit		3,950		3,950		3,950			3,540
Repairs, maintenance, renewals									
and replacement		207,900		207,900		51,743		156,157	47,143
Capital outlay		180,000		180,000				180,000	
Administrative service charge		35,175		35,175		29,313		5,862	34,465
Miscellaneous		3,500		3,500		3,363		137	 3,074
Total Charges to Appropriations		1,830,060		1,830,060		1,681,378		148,682	 1,375,844
Excess (Deficiency) of Resources									
Over Charges to Appropriations	\$	(700)	\$	(700)	\$	128,119	\$	128,819	\$ 194,280

Actual amounts (budgetary basis) total charges to appropriations from	
the budgetary comparison schedule.	\$ 1,681,378
Differences - budget to GAAP:	
Depreciation	 145,592
Total expenses as reported on the statement of revenues, expenses,	
and changes in net position - proprietary funds	\$ 1,826,970

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE RECLAIMED WATER

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023)

		2023			
	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Actual
Resources (Inflows)	Original	1 11141	(Budgetary Basis)	(ivegative)	Actual
Charges for services	\$ 277,500	\$ 277,500	\$ 277,173	\$ (327)	\$ 251,997
Interest earned	71,300	71,300	93,803	22,503	81,391
interest earned	/1,300	/1,500	93,803	22,303	61,391
Amount Available for Appropriation					
	348,800	348,800	370,976	22,176	333,388
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)					
Supervisory services	60,210	60,210	50,175	10,035	53,830
City of St. Petersburg:				.,	,
Administration charge	600	600	578	22	575
Pinellas County:					
Reclaimed water	112,815	112,815	98,345	14,470	106,032
Audit	1,065	1,065	1,065		970
Consultants	1,000	1,000	,	1,000	
Repairs, maintenance, renewals	,	,,,,,		,,,,,	
and replacement	35,000	35,000	10,658	24,342	849
Capital outlay					
Administrative service charge	17,305	17,305	14,421	2,884	16,990
Other - contingencies	120,805	120,805		120,805	
Total Charges to Appropriations	348,800	348,800	175,242	173,558	179,246
Excess (Deficiency) of Resources					
Over Charges to Appropriations	\$	\$	\$ 195,734	\$ 195,734	\$ 154,142
Explanation of Differences Between Buc Revenues and Expenses	dgetary Inflows ar	nd Outflows and G	AAP		

Uses /Outflows of Resources

oses / Outilows of Resources	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from	
the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 175,242
Differences - budget to GAAP:	
Depreciation	 112,211
Total expenses as reported on the statement of revenues, expenses,	
and changes in net position - proprietary funds	\$ 287,453

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - DEEPWATER HORIZON - BP OIL SPILL SETTLEMENT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Revenues Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill Settlement	\$
Expenditures Operating - Legal and related settlement costs	 <u></u>
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	
Fund Balance - Beginning	 76,206
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 76,206
Reflected in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet as: Fund Balance - General Fund Unassigned	\$ 76,206

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND

		Septem	nber 3	0,
		2024		2023
Assets Cash, cash equivalents and				
pooled cash and investments Receivables - other	\$	6,624,577 6,836	\$	5,170,026 4,134
Due from other governments		82,793		23,202
Inventory of supplies Prepaid expenditures	_	14,800 55,001		11,403 43,236
Total Assets	\$	6,784,007	<u>\$</u>	5,252,001
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	174,747	\$	150,183
Accrued liabilities Due to other funds		303,338 67,202		220,583
Due to other rands		01,202		
Total Liabilities		545,287		370,766
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unearned revenue		43,826		55,181
Total Deferred Inflows		43,826		55,181
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows		589,113		425,947
Fund Balances Nonspendable:				
Inventories and prepaids		71,110		54,640
Unassigned		6,123,784		4,771,414
Total Fund Balances		6,194,894		4,826,054
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	\$	6,784,007	\$	5,252,001

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND

		30,		
		2024		2023
Assets Cash, cash equivalents and pooled cash and investments Receivables - other Due from other governments	\$	6,302,201 5,000 61,401	\$	12,753,318
Total Assets	\$	6,368,602	\$	12,753,318
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	628,139	\$	394,577
Retainage payable		7,320		170,536
Total Liabilities		635,459		565,113
Fund Balances				
Restricted for:		5 500 140		10 100 005
Infrastructure		5,733,143		12,188,205
Total Fund Balances		5,733,143		12,188,205
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	6,368,602	\$	12,753,318



STATISTICAL SECTION

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Statistical schedules differ from financial statements because they usually cover more than one fiscal year and may present non-accounting data. These schedules reflect social and economic data, and financial trends of the government.

The City of South Pasadena's Charter makes no provision for a general obligation legal debt margin.

The City of South Pasadena has had no special assessment collections during the last ten fiscal years.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	93-99
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	100-103
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	104-106
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	107-108
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	109-111
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.



SCHEDULE 1

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	(Restated) 2022	2023	2024
Governmental Activities Net investment in capital assets	\$ 7,199,435	\$ 7,248,467	\$ 7,776,157	\$ 7,471,268	\$ 7,208,370	\$ 7,198,510	\$ 6,977,639	\$ 7,325,320	\$ 10,774,691	\$ 10,658,778
Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	4,313,043 690,581	4,569,676 860,223	4,174,483 523,370	4,673,236 362,827	5,201,648 155,304	5,444,363 (440,226)	5,882,882 (312,921)	6,407,103 (14,368)	12,188,205 (5,861,590)	5,733,143 1,610,563
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 12,203,059	\$ 12,678,366	\$ 12,474,010	\$ 12,507,331	\$ 12,565,322	\$ 12,202,647	\$ 12,547,600	\$ 13,718,055	\$ 17,101,306	\$ 18,002,484
Business-Type Activities Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	\$ 2,686,418 2,766,363	\$ 2,550,469 2,734,889	\$ 2,310,729 2,853,010	\$ 2,070,929 3,060,234	\$ 1,940,537 3,210,911	\$ 1,694,679 3,544,880	\$ 1,538,523 3,649,615	\$ 1,351,659 3,889,471	\$ 1,381,231 3,952,964	\$ 1,277,440 4,122,805
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$ 5,452,781	\$ 5,285,358	\$ 5,163,739	\$ 5,131,163	\$ 5,151,448	\$ 5,239,559	\$ 5,188,138	\$ 5,241,130	\$ 5,334,195	\$ 5,400,245
Primary Government										
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 9,885,853 4,313,043 3,456,944	\$ 9,798,936 4,569,676 3,595,112	\$ 10,086,886 4,174,483 3,376,380	\$ 9,542,197 4,673,236 3,423,061	\$ 9,148,907 5,201,648 3,366,215	\$ 8,893,189 5,444,363 3,104,654	\$ 8,516,162 5,882,882 3,336,694	\$ 8,676,979 6,407,103 3,875,103	\$ 12,155,922 12,188,205 (1,908,626)	\$ 11,936,218 5,733,143 5,733,368
Total Primary Government Activities Net Position	\$ 17,655,840	\$ 17,963,724	\$ 17,637,749	\$ 17,638,494	\$ 17,716,770	\$ 17,442,206	\$ 17,735,738	\$ 18,959,185	\$ 22,435,501	\$ 23,402,729

SCHEDULE 2

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

								(Restated)		
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 808,125	\$ 804,196	\$ 840,118	\$ 887,455	\$ 999,635	\$ 1,043,304	\$ 970,276	\$ 1,160,989	\$ 1,295,451	\$ 1,400,327
Public safety - Police	1,023,307	881,550	772,949	786,522	810,378	834,420	856,752	885,672	924,072	1,028,001
Public safety - Fire	2,185,829	2,331,312	2,558,760	2,633,364	2,838,432	3,167,311	3,121,082	3,111,920	3,791,779	4,251,247
Public safety - Protective inspections	353,270	369,046	369,852	397,196	458,251	420,474	422,863	519,097	721,895	707,785
Transportation - Public Works Human services	879,520 5,795	931,613 3,286	926,658 4,223	1,014,262 10,162	992,511 9,402	1,044,856 10,829	944,246 6,417	1,044,054 7,324	1,242,097 9,448	1,305,248 9,114
Culture and recreation	72,858	62,198	62,164	54,475	56,469	50,905	53,236	70,546	74,843	112,088
Physical environment	90,854	108,423	110,779	156,794	156,934	166,398	180,716	208,683	177,210	322,494
Interest	66	2						1,671	178,393	372,760
Issuance costs on long-term debt									36,808	
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	5,419,624	5,491,626	5,645,503	5,940,229	6,322,011	6,738,497	6,555,588	7,009,956	8,451,996	9,509,064
Business-type activities:										
Sewer	991,172	1,027,658	1,082,192	1,025,922	1,174,549	1,248,053	1,422,861	1,453,909	1,518,990	1,826,970
Reclaimed water	179,451	195,261	191,780	212,074	188,877	211,695	246,654	264,462	291,457	287,453
Total business-type activities expenses	1,170,623	1,222,919	1,273,972	1,237,996	1,363,426	1,459,748	1,669,515	1,718,371	1,810,447	2,114,423
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 6,590,247	\$ 6,714,545	\$ 6,919,475	\$ 7,178,225	\$ 7,685,437	\$ 8,198,245	\$ 8,225,103	\$ 8,728,327	\$ 10,262,443	\$ 11,623,487
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services	\$ 689,326	\$ 857,705	\$ 397,383	\$ 513,550	\$ 495,840	\$ 393,349	\$ 546,156	\$ 498,145	\$ 736,714	\$ 705,414
Operating grants and contributions	810,767	730,936	744,612	819,272	869,746	928,742	1,046,504	1,582,602	3,290,707	1,216,358
Capital grants and contributions	3,880	200,204								
Total Governmental Activities Program										
Revenues	1,503,973	1,788,845	1,141,995	1,332,822	1,365,586	1,322,091	1,592,660	2,080,747	4,027,421	1,921,772
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services	1,065,857	1,046,723	1,133,811	1,166,250	1,323,268	1,518,803	1,615,696	1,750,295	1,750,421	1,986,088
Total business-type activities program revenues	1,065,857	1,046,723	1,133,811	1,166,250	1,323,268	1,518,803	1,615,696	1,750,295	1,750,421	1,986,088
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 2,569,830	\$ 2,835,568	\$ 2,275,806	\$ 2,499,072	\$ 2,688,854	\$ 2,840,894	\$ 3,208,356	\$ 3,831,042	\$ 5,777,842	\$ 3,907,860
Not (Evnonso)/Dayonyo										
Net (Expense)/Revenue	e (2.015 (51)	e (2.702.701)	e (4.502.500)	e (4 (07 407)	e (4.05(425)	e (5.416.406)	e (4.062.020)	e (4.020.200)	e (4.424.575)	e (7.597.303)
Governmental activities net expense	\$ (3,915,651)	\$ (3,702,781)	\$ (4,503,508)	\$ (4,607,407)	\$ (4,956,425)	\$ (5,416,406)	\$ (4,962,928)	\$ (4,929,209)	\$ (4,424,575)	\$ (7,587,292)
Business-type activities net revenue	(104,766)	(176,196)	(140,161)	(71,746)	(40,158)	59,055	(53,819)	31,924	(60,026)	(128,335)
Total primary government net expense	\$ (4,020,417)	\$ (3,878,977)	\$ (4,643,669)	\$ (4,679,153)	\$ (4,996,583)	\$ (5,357,351)	\$ (5,016,747)	\$ (4,897,285)	\$ (4,484,601)	\$ (7,715,627)

SCHEDULE 2

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

								(Restated)		
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
General Revenues and Other Changes										
in Net Position										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Ad valorem	\$ 894,391	\$ 1,570,705	\$ 1,730,425	\$ 1,820,247	\$ 2,095,658	\$ 2,216,228	\$ 2,514,741	\$ 2,970,495	\$ 3,868,420	\$ 4,438,935
Franchise fees	490,429	467,936	473,192	509,999	533,672	522,323	530,215	563,914	586,210	610,459
Utility taxes	632,972	648,746	650,481	663,585	703,744	733,155	734,185	767,546	828,575	833,028
Communication services tax	241,330	231,531	233,979	247,881	212,307	190,185	164,739	160,106	178,071	128,516
Sales tax - infrastructure	534,832	563,632	581,267	609,637	643,325	584,673	629,401	737,769	764,697	764,583
Half-cent sales tax	307,159	319,883	321,020	329,118	334,408	316,827	363,983	407,783	453,437	439,287
Local option gas tax	78,796	81,708	81,739	75,738	71,246	65,364	66,504	67,968	68,723	67,533
Other taxes	62,494	64,689	58,273	60,288	18,898	102,689	64,177	66,945	82,877	94,644
State revenue sharing	159,685	160,186	161,033	161,955	165,471	161,155	169,368	211,715	229,843	222,542
Investment income	23,944	23,319	48,881	97,760	148,657	74,652	7,213	64,862	638,930	739,766
Change in fair value of investments	3,231	7,161	8,176	13,951	33,454	28,185	117	(11,158)	42,761	74,495
Miscellaneous	37,694	38,592	52,016	50,569	53,576	58,295	63,238	68,081	65,282	74,682
Deepwater Horizon - BP Oil spill settlement	131,898									
Total Governmental Activities	3,598,855	4,178,088	4,400,482	4,640,728	5,014,416	5,053,731	5,307,881	6,076,026	7,807,826	8,488,470
Business-type activities										
Investment income	7,556	8,773	18,542	39,170	60,443	29,056	2,398	21,068	153,091	194,385
Total business-type activities	7,556	8,773	18,542	39,170	60,443	29,056	2,398	21,068	153,091	194,385
Total Primary Government	\$ 3,606,411	\$ 4,186,861	\$ 4,419,024	\$ 4,679,898	\$ 5,074,859	\$ 5,082,787	\$ 5,310,279	\$ 6,097,094	\$ 7,960,917	\$ 8,682,855
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$ (316,796)	\$ 475,307	\$ (103,026)	\$ 33,321	\$ 57,991	\$ (362,675)	\$ 344,953	\$ 1,146,817	\$ 3,383,251	\$ 901,178
Business-type activities	(97,210)	(167,423)	(121,619)	(32,576)	20,285	88,111	(51,421)	52,992	93,065	66,050
Total Primary Government	\$ (414,006)	\$ 307,884	\$ (224,645)	\$ 745	\$ 78,276	\$ (274,564)	\$ 293,532	\$ 1,199,809	\$ 3,476,316	\$ 967,228

SCHEDULE 3

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	(Restated)	2023	2024
General Fund Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	\$ 26,041 1,651 137,095 2,099,926	\$ 24,403 1,651 104,340 2,467,165	\$ 32,486 2,651 160,230 2,490,642	\$ 38,991 2,651 126,280 2,723,043	\$ 42,544 1,651 208,260 2,845,909	\$ 73,005 1,651 133,165 2,875,270	\$ 84,106 214,390 2,985,194	\$ 45,337 3,510,623	\$ 54,639 4,771,415	\$ 71,110 6,123,784
Total General Fund	\$ 2,264,713	\$ 2,597,559	\$ 2,686,009	\$ 2,890,965	\$ 3,098,364	\$ 3,083,091	\$ 3,283,690	\$ 3,555,960	\$ 4,826,054	\$ 6,194,894
All Other Governmental Funds Restricted Assigned to: Capital improvement projects	\$ 4,311,392 455,073	\$ 4,568,025 433,616	\$ 4,171,832 <u>387,876</u>	\$ 4,670,585 240,878	\$ 5,199,997 200,255	\$ 5,442,712 66,806	\$ 5,882,882	\$ 6,407,103	\$ 12,188,205 	\$ 5,733,143
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 4,766,465	\$ 5,001,641	\$ 4,559,708	\$ 4,911,463	\$ 5,400,252	\$ 5,509,518	\$ 5,882,882	\$ 6,407,103	\$ 12,188,205	\$ 5,733,143

SCHEDULE 4

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	(Restated) 2022	2023	2024
_					- 1					
Revenues Taxes Licenses and permits	\$ 2,272,072 381,410	\$ 2,921,293 551,956	\$ 3,088,677 360,643	\$ 3,246,996 476,897	\$ 3,546,478 475,885	\$ 3,668,516 375,713	\$ 3,971,331 511,552	\$ 4,462,061 483,970	\$ 5,476,746 705,406	\$ 6,018,589 687,714
Intergovernmental revenue Fines and forfeitures Interest	1,957,613 288,141 23,944	2,121,238 298,600 23,319	1,946,944 26,742 48,881	2,056,008 21,062 97,760	2,103,094 7,523 148,657	2,159,450 5,181 74,652	2,334,737 4,996 7,213	3,074,382 3,718 64,862	4,889,484 3,961 638,930	2,797,296 3,500 739,766
Change in fair value of investments Rent Miscellaneous revenue	3,231 6,093 38,426	7,161 3,600 39,766	8,176 8,600 49,114	13,951 9,950 50,926	33,454 11,335 53,576	28,185 5,830 58,295	117 1,400 69,195	(11,158) 5,500 73,438	42,761 10,236 67,723	74,495 14,200 74,682
Miscenaneous revenue	38,420	39,700	49,114	30,920	33,370	38,293	09,193	/3,436	67,723	74,082
Total revenues	4,970,930	5,966,933	5,537,777	5,973,550	6,380,002	6,375,822	6,900,541	8,156,773	11,835,247	10,410,242
Expenditures										
General government Public safety	777,213 3,464,592	735,542 3,365,382	736,468 3,312,183	771,751 3,540,403	810,750 3,796,629	853,883 4,014,598	929,722 4,198,257	1,015,157 4,468,212	1,058,651 4,778,315	1,179,577 5,194,820
Transportation - public works Human services	759,608 4,500	787,372 2,000	757,592 4,000	754,024 4,000	790,564 3,000	858,725 4,650	852,793 3,500	911,913 3,500	1,006,384 6,000	1,135,175 2,750
Culture and recreation Physical environment Capital outlay	32,476 586,334	24,960 482,967	27,577 14,228 1,043,912	25,825 99,233 221,963	28,469 4,229 250,173	21,479 4,953 523,541	17,632 8,156 316,518	32,912 36,313 860,374	36,598 7,314,219	41,501 7,037,012
Debt service Principal retirement	4,061	686	1,043,912	221,903	230,173	323,341	310,318	34,935	278,483	533,000
Interest and fiscal charges Issuance costs	66	2						1,671	178,393 36,808	372,760
Total Expenditures	5,628,850	5,398,911	5,895,960	5,417,199	5,683,814	6,281,829	6,326,578	7,364,987	14,693,851	15,496,595
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(657,920)	568,022	(358,183)	556,351	696,188	93,993	573,963	791,786	(2,858,604)	(5,086,353)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from sale of surplus capital assets			4,700	360				4,705	9,800	131
Proceeds from issuance of debt Deepwater Horizons - BP Oil spill settlement	131,898								9,900,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	131,898		4,700	360				4,705	9,909,800	131
Net Change in Fund Balances	(526,022)	568,022	(353,483)	556,711	696,188	93,993	573,963	796,491	7,051,196	(5,086,222)
Fund Balances - Beginning Fund Balances - Ending	7,839,585	7,313,563	7,599,200	7,245,717	7,802,428	8,498,616	8,592,609	9,166,572	9,963,063	17,014,259
runu Daiances - Enunig	\$ 7,313,563	\$ 7,881,585	\$ 7,245,717	\$ 7,802,428	\$ 8,498,616	\$ 8,592,609	\$ 9,166,572	\$ 9,963,063	\$ 17,014,259	\$ 11,928,037
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.6%	6.7%	10.7%

SCHEDULE 5

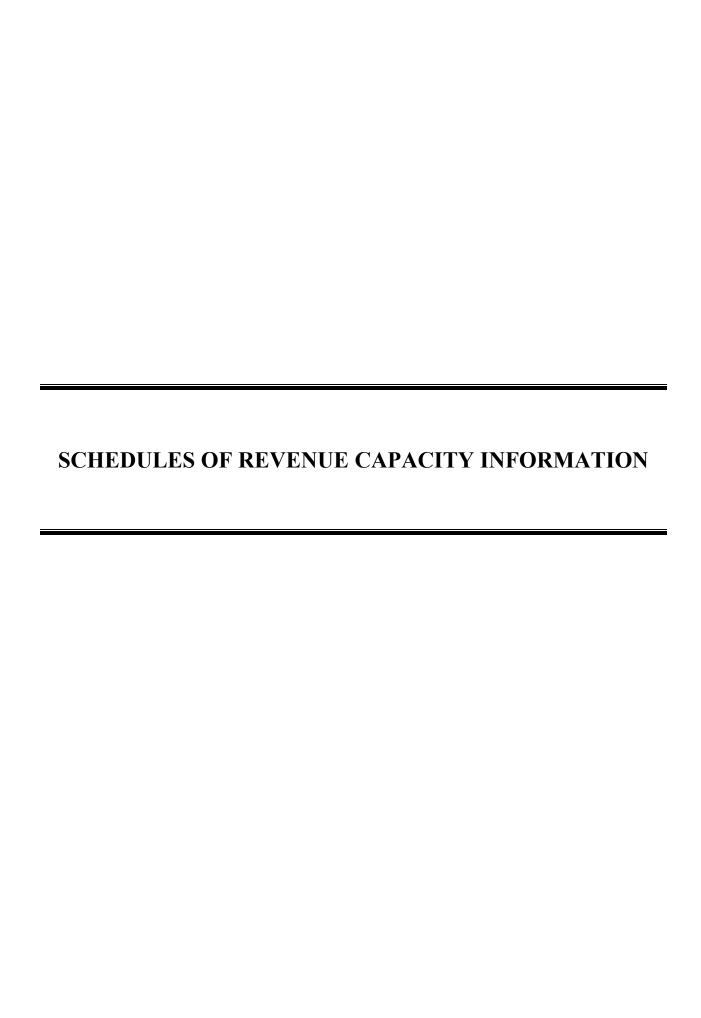
PROGRAM REVENUE BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	(Restated) 2022	2023	2024
	2015	2010	2017	2010	2017	2020	2021	2022	2025	2021
Function / Program										
Governmental Activities :										
Charges for services										
General government	\$ 105,754	\$ 87,309	\$ 97,102	\$ 105,383	\$ 104,819	\$ 107,872	\$ 108,501	\$ 98,234	\$ 118,052	\$ 123,982
Public safety - Police	288,141	298,600	26,742	21,062	7,523	5,181	4,996	3,718	3,961	3,500
Public safety - Protective inspections	289,339	468,196	264,939	377,155	372,163	274,466	431,259	390,693	604,465	563,732
Culture and recreation	6,092	3,600	8,600	9,950	11,335	5,830	1,400	5,500	10,236	14,200
Total Charges for Services	689,326	857,705	397,383	513,550	495,840	393,349	546,156	498,145	736,714	705,414
Operating grants and contributions										
General government					40,793	36,891	104,448	567,775	1,984,074	3,891
Public safety - Fire	810,767	730,936	743,612	813,282	825,974	888,216	933,226	1,014,427	1,302,283	1,212,467
Human services			1,000	·	·	·	·	· · · ·	· · · · ·	· · · · ·
Culture and recreation				5,990	2,979	963				
Physical environment						2,672	8,830	400	4,350	
Total Operating Grants and Contributions	810,767	730,936	744,612	819,272	869,746	928,742	1,046,504	1,582,602	3,290,707	1,216,358
Capital grants and contributions										
Public safety - Fire		196,418								
Culture and recreation	3,880	3,786								
Total capital grants and contributions	3,880	200,204								
Sub-Total Governmental Activities	1,503,973	1,788,845	1,141,995	1,332,822	1,365,586	1,322,091	1,592,660	2,080,747	4,027,421	1,921,772
Business-type activities: Charges for services										
Sewer	876,912	857,922	945,215	977,692	1,133,869	1,328,968	1,394,330	1,503,184	1,498,424	1,708,915
Reclaimed water	188,945	188,801	188,596	188,558	189,399	189,835	221,366	247,111	251,997	277,173
Total charges for services	1,065,857	1,046,723	1,133,811	1,166,250	1,323,268	1,518,803	1,615,696	1,750,295	1,750,421	1,986,088
Sub-total business-type activities	1,065,857	1,046,723	1,133,811	1,166,250	1,323,268	1,518,803	1,615,696	1,750,295	1,750,421	1,986,088
Total Primary Government Revenues	\$ 2,569,830	\$ 2,835,568	\$ 2,275,806	\$ 2,499,072	\$ 2,688,854	\$ 2,840,894	\$ 3,208,356	\$ 3,831,042	\$ 5,777,842	\$ 3,907,860

SCHEDULE 6

TAX REVENUE BY SOURCE, GENERAL FUND

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Ad Valorem		Franchise Fees		Utility Tax		Communications Service Tax		Total
2024	\$	4,438,935	\$	610,459	\$	833,028	\$	128,516	\$ 6,010,938
2023		3,868,420		586,210		828,575		178,071	5,461,276
2022		2,970,495		563,914		767,546		160,106	4,462,061
2021		2,514,741		530,215		734,185		164,739	3,943,880
2020		2,216,228		522,323		733,155		190,185	3,661,891
2019		2,095,658		533,672		703,744		212,307	3,545,381
2018		1,820,247		509,999		663,585		247,881	3,241,712
2017		1,730,425		473,192		650,481		233,979	3,088,077
2016		1,570,705		467,936		648,746		231,531	2,918,918
2015		894,391		490,429		632,972		241,330	2,259,122



SCHEDULE 7

ASSESSED VALUE AND ACRUAL VALUE OF TAXAB:E PROPERTY

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Governmental Property	Institutional Property	Other Real Property	Personal Property	Total Assessed Value	Less : Tax-Exempt Property and Assessed Value Differentials	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
2024	\$ 1,111,379,208	\$ 139,839,617	\$ 9,383,460	\$ 58,060,323	\$ 515,295	\$ 39,222,498	\$ 1,358,400,401	\$ 451,581,005	\$ 906,819,396	5.0638
2023	981,025,663	123,165,826	8,864,517	60,840,044	473,537	36,578,433	1,210,948,020	395,585,523	815,362,497	4.9650
2022	750,534,327	111,799,966	6,031,034	57,739,560	424,290	35,333,625	961,862,802	232,267,330	729,595,472	4.2474
2021	700,467,745	109,291,465	5,574,192	59,344,003	340,345	35,116,663	910,134,413	220,058,136	690,076,277	3.7806
2020	679,175,520	102,573,317	5,039,636	57,433,419	306,241	32,506,362	877,034,495	220,500,019	656,534,476	3.5000
2019	650,233,004	93,190,898	4,876,837	55,424,780	328,937	36,112,949	840,167,405	216,587,668	623,579,737	3.5000
2018	604,199,011	90,577,695	4,363,171	53,634,619	241,263	30,317,874	783,333,633	202,539,441	580,794,192	3.2500
2017	554,928,355	88,608,662	3,588,527	57,196,449	210,427	30,406,520	734,938,940	184,848,867	550,090,073	3.2500
2016	519,146,873	84,195,176	3,108,304	36,473,740	209,884	30,100,445	673,234,422	172,125,048	501,109,374	3.2500
2015	470,490,791	74,575,275	2,999,066	36,606,693	209,236	27,467,331	612,348,392	151,684,702	460,663,690	2.0105

Source: Pinellas County Property Appraiser

SCHEDULE 8

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (RATES PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUE)

		Pinellas County			Pinellas County School Board			Other Taxing Districts							
E' 1			N	TT 1/1	Total	Ct. t	т 1	Total	T :	Emerg.	Pinellas	Juvenile	SW Fla. Wtr.	Tr. 4.1	
Fiscal Year	City	Operating	Mosquito Control	Health Department	County - Operating	State School	Local School	School Board	Transit District	Medical Services	Planning Council	Welfare Board	Management District	Total Other	Total
1 cai	City	Operating	Control	Берагинен	Operating	School	Belloof	Board	District	Bervices	Council	Dourd	District	Other	Total
2024	5.0638	4.7398	0.0000	0.0713	4.8111	3.1900	2.7480	5.9380	0.7500	0.8418	0.0210	0.8250	0.2043	1.8921	18.4550
2023	4.9650	4.7398	0.0000	0.0790	4.8188	3.2150	2.7480	5.9630	0.7500	0.8775	0.0210	0.8508	0.2260	1.9753	18.4721
2022	4.2474	5.1302	0.0000	0.0790	5.2092	3.5770	2.7480	6.3250	0.7500	0.9158	0.0150	0.8981	0.2535	2.0824	18.6140
2021	3.7806	5.2755	0.0000	0.0835	5.3590	3.6790	2.7480	6.4270	0.7500	0.9158	0.0150	0.8981	0.2669	2.0958	18.4124
2020	3.5000	5.2755	0.0000	0.0835	5.3590	3.8360	2.7480	6.5840	0.7500	0.9158	0.0150	0.8981	0.2801	2.1090	18.3020
2019	3.5000	5.2755	0.0000	0.0835	5.3590	3.9790	2.7480	6.7270	0.7500	0.9158	0.0150	0.8981	0.2955	2.1244	18.4604
2018	3.2500	5.2755	0.0000	0.0835	5.3590	4.2610	2.7480	7.0090	0.7500	0.9158	0.0150	0.8981	0.3131	2.1420	18.5100
2017	3.2500	5.2755	0.0000	0.0622	5.3377	4.5700	2.7480	7.3180	0.7500	0.9158	0.0150	0.8981	0.3317	2.1606	18.8163
2016	3.2500	5.2755	0.0000	0.0622	5.3377	5.0220	2.7480	7.7700	0.7305	0.9158	0.0160	0.8981	0.3488	2.1787	19.2669
2015	2.0105	5.2755	0.0000	0.0622	5.3377	5.0930	2.7480	7.8410	0.7305	0.9158	0.0160	0.8981	0.3658	2.1957	18.1154

Notes:

- 1. N/A The detail for certain overlapping property tax rates was not available.
- The Ad valorem tax rate for the City of South Pasadena pertains to operating expenditures only, and therefore, no further breakdown of the direct rate can be shown.

Source:

Pinellas County Tax Collector

SCHEDULE 9

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 AND NINE YEARS AGO (RATES PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUE)

		2024		2015			
	Taxable Assessed		Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed	Taxable Assessed		Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed	
Taxpayer D. J.	Value	Rank	Value	Value	Rank	Value	
Pasadena Ave Landlord / Fountains Property, Inc Majestic Towers	\$ 39,697,507	1	4.87%	\$ 22,614,217	1	5.20%	
Waters Pointe Apartments LLC	37,750,000	2	4.63%	19,000,000	3	4.37%	
Palms of Pasadena Hospital, Inc.	29,744,133	3	3.65%	22,536,094	2	5.18%	
South Pasadena R2G Owner, LLC	28,450,000	4	3.49%			0.00%	
Bay Pointe Tower Apartments LLC	13,500,000	5	1.66%			0.00%	
Causeway Village MHC LLC	14,144,921	6	1.73%	7,560,180	5	1.74%	
Pasadena Bayside LLC	11,525,000	7	1.41%			0.00%	
Extra Space Properties Two LLC	11,712,800	8	1.44%			0.00%	
Duke Energy Florida / Progress Energy	8,009,191	9	0.98%	5,379,385	8	1.24%	
Publix Super Markets	7,284,420	10	0.89%	6,485,418	6	1.49%	
V.V. FL, Inc. (Pasadena Shopping Center)				11,901,151	4	2.74%	
Serenity at St. Petersburg LLC				5,940,000	7	1.37%	
Denasan LLC (Sweetbay)				4,175,000	9	0.96%	
N M E Hospitals Inc. (Pasadena Prof. Medical Bldg)				4,000,000	10	0.92%	
Total Principal Taxpayers	201,817,972		24.75%	109,591,445		25.20%	
All Other Taxpayers	613,544,525		75.25%	325,264,938		74.80%	
Total	\$ 815,362,497		100.00%	\$ 434,856,383		100.00%	

Source:

Pinellas County Property Appraiser

SCHEDULE 10

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

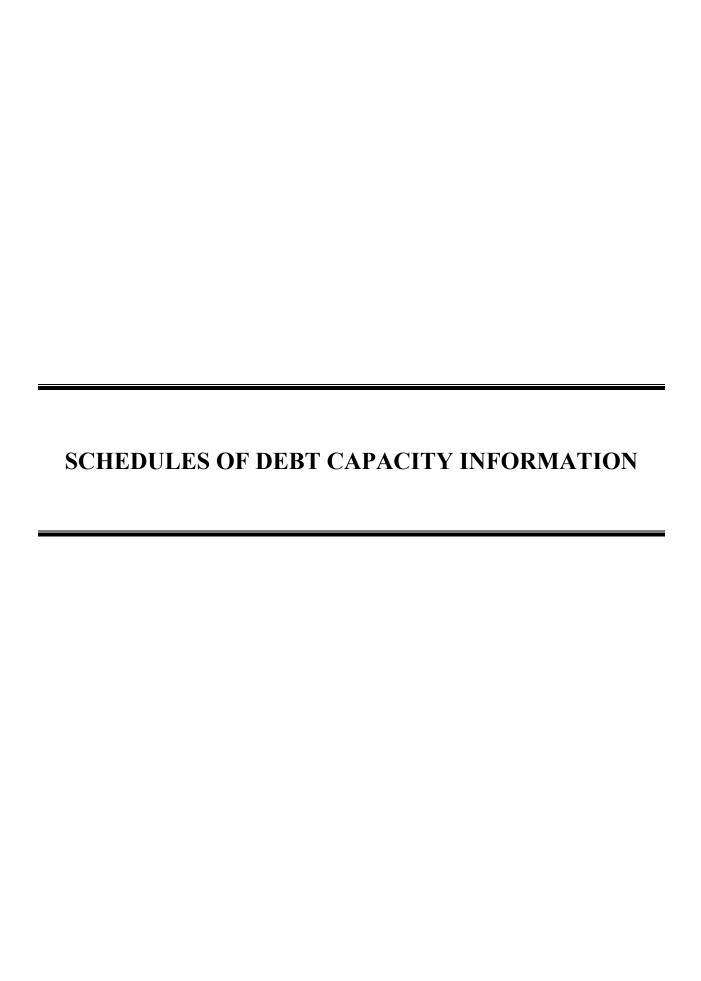
Fiscal Year	T	axes Levied	Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy					
Ended	for the				Percentage			
September 30,	I	Fiscal Year	Amount		of Levy			
2024	\$	4,591,952	\$	4,438,935	96.67%			
2023		4,048,275		3,868,420	95.56%			
2022		3,098,884		2,970,495	95.86%			
2021		2,608,903		2,514,741	96.39%			
2020		2,297,872		2,216,228	96.45%			
2019		2,185,025		2,095,658	95.91%			
2018		1,887,582		1,820,247	96.43%			
2017		1,787,793		1,730,425	96.79%			
2016		1,628,606		1,570,705	96.44%			
2015		926,164		894,391	96.57%			

Notes:

Subsequent year collections are minimal, therefore only total tax collected within the fiscal year is presented.

Source:

Pinellas County Property Appraiser



SCHEDULE 11

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Governmental Activities Capital Lease Obligation	Governmental Activities Revenue Bonds Payable	Governmental Activities Right-to Use Subscription Liability (SBITA)	Total Debt	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2024	\$	\$ 9,124,000	\$	\$ 9,124,000	0.519%	\$ 1,693
2023		9,657,000	36,041	9,693,041	0.577%	1,833
2022			71,524	71,524	0.004%	13
2021					0.000%	
2020					0.000%	
2019					0.000%	
2018					0.000%	
2017					0.000%	
2016					0.000%	
2015	686			686	0.000%	

Notes:

- 1. The Constitution of the State of Florida, Florida Statute 200.181 and the Charter of the City of South Pasadena, Florida set no legal debt margin.
- 2. The City did have any business-type activities debt during the ten year period.

SCHEDULE 12

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES DEBT

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	(1) Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Overlapping debt:			
Pinellas County SBITAs Outstanding (2)	\$ 5,077,200	0.733%	\$ 37,200
Pinellas County Leases (2)	30,540,960	0.733%	223,769
Pinellas County Notes Outstanding (2)		0.733%	
	\$ 35,618,160		260,968
City direct debt	\$ 9,693,041		9,693,041
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 9,954,009
Total direct and overlapping debt per capita			\$ 1,882

Note:

- (1) The City's share is calculated based on the ratio of the 2023 City Taxable Value of \$815,362,497 to the County's Taxable Value of \$110,826,846,451.
- (2) The City of South Pasadena is not responsible for the debt of the County.

Source:

Pinellas County Property Appraiser Pinellas County School Board

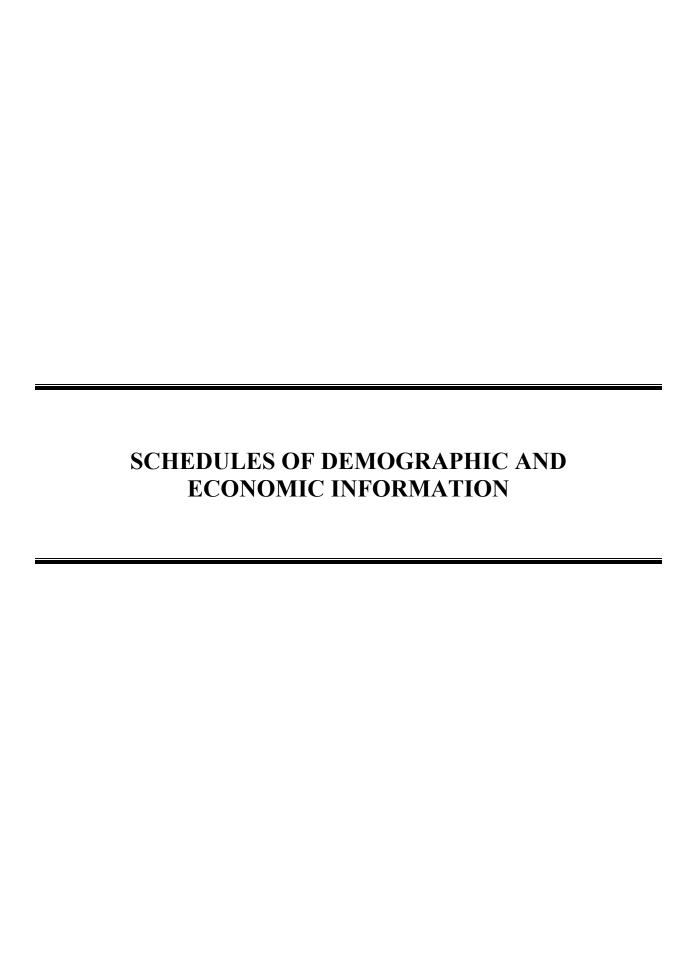
SCHEDULE 13

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE

Year	Revenue Source (1)	Less: Operating Expenses (2)	Add: Depreciation	Net Available Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2024	\$ 5,971,307	\$ 7,553,823	\$	\$ (1,582,516)	\$ 533,000	\$ 372,760	(1.75)
2023	7,966,827	6,885,948		1,080,879	278,483	178,393	2.37
2022							
2021							
2020							
2019							
2018							
2017							
2016							
2015							

⁽¹⁾ On April 14, 2023, the City issued the Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2023, in the amount of \$9,900,000. The bonds will be repaid from non-pledged, non-Ad Valorem revenues. There has been no specific revenue source pledged towards payment of the SBITA obligation. The revenue source amount includes all Governmental Funds' revenues excluding Ad-Valorem revenues. No new indebtedness has been issued for which specific revenue sources have been pledged.

⁽²⁾ Operating expenses include all Governmental Funds' expenditures exclusive of capital outlay expenditures.



SCHEDULE 14

DEMOGRAHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

	Per Capita											
				Personal		ersonal	Median	School	Unemployment			
_	Year	Population (1)		Income (2)	Income (1)		Age (3)	Enrollment (4)	Rate (5)			
	2024	5,389	\$	1,758,292,580	\$	55,544	69.8	91,021	3.60%			
	2023	5,288	\$	1,678,782,277	\$	46,038	70.5	93,702	3.10%			
	2022	5,319		1,604,008,439		38,954	70.5	95,446	2.50%			
	2021	5,342		1,469,989,593		38,931	70.5	96,068	3.50%			
	2020	5,358		1,378,872,247		38,803	70.6	99,798	5.50%			
	2019	5,344		1,325,891,784		40,801	70.4	100,987	2.70%			
	2018	5,245		1,249,843,004		38,890	70.2	101,824	3.00%			
	2017	5,317		1,201,817,154		38,718	69.6	103,481	3.50%			
	2016	5,153		1,153,032,216		36,359	69.5	103,768	4.50%			
	2015	5,123		1,095,696,663		31,377	69.5	103,391	4.70%			

Sources:

- (1) United States Census Bureau
- (2) U. S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis Numbers for Pinellas County used to approximate South Pasadena.
- (3) Pinellas County Economic Development Department.
- (4) Florida Department of Education elementary through high school for Pinellas County School District.
- (5) U. S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics.

SCHEDULE 15

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS, PINELLAS COUNTY

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

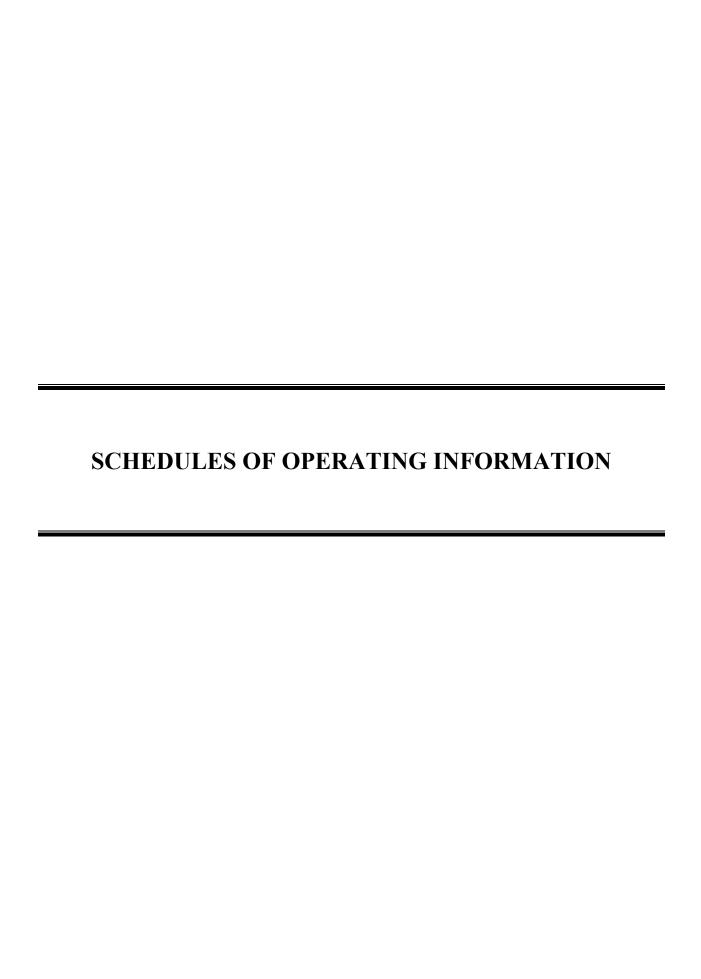
	2024	4	2014			
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employees	Rank		
Raymond James Financial	4,000	1	3,500	1		
Home Shopping Network	2,000	2	2,800	2		
Tech Data Corp.	2,000	3	1,500	7		
Spectrum / Bright House Networks	2,000	4	2,000	3		
Fidelity Information Svc.	1,500	5	1,800	4		
Nielsen Media Research	1,500	6	1,800	5		
Jabil Circuit Inc.	1,500	7	1,600	6		
Honeywell Aerospace	1,500	8	1,500	8		
Valpak Direct Marketing Systems	1,500	9				
Superior Uniform Group	1,000	10				
ThinkDirect Marketing Group			1,000	9		
Ceridian Benefits Services, Inc.			1,000	10		
	18,500		18,500			

Note:

Numbers are based on Pinellas County since numbers for South Pasadena are not available. The percentage of each employer's employment to the total is not presented as the total Pinellas County employment amount is not available.

Source:

Pinellas County Economic Development



SCHEDULE 16

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Full-time Equivalent Employees as of September 30,								
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Function / Program										
General government										
Legislative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Administration	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Financial Administration	4.0	3.5	3.75	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Fire										
Administration	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Fire Operations	18.0	18.0	17.0	17.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	16.0	15.0	15.0
Fire Inspections	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Works										
Administration	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Parks / Horticulture	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0
Bldg / Parks / Facility Maint.	7.0	7.0	6.0	6.0	4.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	4.0
Building Permitting / Licensing										
Administration	3.0	3.5	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Inspectors	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	0.75	0.75	0.5	-	-	1.0
Code Enforcement										
	42.00	42.00	39.75	38.00	36.75	38.75	39.50	37.00	36.00	36.00

Source:

City of South Pasadena Finance Department

SCHEDULE 17

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Function/Program										
Fire										
EMS responses	2,944	2,683	2,505	2,589	2,761	2,991	2,895	2,652	2,540	2,507
Fire dept. responses	591	619	504	483	518	497	503	755	783	702
Water										
New connections										
Avg. daily consumption										
(thousands of gallons)	479	486	502	496	512	437	470	480	461	469
Sewer										
Average daily flow (mgd)	0.55	0.46	0.47	0.51	0.49	0.50	0.52	0.52	0.55	0.53

Sources:

City of South Pasadena Fire and Public Works Departments

SCHEDULE 18

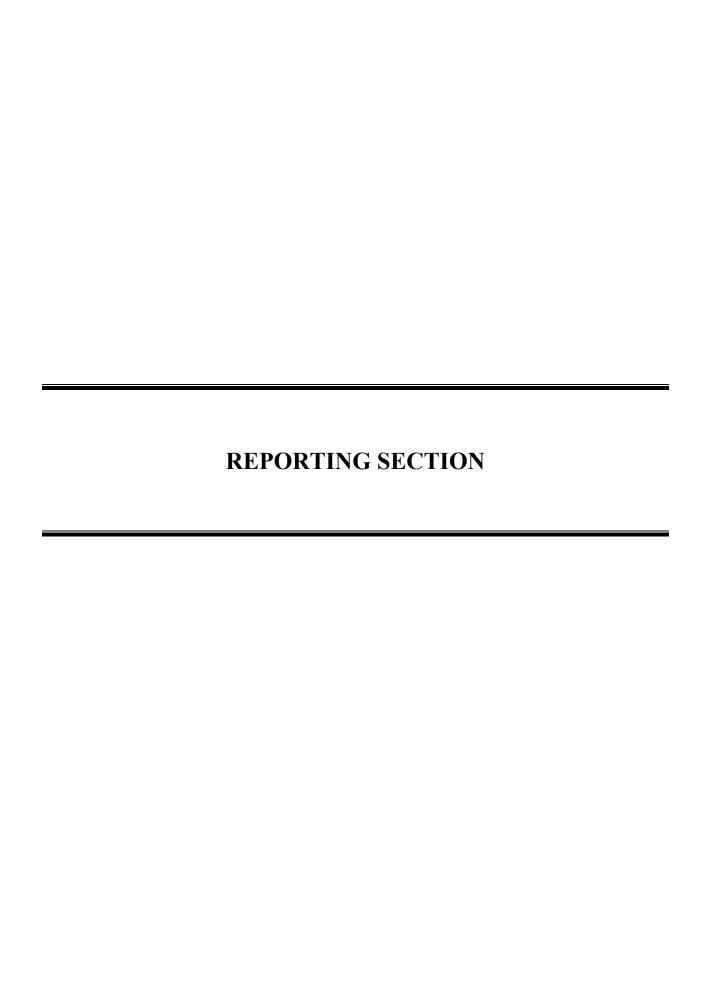
CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
Function/Program								-			
Police	Prov	vided by Pi	nellas Cou	nty Sheriff	s Departme	ent (two pa	trol cars pr	ovide 24-ho	our protecti	ion)	
Fire											
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Public works											
Streets (miles)	4.23	4.23	4.23	4.23	4.23	4.23	4.23	4.23	4.23	4.23	
Recreation											
Number of playgrounds	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Parks (acres)	3.32	3.32	3.32	3.32	3.32	3.32	3.32	3.32	3.32	3.32	
Tennis courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Water	Provided by the City of St. Petersburg										
Wastewater											
Sanitary sewers (miles)	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	
Treatment capacity (mgd)	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	

Sources:

City of South Pasadena Fire and Public Works Departments







201 East Kennedy Boulevard Suite 1500 Tampa, FL 33602

P: 813.397.4800

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Mayor, City Commission City of South Pasadena, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS") and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States ("*Government Auditing Standards*"), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of South Pasadena Florida (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 29, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the schedule of findings and responses as items SD2024-001 and SD2024-002 that we considered to be significant deficiencies.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as SD2024-001.

City's Response to Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The City's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CBIZ CPAs P.C.

Tampa, FL August 29, 2025

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDING

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

SD 2024-001 – NON-COMPLIANCE WITH FLORIDA STATUTES

Criteria

Section 218.39(1), Florida Statutes, requires that a local government shall have an annual financial audit of its accounts and records completed within nine (9) months after the end of its fiscal year.

Condition

The City did not issue and submit/file the September 30, 2024 financial statements with the Auditor General or the Annual Financial Report ("AFR") to the Florida Department of Financial Services by June 30, 2025, as required by Florida Statutes.

Cause

Issues related to the hurricane impacted the financial close process and delayed completion of the financial statements.

Effect

The City was not in compliance with the timely submission of the annual financial report to the Auditor General by June 30, 2025 as required by State Statute.

Recommendation

The City should ensure that adequate procedures and internal controls are in place to ensure that the financial statements are submitted in a timely manner. These controls should include controls requiring the reconciliation of account balances to the appropriate supporting documentation (e.g., general ledger, internal reports, note disclosures, etc.), the use of a disclosure checklist, and adequate training of staff with required accounting and financial reporting standards.

Views of Responsible Officials

The City of South Pasadena was heavily impacted by Hurricanes Helene and Milton. Addressing damage to City facilities, FEMA policies and reporting, and insurance processes/claims significantly affected workloads while reducing resources. The storm damage sustained by the community was unprecedented and ultimately impacted the financial close and audit timeline.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (CONTINUED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDING (Continued)

SD 2024-002 - FINANCIAL CLOSE

Criteria

The City should implement Accounting Policies and Procedures to ensure closing procedures are sufficient to produce accurate and reliable financial information. Such policies and procedures should consider establishing proper controls which are designed and implemented to address the financial close and reporting process of the City.

Condition

We noted that City's accounting and reporting processes and year-end financial close was delayed for the fiscal year 2024 audit. The timely preparation and issuance of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires the City to prepare information for the audit, including timely closing of the accounting records, reconciliations, preparation of workpapers to support the significant account balances and providing necessary documents needed for the auditors to perform their procedures.

Cause

There is no formal timetable for year-end closing procedures.

Effect

Lack of timely and complete financial reporting procedures increases the risk of inaccurate financial information and financial reporting errors that may not be identified in a timely manner.

Recommendation

We recommend that the City strengthen the year-end reconciliation and closing procedures to ensure financial accounts are reviewed and approved on a timely basis.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (CONTINUED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDING (CONTINUED)

SD 2024-002 – FINANCIAL CLOSE (CONTINUED)

View of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Action

Finance will develop a checklist and timetable of closing procedures, reconciliations and workpapers. During this fiscal year's audit, new workpapers were required to be prepared by city staff that were formerly prepared by our previous auditors. An evaluation of staffing or budgeting of overtime may need to be done to meet the expected timetable. Some reconciliations, such as fixed assets, may differ in time needed depending on complexity. The fiscal year 2024 reconciliation of fixed assets included the analysis of final Fire Station Construction work in process. The compilation and allocation of building and equipment cost took more staff time than normally required for fixed assets.

The City currently provides continuing education for finance staff, but specific areas of concentration will focus on compensated absences, OPEB and Pension Accounting and disclosures and Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements. Our new auditors have offered some in-house training available through the firm which the City would like to take advantage of.





201 East Kennedy Boulevard Suite 1500 Tampa, FL 33602

P: 813.397.4800

<u>Management Letter in Accordance with the</u> Rules of the Auditor General for the State of Florida

To the Honorable Mayor, City Commission City of South Pasadena, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of South Pasadena, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, and have issued our report thereon dated August 29, 2025.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, Schedule of Findings and Responses, and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedules, which are dated August 29, 2025, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding financial report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information is disclosed in Note 1 to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City as of September 30, 2024. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same. The results of our procedures disclosed no matters that are required to be reported. Our assessment was performed as of the fiscal year end.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did identify items SD2024-001 and SD2024-002 in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses.

Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill

Section 10.556(10)(e), Rules of the Auditor General, requires a determination of the City's compliance with Federal and State laws, regulations, contracts or grant agreements related to the receipt and expenditures of funds related to the Deepwater Horizon oil spill. The City's Deepwater Horizon oil spill funds received are unrestricted and, therefore, do not have related compliance requirements.

Property Assessed Clean Energy (PACE) Program

Section 10.554(1)(i)6.a., Rules of the Auditor General, requires a statement as to whether a PACE program authorized pursuant to Section 163.081 or Section 163.082, Florida Statutes, did/did not operate within the City's geographical boundaries during the fiscal year under audit. There was no PACE Program operating within the City's geographical boundaries.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units that failed to provide the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or fraud, waste, or abuse, that have occurred or is likely to have occurred, that has an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies and the City Commission and management of the City, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CBIZ CPAs P.C.

Tampa, FL August 29, 2025





201 East Kennedy Boulevard Suite 1500 Tampa, FL 33602

P: 813.397.4800

<u>Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance</u> Pursuant to Section 218.415, Florida Statutes

To the Honorable Mayor, City Commission and City Manager City of South Pasadena, Florida

We have examined the City of South Pasadena, Florida (the "City") compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, Local Government Investment Policies for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. Management of the City is responsible for the City's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the City complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

This report is intended to describe our testing of compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, and is not suitable for any other purpose.

CBIZ CPAs P.C.

Tampa, FL August 29, 2025